THE WEATHER.

Fair today and Monday; litle change in temperature.

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TURK NOW HAS HIS BACK TO THE WALL

Allies Continue to Crowd Back Boundaries of Ottoman Empire

SERVIANS CAPTURE USKUP

Turks Sustained Crushing Defeat—Lines Are Tightening Around Adrianople—Big Battle at Kirk Killisseh.

London, Oct. 26.—The swiftness and efficiency of the onward movement of the armies of the allied Balkan States is making Europe open her eyes. From the north and along the line from Greece on the south they are crowding back the boundaries of the Ottoman Empire in Europe. The oft-predicted and long delayed day when the Turks will have his back against the wall seems at hand.

The two pivotal points of Turkey's defense on the north were Adrianople and Uskup. The Bulgarian army in the east has defeated the Turks at Kirk Killisseh, which is the strongest outpost of Adrianople and appears to have almost invested that fortress.

The Servian army in the west walked into Uskup at 2 o'clock this afternoon without opposition. The Turkish garrison there withdrew on the railway towards Saloniki.

How far it intends to retreat and why, are questions. The only answer to the last question is that the strength and supplies of the garrison did not justify an attempt to make a stand.

There is no position between Uskup and Saloniki better suited for a battle than the one abandoned. The strategy apparently is to follow the line of the railway toward Saloniki.

Events about Adrianople are even more important. The Bulgarians apparently are proceeding successfully for investment fortresses. The Turkish army, which was defeated at Kirk Killisseh did not fall upon Adrianople, according to today's news, but took the road to the south, where it could connect with the railway to Constantinople. The second Bulgarian army followed through the mountains carrying on the fight all day in an endeavor to cut off the retreating forces.

The military critics are asking how many men Turkey has in Adrianople and how long they will be able to withstand a siege. There is a general belief that if the Bulgarian investment is completed and railway communication with Constantinople cut the Turks will be starved out within a month. In the meantime the Montenegrins are pushing their attack on Scutari. The Greeks have entered a few small towns in the course of their advance to the north.

The fact that Turkey apparently was taken by surprise and that her most important outposts gave way does not mean that the allies can push the Turkish soldiers back, who have a long record for bravery, indefinitely. The Turkish mobilization is only under way. She claims to be able to mass 400,000 men outside of Constantinople, whereas the allies have practically their full strength in able bodied men already in action.

Even if this, which is the first stage of the war, is entirely successful for the small States, the second stage will be more interesting. The question then will be whether Turkey can defend Constantinople, which is generally believed she can, unless unsuspected conditions develop in the army or revolution and bankruptcy strike from behind, but whether she can organize and equip her forces for an aggressive campaign which will sweep back the Balkan armies from the territory seized in the first stage of the war.

Politically, there is one outstanding fact; that is, if the armies of the Balkan kings are able to hold even what they have gained thus far—and the entire European press seems to take it for granted that they can—there is a new nation in Europe. Instead of four feeble kingdoms to which the powers have given orders from time to time, there is another coherent power.

A fortnight ago the great powers served notice in the form of a joint note on the belligerents that whatever the result of the fighting there can be no change of boundary. The Balkan States are saying today:

"What we have we will hold."

And the British press at least, is accepting that as a fact. The Balkan States, united and flushed with victory and under arms will be a bristling nettle which the great powers will hesitate to take hold of.

The chief interest in the war, purely from a technical standpoint, is that it is largely a test of the German school against the French. The Turkish army has been trained by Gen. Von Der Goltz and his assistants and equipped with German weapons. The Greek, Bulgarian and Servian armies had French instructors.

All reports from the armies of the allies describe the Turkish prisoners as dejected, ill fed and poorly clothed, but soldiers know that prisoners are always dejected and hungry and do not attach much importance to that. Both sides accuse their opponents of massacres, cruelties and violations of the white flag. Such accusations are incidental to all wars. The truth cannot be known until the history of this

(Continued on Page Eight.)

WILSON MAJORITY WILL BE BIG ONE

Library of Congress

World's Canvass Forecast Shows it Will Be 2,500,000 Votes

TAFT SECOND; TEDDY THIRD

Democratic Nominee Will Get 325 Electoral Votes—Moose and Republican Vote Exceeds Democratic—Vote by States.

(Special Star Telegram.)

New York, Oct. 26.—The World tomorrow will give the result of its general canvass of the political conditions prevailing throughout the country 10 days before election. It is based on intelligent estimates furnished by its correspondents and by leaders of all parties, and on deductions from the information and figures submitted after discounting extravagant and haphazard claims. The results indicated at this time are as follows:

The election of Woodrow Wilson as President of the United States by a popular plurality approximating that for Theodore Roosevelt in 1904, 2,541,636, and at least 325 out of the 531 electoral votes to his credit, 59 more than are needed to elect. The division of the majority of the Republican vote between President Taft and Colonel Roosevelt on a basis of about 60 and 40 per cent., respectively.

The indicated totals of the popular vote for Presidential candidates are as follows: Wilson, Democrat, 7,024,000; Taft, Republican, 4,620,500; Roosevelt, Progressive, 3,300,300; scattering, 369,000. Total popular vote, 15,313,800. Indicated plurality for Wilson over Taft, 2,403,000. Combined Republican vote divided between Taft and Roosevelt, 7,920,000. Republican plurality over Democratic vote, 896,800; Republican plurality over all candidates, 537,000.

In 1908 the whole vote of the country was 14,888,443, there being an indicated increase in the vote to be cast a week from next Tuesday of 425,358. The States that are considered certain to give their votes to Wilson and Marshall are: Alabama, 12; Arkansas, 9; Delaware, 3; Florida, 6; Georgia, 14; Kentucky, 16; Louisiana, 10; Maryland, 8; Mississippi, 10; Missouri, 18; North Carolina, 12; Oklahoma, 10; South Carolina, 9; Tennessee, 12; Texas, 20; Virginia, 12; West Virginia, 8. Total, 186.

These States seem reasonably sure of forwarding their electoral votes to Wilson and Marshall: Arizona, 3; California, 13; Idaho, 4; Indiana, 15; Nebraska, 8; New Jersey, 14; New York, 45; Ohio, 24; Wisconsin, 13. Total, 139.

Electoral votes that seem assured for Wilson and Marshall, 235. Necessary to choice, 266. Total number of votes for Bryan in 1908, 162. States in which the result is considered in doubt, though available figures indicate Democratic success: Connecticut, 7; Illinois, 29; Massachusetts, 18; Michigan, 15; Minnesota, 12; Pennsylvania, 38; South Dakota, 5. Total, 124.

States in which Taft stands chance of securing the electoral vote: Colorado, 6; Iowa, 13; Montana, 4; New Hampshire, 4; Oregon, 5; Rhode Island, 5; Utah, 4; Vermont, 4; Wyoming, 3. Total, 48. Doubtful States in which the Progressive candidates stand the best chance: Kansas, 10; Maine, 6; Nevada, 3; North Dakota, Washington, 7. Total, 34.

The estimates of the vote for the Presidential candidates in each State are as follows: Alabama, Wilson, 78,000; Taft, 21,000; Roosevelt, 8,000; scattering, 1,200. Arkansas, Wilson, 85,000; Taft, 45,000; Roosevelt, 10,000; scattering, 10,000. Arizona, Wilson, 13,000; Taft, 9,000; Roosevelt, 3,000; scattering, 300. California, Wilosn, 195,000; Taft, (no electors); Roosevelt, 185,000; uncertain, favoring Taft, 100,000; scattering, 5,000. Colorado: Wilson, 132,000; Taft, 113,000; Roosevelt, 75,000; scattering, 3,000. Connecticut: Wilson, 85,000; Taft, 53,000; Roosevelt, 45,000; scattering, 2,000. Delaware: Wilosn, 24,000; Taft, 16,000; Roosevelt, 9,000; scattering, 10,000. Florida: Wilson, 33,000; Taft, 8,500; Roosevelt, 2,500; scattering, 3,000. Georgia: Wilson, 81,000; Taft, 27,000; Roosevelt, 23,000; scattering, 1,500; Idaho: Wilson, 53,000; Taft, 45,000; Roosevelt, (no electors); scattering, 5,000. Illinois: Wilson, 435,000; Taft, 290,000; Roosevelt, 225,000; scattering, 75,000. Indiana: Wilson, 355,000; Taft, 210,000; Roosevelt, 170,000; scattering, 60,000. Iowa: Wilson, 230,000; Taft, 170,000; Roosevelt, 115,000; scattering, 15,000. Kentucky: Wilson, 255,000; Taft, 165,000; Roosevelt, 70,000; scattering, 5,000. Kansas: Wilson, 184,000; Taft, 100,000; Roosevelt, 34,000; scatterng, 30,000. Maryland: Wilson, 121,000; Taft, 70,000; Roosevelt, 35,000; scattering, 5,000. Massachusetts: Wilson 172,000; Taft, 160,000; Roosevelt, 120,000; scattering, 10,000. Michigan: Wison, 205,000; Taft, 190,000; Roosevelt, 130,000; scattering, 20,000. Minnesota: Wilson, 135,000; Taft, 125,000; Roosevelt, 90,000; scattering, 5,000. Missouri: Wilson, 365,000; Taft, 215,000; Roosevelt, 125,000; scattering, 20,000. Mississippi: Wilson, 62,000; Taft, 3,000; Roose-

(Continued on Page Three.)

Turkish Troops Hurrying To The Front And Their Commander.

EXHIBITS FROM UNION VAULT

Complete Dynamiting Kit Produced by Government In Trial at Indianapolis—Taken From Iron Workers' Headquarters

Indianapolis, Oct. 26. — Alarm clocks, gum shoes, nitro-glycerine cans togs from dyanmite packages and wires were produced before the jury at the dynamite conspiracy trial today and identified by Marion J. Hyland, chief of police of Indianapolis, as having been taken from the vaults of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers on the night that J. J. McNamara was arrested. Photographs of packages of dynamite also were identified by Chief Hyland. All the exhibits which were introduced by the government to sustain its contention that the 45 defendants now on trial are equally guilty with the McNamara brothers and Ortie E. McManigal in causing explosions, were piled in heaps on the floor before the jury.

Chief Hyland testified that on the night of April 22nd, 1911, when McNamara, secretary of the union, was arrested, President Frank M. Ryan and others of the defendants were present. The witness said Ryan, on advice of his attorney had protested against a search of the union's vaults before a warrant was produced.

Out of a vault in the basement of the office building, the witness testified, four packages containing sticks of dynamite, fuse and other articles were taken.

"I now hand you a package. State whether it was taken out of that vault," said James W. Noel, special counsel for the government.

"Yes, it was; it contains 14 alarm clocks," replied Chief Hyland.

The clocks were shown to the jury. They are said by the government to be part of those used by the dynamiters in causing bombs to explode several hours after they had been "planted," as was done in blowing up the Los Angeles Times building.

Chief Hyland described how, on information given by McManigal, secretly held under arrest in Chicago, he drove to a farm four miles west of Indianapolis and there in a barn found nitro-glycerine and dynamite packed in saw dust.

"Did you notice anything peculiar about the dynamite found in the barn?" Chief Hyland was asked.

"Yes, I noticed that the trade mark on each stick had been cut off."

McManigal in his confession said that J. J. McNamara, becoming uneasy over the loss of life at Los Angeles, and fearing they would capture James B., had cut off the trade marks with a knife.

The witness said such anxiety prevailed in Indianapolis after the discovery of the explosives that to preserve the exhibits it was necessary to send them to a powder company outside the city limits.

Among the other exhibits shown the jury was a suit case referred to by the government as having been especially designed to carry a 12-quart can of nitro-glycerine on passenger trains and as having been brought by Henry W. Legleitner, of Denver, a member of the union's executive board, from Pittsburg to Indianapolis.

The government also charges that at one time in the union's vaults on the fourth floor of the office building, eight quartes of nitro-glycerine were stored.

Boys' $2.00 Kuffer Shoes, only $1.50 at Rehder's. The great sale is now going on. (advertisement.)

BEVERIDGE LAST TO TESTIFY

Former Indiana Senator Tells Clapp Committee He Returned Campaign Contributions—Committee Adjourns Indefinitely.

Washington, October 26.—After hearing former Senator Albert J. Beveridge tell of returning $57,500 sent to him for campaign use in 1904, the Senate Campaign Contributions Committee today adjourned indefinitely. Chairman Clapp believes the committee will hold no more hearings until after election.

Since September 30th, the committee has been in almost continuous session, with Senators Clapp, Oliver, Paynter and Pomerene conducting the examination of witnesses. J. P. Morgan, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Charles P. Taft, George W. Perkins and a score of other witnesses have testified. The Democratic and Republican campaign funds of 1904 and 1908 have been reviewed, and the committee obtained what purported to be a list of

(Continued on Page Three.)

OUTLINES

Rev. Thurston U. Vaughn, on trial at Greenville S. C., for assaulting three little girls while he was superintendent of an orphan home, broke down yesterday and confessed to assaulting five of the girls. He will pay for his misdeeds with his life.

The statement of contributions and expenditures of the Republican National Committee filed yesterday show Contributions of $591,032 and expenditures of $558,311.

Former Police Lieutenant Becker spoke bitterly of his fate yesterday and declared his conviction for the murder of Rosenthal was legal butchery.

A combined force of Bulgarians and Servians captured Uskup yesterday, and the allied armies continued to crowd back the boundaries of the Ottoman Empire in Europe.

According to the election forecast which the New York World will publish today, made up from the results of a general canvass of the country, Woodrow Wilson will receive a popular majority of over 2,500,000 votes and will get 325 electoral votes.

Col. Roosevelt yesterday resumed his work and completed the speech he will deliver at Madison Square Garden Monday. The physicians fear he will not be able to complete his address.

Gov. Wilson witnessed the Princeton Dartmouth football game yesterday.

A complete set of dynamiting tools and supplies, taken from the vaults at the Iron Workers' headquarters was exhibited by the government at the "Dynamite" trial yesterday.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat, firm; No. 2 red 1.07 elevator and 1.06 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot 59 3-4. Turpentine steady, machine barrels 43. Rosin steady.

DEATH PENALTY FOR VAUGHN

Minister Confesses to Crimnially Assaulting Five Little Orphan Girls and Must Pay for Misdeeds With His Life.

Greenville, S. C., Oct. 26.—Found guilty today of criminally assaulting three little girls in the South Carolina Odd Fellows' Home, of which he was superintendent, the Rev. Thurston U. Vaughn, once prominent as a minister, will pay the penalty of his misdeeds with his life.

The trial was brought to a sensational close when Vaughn broke down and confessed. He named two other victims in addition to those included in the indictment. The jury, out but four minutes, made no recommnedations of mercy.

The motion for a new trial was overruled by Judge Purdy and the prisoner was sentenced to electrocution in the State prison at Columbia, on December 20th.

Tears streamed down the face of Judge Purdy, named by Governor Blease as special judge for this trial. Many jurors, court officials and spectators alike made no pretense of hiding their tears, as Vaughn, pale and broken, acknowledged his crime.

When court opened this morning there was no intimation that the accused would make a confession. His attorneys had fought stubbornly since the beginning of the case to break down the strong evidence developed by the prosecution's little girl witnesses.

Immediately after court opened today attorneys of both sides consulted, resulting in an agreement to let Vaughn confess in an effort to save his own life and that the case would go to the jury without argument.

"I have acted devilishly; I have acted shamelessly," began Vaughn. "The devil tempted me and I have fallen."

He pleaded eloquently, but vainly with the jury to save his life. Vaughn begged the jury to spare his life, not so much for his sake as for his wife and little daughter.

Neither Mrs. Vaughn nor her daughter were in court today, though they had been with the accused since the trial opened. He was formerly assistant superintendent of the First Baptist church Sunday School, one of the largest and most fashionable in this city. He was a ministerial student and frequently occupied pulpits of churches in and around Greenville. He owns considerable property.

STR. BERKSHIRE SAILED.

Left Lookout Cove in Tow for Norfolk Yesterday.

Beaufort, N. C., Oct. 26.—The steamer Berkshire, which put into Lookout Cove on fire last week, while en route from Jacksonville and Savannah, sailed today in tow for Norfolk.

Why that headache when glasses will relieve it? See us about your eyes. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. Glasses from $1 up. (Advertisement.)

"LEGAL BUTCHERY", DECLARES BECKER

Former Police Lieutenant Thus Characterizes His Conviction

SORRY HE DID NOT TESTIFY

Becker Denies He Paid Counsel $25,000 and Says He Hasn't That Much Money—Lawyers Will See Attorney General.

New York, October 26.—"Legal butchery," is how former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker characterized his conviction for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, in a talk with newspaper reporters today. From his cell in "Murderers Row" in the Tombs, Becker spoke bitterly of his fate, declaring he had been "railroaded" and that could he have taken the witness stand during his trial he would have explained away the public impression that he had acquired a fortune through levying graft upon gambling houses. The ex-policeman talked in the presence of his brother, John Becker, a police lieutenant.

"This case was legal butchery," he said. "Some of the accounts of my trial, I notice, say that I paid out $25,000 for my defense. Twenty-five thousand dollars! Why that is $2,000 in excess of any sum I ever possessed or ever hoped to possess. According to the newspapers, the public believes I am worth $100,000. I can understand the purpose of this statement. All of this could have been explained if I had been allowed to go on the stand—every cent.

"Neither Mrs. Becker nor myself have been given any consideration at all since this case began. What's more I don't expect any. I would't be surprised if Sherift Harburger rushed me off from the court room direct to Sing Sing after Justice Goff has sentenced me next Wednesday. That will be the final stage of the railroading of Becker."

The strain of waiting for the outcome of his trial and the uncertainty he still faces, pending a decision by a higher court on the appeal his lawyers will make, are telling on Becker's physical condition, according to friends. Becker was visited for three hours by his wife today. Mrs. Becker is bearing up as well as one could expect under such circumstances," said the convicted man. "Her condition troubles me much more than my own."

John F. McIntyre, Becker's counsel, said he was confident of a new trial for his client. "There cannot be anything else but a reversal," he declared. "That man Becker is innocent. He was convicted upon the testimony of a lot of unbelievable creatures and was found guilty after a trial in which legal errors beyond number were committed, in my opinion.

"I am going to see the attorney general of the State within a few days. I believe that Distcict Attorney Whitman had not the right to offer immunity to witnesses, who might be—and were in my belieprincipals in the murder. I will ask the attorney general for a ruling on that question and believe it will prove my contention."

Mr. McIntyre mentioned "Bridgie" Webber and Harry Vallon as the two witnesses he had in mind. He said the immuity agreement which the county prosecutor made with them was not approved by Judge Mulqueen, who signed those made with Sam Schepps and "Bald Jack" Rose.

Regarding a report that some of the four gunmen—"Gyp the Blood" "Lefty Louie," "Whitey" Lewis and "Dago Frank"—were prepared to turn State's evidence through terror at Becker's conviction—District Attorney Whitman before leaving twon for a rest tonight said that the four prisoners were given opportunity before Becker's trial to confess and that now none of them could hope to escape trial by telling what he knew. Mr. Whitman said there was no doubt as to the validity of the immuity agreement with Webber and Vallon.

Paoni, Colo., Oct. 26.—C. G. Fox, aged 42 years, a rancher living three miles northwest of here, today shot and killed his six-year-old daughter, four-year-old son and 14-months-old baby, and committed suicide. The bodies were discovered by Mrs. Fox who returned home an hour after the shooting.

New carpets and matting rugs and art squares at Rehder's Big Rug Sale. (Advertisement.)

SPLENDID GAINS BEING MADE

Owing to the fact that a goodly number of public spirited men have agreed to take care of the larger subscriptions to the Wilson Fund, provided the $10,000 is raised, the committee of one hundred only needs to secure now the following subscriptions:

Men	Each
16 to contribute	$50.00
32 to contribute	10.00
146 to contribute	2.00
473 to contribute	1.00

BOYS AND GIRLS ENLIST IN CAUSE

A Handsome Watch is to be Awarded for Largest Subscriptions.

WILSON CAMPAIGN FUNDS

Whirlwind Finish to End Next Saturday Night With Celebration—Prizes on Display at Honnet's—Buttons

The Committee of One Hundred in charge of the campaign in Wilmington to raise $10,000 for the Democratic nominees for President and Vice President, respectively, are preparing for a whirlwind finish to the effort this week and by next Saturday evening at 6 o'clock, it is certain that the full amount striven for will be in hand.

It was decided last night to enlist the boys and girls of the city in the campaign and the committee was particularly fortunate in having donated as a prize for the best efforts by the young people a handsome gold watch, given by several members of the committee who felt that they had not devoted to the campaign that measure of personal effort that they had hoped and would recompense in this way. Their names are entirely annonymous but the watches are on display in Honnet's window and one of them will be awarded to the boy or girl under 16 years of age who, by next Saturday evening at 6 o'clock, turns in the largest amount of contributions for the fund. If it is a girl who wins the prize she will be awarded a handsome "Lady Waltham," Sapphire series, eleven-jeweled, 14-karat gold watch, and a very handsome pearl Chatelaine pin, all valued at $35 and one of the prettiest things imaginable for a girl or young lady. Should the winner be a boy under 16 years of age, he will be presented with a No. 12 size, thin-model, open-face, 14-karat gold, watch, 15-jeweled Elgin movement, with handsome fob attached with gold buckle and a two-picture locket; also valued at $35. These watches will be engraved as the winner or the committee may elect. The boys and girls should now get busy; they have an entire week before them and if there are any rules of the contest that they desire to know they may simply 'phone Chairman W. A. McGirt, who will be the sole judge of all questions that may arise. These watches are worth the most faithful effort of any enterprising boy or girl and they should get to work at once. Hundreds and hundreds of people in Wilmington have not contributed as yet and they are only waiting for some one to call. The team workers have been able to see only a few of the friends of the cause who ought to contribute and the enterprising girl or boy who cannot raise a goodly amount each day is lacking in the essentials of progressiveness that should characterize every American boy or girl.

The Star yesterday received from Col. Robert Ewing, chairman of the Press Contributions Bureau at Chicago, a letter stating that as the committee nears the close of the National campaign it finds itself desperately in need of funds and he is forwarding for use in the Wilmington campaign a number of "$" Wilson and Marshall Buttons that may be given to all contributors during these last few days of the campaign. An additional supply was ordered by telegraph last night and the boys and girls who desire them may secure a limited supply for their work in the canvass for the watch contest.

The campaign for contributions in Wilmington will come to a close on Woodrow Wilson Day Saturday night, November 2nd, and there will be a celebration in Wilmington at which the name of the boy or girl winner of the prize will be announced. This day will be observed all over the United States at the same time and it is hoped to make it quite notable here.

Yesterday the canvass for subscriptions progressed very satisfactorily and upwards of $100 was secured as will be seen by the reports that were in from the team captains last night:

L. D. Latta, Chairman.

J. T. Kerr	$ 1.00
J. A. Kerr	1.00
W. J. Kerr	1.00
Dan Costin	1.00
C. R. Humphreys	1.00
Total	$ 5.00

L. W. Moore, Chairman.

"Wilson Sure"	$ 2.00
Mrs. F. G. Pritchard	1.00
Frank Andrews	1.00
Clarence Myers	1.00
Thos. J. Moore	1.00
Total	$ 6.00

C. C. Loughlin, Chairman.

Everglade Cafe	$ 3.50
C. S. Southerland, Add.	2.50
B. F. Brittain, Jr.	1.00
A Friend	1.00
George Snow	1.00
Total	$ 9.00

J. Laurence Sprunt, Chairman.

W. J. Craig	$ 10.00
T. C. White	10.00
J. R. Kenly	5.00
Dr. G. G. Thomas	5.00
W. N. Royall	5.00
Taft Democrat	5.00
W. D. Craig	2.00

(Continued on Page Eight.)

A. & M. WINS ON A FLUKE

Farmers Defeat Davidson 7 to 0, But Were Outplayed at Every Turn of the Game—Weight Tells in Final Quarter.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Charlotte, N. C., Oct. 26.—A. & M. defeated Davidson 7 to 0 on a fluke in the second quarter. Davidson played rings around A. & M. and had the ball in their territory continuously, except for a few minutes in the last quarter, when superior weight began to tell on Davidson. A. & M. outweighed Davidson 30 pounds to the man, but seemed out of condition and fumbled frequently. Davidson fumbled only once, except on receiving punts, which was caused by the sun and glare.

A. & M.'s only gains were by forward passes, which were worked successfully several times. Davidson made her chief gains by ploughing through A. & M.'s heavy line and on end runs. Capt. Cool was the only man who semed able to cope with Davidson, while for Davidson, Capt. Graham, Todd, Cosby, Yates, McQueen and Howell, J., starred, while the whole team played well.

Davidson kicked to A. & M. and Todd downed the quarter in his tracks. A. & M. failed to make distance and kicked to Graham, who ran for a touchdown, but was called back for stepping out on the 10-yard line. A. & M. held and Yates tried a drop kick which failed. A. & M. made first down; failed second time and punted. Davidson returned the punt and Cosby knocked A. & M. back 10 yards on hard tackle. It was Davidson's ball on a fumble. Davidson then made distance twice and lost ball on an intercepted pass. The quarter ended with A. & M. having ball on the 10-yard line.

At the opening of the second quarter A. & M. punted. Graham fumbled and the ball rolled almost the entire length of the field, where A. & M. recovered it on Davidson's 10-yard line. Graham intercepted a pass and Davidson kicked out of danger. A. & M. fumbled the punt and Cosby recovered on A. & M.'s 30-yard line. Punts were exchanged twice on which Davidson gained the advantage.

Davidson tried a pass, which Cool intercepted, after being touched by Cosby, and ran 60 yards for a touchdown. Cool kicked goal. A. & M. kicked to Davidson, but the half was up before play could be resumed.

At the opening of the second half Davidson kicked to A. & M.'s 20-yard line. A. & M. was penalized five yards for off side. A. & M. punted. Davidson made distance twice and failed third time; A. & M. taking the ball. Spencer made 20 yards on a fake through the line. Attempt at forward pass failed. Yates lost 10 yards.

At the beginning of the final quarter it was Davidson's ball on the 25-yard line. Punted to A. & M. and downed in tracks. Davidson intercepted pass. Todd made distance on two line bucks. Hurtt was out of the game for slugging Peters, and Peters was out for fighting. A. & M. intercepted pass, but lost ball on a fumble. Davidson also lost ball on a fumble. A. & M. made first down through line, but lost ball on an intercepted pass. The game ended with Davidson's ball on 30-yard line.

A. & M. used a number of substitutes: Morton, Jeffries, Hudson, Spencer Hargrove, Davidson, Robinson, Wethington, and Fuller.

The Line-Up.

DAVIDSON		A. & M.
Peters	c	Sykes
Phipps	rg	Cook
Luke	lg	Harper
McQueen	rt	McHenry
Howell, J.	lt	Hurtt
Cosby	re	Phillips
Morrow	le	Jeffries
Graham	qb	Rice
Howell, G.	rh	Jaynes
Todd	lh	Coll.(c)
Yates	fb	Anthony

Officials: Referee, McFadden, Clemson; umpire, Parker, Carolina; head lineman, Reynolds, Princeton; attendance 1,500.

Football Scores.

At Birmingham, Ala.: Auburn 7; Miss. A. & M. 0.

At Columbus: University of Georgia 14; Alabama 9.

At Charleston: University of S. C. 68; College of Charleston 0.

At Philadelphia: Pennsylvania 3; LaFayette 7.

At Chattanooga: Sewanee 33; Tennessee 6.

At Roanoke: Roanoke College 21; Richmond College 0.

At Lynchburg: Roanoke High School 17; Lynchburg High School 7.

At South Bethlehem, Pa.: Lehigh 12; Ursinus 0.

At Columbus, O.: Ohio State 45; Cincinnati 7.

At Bloomington, Ind.: Indiana 7; Northwestern 20.

At Minneapolis: Minnesota 56; Iowa 7.

At Swarthmore 40; Johns Hopkins 6

At Jacksonville, Fla.: Florida 6; Georgia Tech. 14.

At Farmville: Petersburg High 33; Farmville High 0.

At South Bend: Notre Dame 41; Wabash 6.

At New York: University 6; Williams 16.

At Amherst 15; Trinity 0.

At Clemson 52; Citadel 24.

BASKETBALL LEAGUE.

Intercollegiate Association Formed by North Carolina Colleges—Rules.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 26.—An intercollegiate basketball league was formed here tonight with the University of North Carolina, A. & M. College, Wake Forest, Trinity, Elon College and Guilford College as members. The officers are President, R. O. Hoffman, Carolina; vice president, J. A. Rand, Trinity; secretary, C. G. Doak, Guilford. A set of rules was outlined and will be submitted to the several colleges for final adjustment these including eligibility of players and other issues. A series of two games with each college will be played and the highest percentage will determine the championship.

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

GRIDIRON BATTLES

S. C. Downs Charleston—Cornell Defeats Bucknell

Charleston, S. C., Oct. 26.—The College of Charleston eleven proved no match for the University of South Carolina here this afternoon, the visiting team ploughing through the collegians for a total score of 68 to 0. Fullback Passailaigue scored five of the 10 touchdowns and kicked eight goals.

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 26.—Cornell showed the best form of the year today and defeated Bucknell 14 to 0, on a slippery field. Nearly all of the Cornell veterans were back in the game and played with an attack that the visitors could not withstand.

West Point, N. Y., Oct. 26.—West Point defeated Colgate here today by a score of 18 to 7. Colgate scored a touchdown and goal in the first three minutes of play, but was never dangerous thereafter.

Annapolis, Md., Oct. 26.—The Navy eleven today defeated Pittsburg University 13 to 6. Improvement over previous exhibitions was shown by the midshipmen, but poor judgment and loose individual work were much in evidence.

Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 26.—The Syracuse eleven found itself this afternoon in the game with the University of Michigan and "Hurry-up Yost's" team was defeated 18 to 7. The game was played on a wet field and with a light rain falling.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Football players of the University of Chicago made further strides toward the "Big Nine" championship today by beating Purdue University 7 to 0 on Marshall Field. The score, however, was the smallest registered by Chicago against Purdue in 11 years.

PRINCETON PLAYS GAMELY.

Defeats Dartmouth 22 to 7—Baker's Work Was Sensational.

Princeton, N. J., Oct. 26.—Princeton surprised the most optimistic of her followers here today by defeating the Dartmouth eleven, 22 to 7. It was the first real test of the season of the Tigers.

Princeton's victory was purely a result of outfighting her opponents. Dartmouth assumed the attack and carried the ball well into Princeton's territory on a series of line plunges and a variety of trick plays, which completely baffled the Princeton players. As the game progressed, however, the home eleven semed to get stronger, and showing remarkable speed, both in offense and defense and held the visitors well in check in the second half.

"Hobby" Baker's work was without question the feature of the fray. With Princeton one point behind in the second period, Baker gave them the lead by kicking a goal from placement from the 30-yard line and in addition made the most sensational run seen here this year. Gathering in the ball on Princeton's 15-yard line, he dodged his way through the entire Green eleven and ran 85 yards for a touchdown.

For the visitors Whitney, Moorey and Englehorn starred.

HARVARD 30; BROWN 10.

Brilliant Playing Mixed With Fumbling—Crimson Penalized.

Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 26.—Many brilliant runs, much fine punting, a few successful forward passes, an unusual number of penalties, mostly against the Crimson, and ineffectual line plunging by both teams marked Harvard's victory over the Browns today by the score of 30 to 10. The last period was played in twilight and it was then that Crowther, the Brown quarterback, ran half the length of the field for Brown's only touchdown. Previously Capt. Ashbaugh, of Brown, had kicked goal from placement from the 40-yard line. Harvard scored in each period, on three field goals by Brickley from the 40, 42 and 28-yard marks, respectively, and three touchdowns, one on an interrupted forward pass, the second on a blocked kick and a third on a successful forward pass. All three touchdowns were made after long runs.

The Crimson lost 144 yards on penalties, mostly for illegal use of hands. This includes 34 yards imposed when Hitchcock was diqualified for slugging. It lays with the central board to say whether the Harvard tackle shall play again this year.

WEAKENED, VANDY WINS.

Defeats Mississippi 24 to 0—Game Marred by Fumbling.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 26.—In a hotly contested game in which fumbles marred the continuity of play, Vanderbile defeated the University of Mississippi here this afternoon 24 to 0. Vanderbilt was weakened by the absence of several regulars.

In the first quarter Carlin for Vanderbilt got a field goal from the 43-yard line. Hardage scored a touchdown in the second and also in the third quarter. Vanderbilt's other touchdown was made in the last quarter by Reams on a forward pass.

WAKE FOREST EASY.

Defeated by Washington and Lee 20 to 0.—Straight Football.

Lexington, Va., Oct. 26.—Washington & Lee easily defeated Wake Forest today 20 to 0, making most of their gains on straight line bucking. They scored a touchdown in each first three quarters. In the third quarter Terry made a sensational run for 40 yards after a forward pass.

INDIANS 34; GEORGETOWN 20

Outplayed In First Half Hill Toppers Fight Gamely to Finish

Washington, Oct. 26.—The Carlisle Indians defeated Georgetown at football today 34 to 20. Outplayed in the first two periods during which the Indians scored all their points, Georgetown strengthened in the second half and played an up-hill game.

YALE HELD CLOSE.

Blue Defeated Washington and Jefferson by 13 to 3 Score.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 26.—Showing unexpected aggressiveness in offensive work and consistently tight defense, Washington and Jefferson held Yale to a 13 to 3 score here this afternoon. In the third quarter, when Patterson made a field goal from Yale's 40-yard line, the visitors clearly outplayed the Blue.

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

VA. TECHS SWAMP CAROLINA

V. P. I. Outclasses Tar Heels in Game at Raleigh and Wins 26 to 0.—Scores Touchdown in Each Quarter—Features.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 26.—Virginia Polytechnic Institute today outweighed and outclassed the University of North Carolina at the State fair grounds, winning by a score of 26 to 0. The Techs outplayed the Tar Heels and the ball was in Carolina territory through most of the game, with the exception of the last part of the second quarter, when Carolina came near scoring. Carolina had the ball in the middle of the field, and on several beautiful end runs by Wakely and Tillett carried the ball to V. P. I.'s 5-yard line, and the first half ended.

V. P. I. made four touchdowns, one in each quarter, Legge kicking two goals and missing two. Neither team was able to gain much through the line, but most of the gains were made on end runs, and forward passes. There were a large number of attempted forward passes, three being successful by V. P. I. and one by Carolina. The Carolinians put up a hard fight through the entire game and the playing of Capt. Tillett at quarter was spectacular at times. V. P. I. put up a hard game throughout and outplayed the Tar Heels.

The stars of the game were Tillett, Wakeley and Huske for Carolina, and Hughes and Legge for V. P. I.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcement by Wilmington Pastors for Services Today.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and 17th streets—Services at 11 A. M. All are cordially invited.

St. Thomas' church, Dock, near Second—Mass at 9 A. M. Sunday School at 4 P. M. Instructions and benediction at 8 P. M.

St. Mary's church, Fifth and Ann streets—First mass 7 A. M. Last mass, sermon 10:30 A. M. Vespers, instruction, 8 P. M.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Holy Communion 7:30 A. M. Service and sermon 11 A. M. Sunday School 4 P. M. All are cordially invited.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, North Fourth street, Rev. H. E. Beatty, pastor—Divine service 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School 10 A. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday 8 P. M. All are welcome.

Grace Methodist church, corner Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor—At 11 A. M. sermon by the pastor; 7:30 P. M. Tuberculosis service. Dr. Ernest Bulluck will speak on "The History and Course of Tuberculosis." Dr. J. C. Wessell will speak on "Preventive Measures and Treatment of Tuberculosis." 9:45 A. M. Sunday School, M. F. Allen, superintendent. You are cordially invited to all these services.

Christian church, Dock street, near Fourth, H. C. Rowen, pastor—Sunday School 9:45 A. M., H. A. DeCover, superintendent. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Christian Endeavor 7 P. M. The midweek prayer meeting has been changed from Thursday night to Wednesday, 7:30 P. M. The church sent the pastor to the General Convention and he will speak Sunday morning on matters of special interest to the members, and at night on signs of religious progress which should concern every one.

Services at St. Matthew's English Lutheran church 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Every one welcome. All members are requested to be present at the services today, October 27th, as important announcements are to be made.

Fifth Street Methodist church, Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. by the pastor. Sunday School at 3 P. M., W. H. Schaefer, superintendent. Junior congregation meets at 10:15 A. M.

Brooklyn Baptist church, J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services Sunday morning and evening. Morning subject: "Samson Ungianted." Evening subject: "An Ounce of Prevention." This subject will be used in connection with the observance of Tuberculosis Sunday. Sunday School at 3:30 o'clock Mr. S. F. Garrison, superintendent. Sunbeams Sunday afternoon at 4:30 All members are asked to bring in their mite baxes. Proyer meeting Wednesday night. At this time there will be the election of four new deacons and officers for another year. B. Y. P. U. Thursday night. Teachers' meeting Friday night at 8 o'clock. Ichthus Bible Class Friday night at 8:45 o'clock. All are welcome to all services.

At St. Paul's Lutheran church on Market and Sixth streets, the pastor, Rev. F. B. Clausen will preach at 11 A. M. on the topic: "My Candidate." The vesper service will begin at 7:30 and not at 8 P. M., as heretofore. At this service the sermon will be a setting forth of the Essentials and Non-essentials of Religion. Sunday School will convene at 3:30 in the afternoon. On the following Sunday the Festival of the reformation will be fittingly observed.

First Baptist church, Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor—Services at 11 A. M. subject, "Ashamed of Jesus"; 7:30 P. M., "The Great White Plague and What Can the Churches Do About It." Sunday School 9:45 A. M.

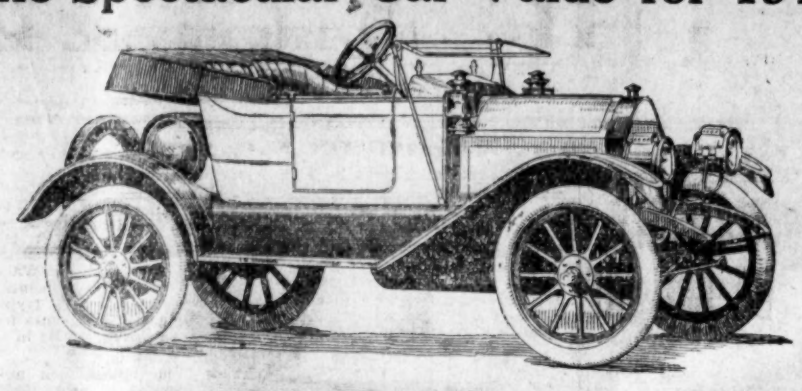
Trinity Methodist church, corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. E. C. Sell, pastor—Preaching at 11 A. M., subject, "The Stone That Grew and Filled the Earth," and 7:30 P. M., subject: "Angels." Sunday School at 3:30 P. M. All the members are urged to attend. Strangers cordially invited.

IF YOU HAVE MONEY TO INVEST

Write or call to see us. A part of the business of this bank is to direct the investment of money. We have some high-class County and School Bonds, yielding 5 per cent interest, payable semi-annually by coupons. These can be supplied without premium and we recommend them.

The Southern National Bank

The Spectacular Car Value for 1913



Maxwell "22" Roadster

Speedy, Smart, Fully Equipped, $785

This Maxwell roadster is smart in design, and a brilliant performer as well. Latest high-priced English roadsters were used as models for its design. In accomplishments, it eclipses even the famous Maxwell economy records. And it has the speed of a bullet.

With its sensational advantages, it is not remarkable that this car is the undisputed leader of cars near its price. The "22" is strong in construction and stylish in appearance. It is not only a *service* car but a *show* car as well—one you can be proud of in every respect.

This car, fully equipped, at the low price of $785 (f.o.b. factory), is a quick seller. The output is limited, and we urge you to act quickly if you want one.

You should buy a Maxwell because—It holds the World's speed record in its class. It is the national touring champion—winner of the Glidden Tour. It lasts longest—proven by actual State registrations. It costs less to maintain—proven by public demonstration.

We believe one road trial will quickly convince you of this "22's" extraordinary value. Come in today and go for a ride. If not today, write or 'phone for an appointment.

UNITED MOTOR CHARLOTTE CO.,
J. I. HAM, Manager. W. S. BOYD, Assistant Manager.
Distributors for North and South Carolina.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
AGENTS WANTED IN UNCOVERED TERRITORY.

ELECTION BOARD MEETS.

Removed Two County Members and Substituted Others—Joined Moore.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 26.—The State Board of Elections in session here today removed two members of county boards of elections and named successors as the board's final preparation for the approaching election. Both removals were because members first named have turned Bull Moose, one having been Republican and the other Democrat, M. M. Elker, of Anson, appointed as a Republican, was removed and M. John Burr, Republican, appointed to succeed him. In Montgomery county H. P. Montgomery, appointed as a Democrat, was removed and Richard A. Bruto, Democrat, appointed in his stead. Col. Wilson G. Lamb, Chairman Williamston, J. C. Clifford, Harnett county, Democrats, and Clarence Call, Wilkesboro, and W. J. Davis, Hendersonville, Republicans, were members of the State board present.

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

TUBERCULOSIS DAY.

Event Will be Observed by 60,000 Churches Today.

New York, Oct. 26.—Sixty thousand churches in the United States are expected to observe tomorrow as "Tuberculosis Day". Organizations which are fighting the tuberculosis plague selected this particular day as one on which especial efforts should be made to arouse public interest in the prevention of the disease. Prominent clergymen in practically every large city of the country have agreed to bring to the attention of their congregations the questions of prevention of consumption and to suggest ways and means by which church-goers may co-operate in the National campaign against this scourge.

In this year's observance of the day, it is planned that emphasis be paid upon the growing evil of the use of alleged fraudulent remedies for the cure of tuberculosis.

The tuberculosis day campaign, which is the third National movement of this character, has the endorsement of many men in public life and leading church men of practically every denomination.

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

REGISTRATION HEAVY.

Actual Figures Not Obtainable, But Many New Names Added.

While the actual figures were not obtainable last night at the close of registration in this county, it was stated from Democratic headquarters that the registration in New Hanover will be in the neighborhood of 4,000 and that a very heavy vote is now possible if the Democratic voters will turn out at the polls. From reports received from the several polling places, the registration is variously estimated at from 3,800 to 4,000 in all the precincts of the country, which was all that the committee expected.

RIOTING BREAKS OUT.

One Killed and Several Wounded at Conservative Meeting.

Havana, Oct. 26.—A riot broke out late tonight at a conservative meeting in a densely populated district of the city. The combatants used knives and pistols. One man was killed and several were wounded. The fight apparently was started by Zayastas. The police finally restored order, after which the cavalry patrolled the disturbed section.

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

A RARE OPPORTUNITY

FOR TRUCKERS!

Best Dirt in New Hanover County For Sale!

On Monday, November 4th, at noon, on the premises in East Wilmington, I will offer for sale the noted Chadwick Farm, consisting of 92½ acres. One-third cash, balance on easy terms. Will offer in ten-acre lots and last as a whole.

A splendid Old-Fashioned Barbecue and other refreshments will be served, just after the sale. Those who want to invest their money where it will yield the biggest dividends are invited. I will clear about $3,000 above expenses on this Farm this year. It will be sold strictly on its merits.

Don't Forget the Date--November 4th

AT THE FARM

W. A. SIMPKINS.

WELL, BOYS!

We have got our new stables all complete at 17th and Dock streets, where we expect to keep on hand for sale, wholesale or retail, from 50 to 150 Horses and Mules at all times. Will assure you if you want one or a carload, we can sell them as cheap as they can be bought in any market. Will guarantee to you a square deal at all times. We also have either Horses or Mules to hire to work in or around the city. We have now on hand 50, and two more carloads shipped this week, so if you want to buy or hire, see the

KENTUCKY HORSE & MULE COMPANY

17th and Dock Streets. Phone 610.
F. T. MILLS, Manager.
oc 26-tf.

YOU WILL BE PROUD

of our turnouts. We can furnish you at any time swell turnouts, with single horse or team, at most reasonable terms. Our horses receive the best care, and our carriages are of the latest and best styles. Private teams are boarded by the week at low rates.

City Livery Co.
C. W. MILLS, Mgr.

The Listener's Lesson, the result of Listening Over the 'Phone—Comic
A Soldier's Duty

BIJOU
MONDAY

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain deed of mortgage made by J. C. Jones and wife to Atlantic Trust & Banking Company, and transferred to John D. Bellamy, Attorney, which said mortgage is registered in Book G5, page 240 et seq., of the records of New Hanover county, default having been made in the payment of the debt secured thereby, the undersigned will sell, to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, on Wednesday, the 27th of November, 1912, at twelve o'clock M., at the Court House door, in the City of Wilmington, N. C., the following described lot of land and dwelling thereon:

Beginning at Northeast intersection of Perry Avenue and Eighteenth Street, as shown on the Map of Carolina Place, registered on the records of New Hanover county; runs thence Eastwardly along the line of Perry Avenue 66 feet to line of lot No. 10, block 31, of Carolina Place; thence Northwardly 113 feet to an alley; thence West along the line of said alley 66 feet to Eastern side of Eighteenth Street; thence Southwardly along the Eastern line of Eighteenth Street 113 feet to the beginning, being lots 11 and 12 in block 31, on said map or plat.

JOHN D. BELLAMY & SON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee and Assignee.
oc26-30t

FRESH SUPPLY

ICE CAPS,
FOUNTAIN SYRINGES,
HOT WATER BOTTLES.
GET THEM NEW.
(They Last.)
MISSION PHARMACY.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT

Will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief.

For sale by all druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio
For Sale by J. H. Bunting Drug Co.

AFFAIRS OF WEEK IN ROBESON

Political Interest Great—Lockhart and Winston Speak—New Bank Organized—Personal and General News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Oct. 26.—During the week two prominent speakers have been in this country. Hon. F. D. Winston, presidential elector at large, spoke here Tuesday night, but on account of the bad weather the audience was small. However, weather conditions had nothing to do with the speaker, as he went at it just as though he had a full house and delivered one of those old-time solid Democratic speeches which was greatly enjoyed by those who were so fortunate as to be present.

Mr. Jas. A. Lockhart, of Wadesboro, spoke four times in the county in behalf of Judge Clark's candidacy for the Senate. Wednesday he spoke at Red Springs and Maxton, and Thursday at Fairmont and Lumberton. He is said to have been well received at each place, speaking to fair sized audiences composed of men of intelligence. Mr. Lockhart's speeches were devoted mostly to the advocacy of Judge Clark and his policies, and he dwelt particularly on the tariff, the trust question, the pension plank in the Clark platform and the discrimination in railroad rates against North Carolina. His speech was an educational one, telling some things that have made the people think. He paid his respects to the records of both Senator Simmons and Governor Kitchin. His remarks were very caustic in his criticism of the Governor's "trust busting" record. He said the Governor had one chance to co-operate with Woodrow Wilson and Marshall, but instead of co-operating had opposed them, referring in this particular to the Congress of Governors last year when a move was started in the interest of State's rights against the interference of Federal authority. He said the Governor had changed front on his attitude to the American Tobacco Company soon after his inauguration, and intimated that the Governor would not dare publish a list of the contributions to his campaign fund four years ago.

Robeson county will soon have another bank in operation, the Bank of McDonald having been organized this week with $10,000 capital, and will open for business November 15th. Mr. H. M. McAllister, cashier of the First National Bank, of Lumberton, has been elected president; Mr. J. L. Townsend, of McDonald, vice president, and Mr. Lester B. Townsend, bookkeeper in the First National, cashier. The directors of the new bank are Messrs. C. T. Pate, J. L. Townsend, H. M. McAllister, D. H. Britt, Jr., F. M. Davis, L. R. Hamer, Dr. G. M. Pate, A. D. Barnes, Edgar Price, D. A. McCormick and L. McK. Parker. The gentlemen who will control the new bank are all successful business men in their lines, and that the bank will be a big success from the first is an assured fact.

There is residing in Lumberton a gentleman 23 years old, who says he can not remember of ever having had but one bad cold, and that was in the Spring of 1909. He is the picture of good health, but how he is so fortunate to escape bad colds is a mystery.

Mr. Bert Leigh and his excellent company of players presented "45 Minutes From Broadway" here Wednesday night to one of the largest and most appreciative audiences which ever assembled in the opera house, and to say that Lumberton theatre-goers were delighted does not begin to express it. It was great. The next attraction will be "Mutt and Jeff" November 7th.

Harry McGill, one of the best known young men about town, took unto himself a wife Wednesday night, and the happy couple left Thursday morning for Clio, S. C., where after visiting relatives they will go to Jacksonville, Fla., on a bridal tour. The bride was a Miss Milliken, of the Allenton section. For some time Harry was a clerk in the local express office, but left that position to take one at the Dresden Mill where he was badly hurt and for some time was in a hospital in Baltimore for repairs. It is said he compromised with the mill people without going to court, and soon thereafter purchased an automobile and got married. Long life to Harry and his good wife.

There were light frosts two mornings last week and again yesterday morning, but it makes little difference with the yellow jackets, for they are almost as numerous as house flies and just as familiar. They are not at all particular, a fellow's mouth, up his sleeve, down his neck, or elsewhere seems to suit them.

Others may differ with us, but there are many who will agree with us that the chief of police should have a telephone in his residence. To prove the necessity of it, Thursday night when the train came in from Fayetteville with a capacity load of passengers, there was a white man in the crowd who was crazy drunk. The railroad people held on to him while an officer could be phoned for. After some time another officer was found and the drunken man locked up. No town ever had a better chief than Lumberton, but he should have a phone in his house.

Hon. J. A. Brown, Presidential elector from the Sixth District, will speak at Fairmont on the 30th, at 2 P. M., and Pembroke at 8 P. M., same day; at St. Pauls at 2 P. M., on the 31st. Mr. N. J. Rouse, of Kinston, will speak in Lumberton Monday night. Both of these gentlemen have the reputation of being fine speakers, and will no doubt be greeted by large crowds.

Mr. and Mrs. I. V. Hooper left this week for Florida, where they expect to reside in the future. For some time Mr. Hooper has been engaged in the tombstone business here, but has decided to change and will be associated with his brother-in-law in the fruit business in Florida. Many friends here wish them much success in their new home.

On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday the Y. & C. S. passenger train, which leaves here at 9:50, will be held for the arrival of the delegates to the Baptist Association coming over the Seaboard, provided the Seaboard trains are not over 15 minutes late.

For many years we have believed in the "curfew law" for small boys, and now we believe it is time for some of the big boys to be taken care of. Last night after the clock struck 12 a bunch of the big ones were hung up on a corner under the sleeping apartments of a family who were forced to listen to language which would not, or should not have been used anywhere at any time, and most assuredly not in the presence, as it were, of ladies. But there is little doubt of the fact that booze was partially responsible for it.

Cotton continues to come in freely and trade seems to be good. Farmers and merchants are wearing smiles alike—smiles of satisfaction.

The announcement of the marriage of Mr. Lester B. Townsend and Miss May C. Moore, which will be celebrated next week, will be an event of more than usual interest to many people in this section. Two more popular young people have never resided in this county. We understand they will make their home at McDonald, where Mr. Townsend has been elected cashier of the new bank.

The many friends of Mr. "Sandy" McLeod will be delighted to know that he is recovering satisfactorily from an operation performed on him for a nose and throat trouble in Baltimore severay days ago. His brother, Mr. Geo. B. McLeod, is with him.

Several Lumberton people visited the Fayetteville fair this week, and quite a number visited Charlotte on business. By a strange coincidence Ringling Bros.' circus happened to be in Charlotte the same day the Lumberton people were there.

The county campaign is supposed to be going on, but nothing is heard from it. The general opinion seems to be that all this speaking is labor thrown away, as the people are intelligent enough to know what and who they want. County Treasurer McKenzie, who in all probability would have some fun, we regret to report on the sick list, having been confined at home for several days.

For the past month every boarding house in Lumberton has been crowded to their full capacity trying to take care of the many people who are engaged on the work of the Yadkin Power plant, running lines and erecting towers; the people who are engaged in the drainage work, and the large force of men who are running two more 'phone wires between here and Wilmington. These are busy times here at present. No excuse for loafing.

This entire community sympathizes with Mr. and Mrs. Jno. R. Morris in the death of their girl, which occurred in Wilmington this week while visiting relatives.

The oyster season has arrived and some of the best we have ever seen are now being received here.

Mr. S. S. Stephens, for some time a clerk at the Seaboard freight depot, has resigned and is succeeded by Mr. Walter Smith, who a few days ago sold his pressing club to Mr. U. M. Edwards, who a few days later was carried to the hospital in Raleigh for the insane.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Thomas and Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Boykin went to Monroe this week to attend the marriage of Miss Kate Billingby, a relative of theirs. Messrs. Thomas and Boykin returned yesterday, but the ladies remained to visit relatives.

The registration books which closed today show a large increase in the number of voters in this township, over 300 new names having been entered.

Mr. Olin Britt tells of a fierce fight he witnessed a few days ago in a swamp a few miles below town in which two huge rattlesnakes were the combatants. Mr. Britt says the snakes fought worse than bull dogs, each bringing the blood from the other in streams. After watching them for some time he killed the snakes, one having 18 rattles and the other nineteen.

G. O. P. STATEMENT FILED.

Total Contributions Were $591,032.20, and Expenditures $558,311.25.

Washington, Oct. 26—Total contributions of $591,032.20 and expenditures of $558,311.25 in the Republican Presidential fund were disclosed in the financial statement of the Republican National Committee filed today with the clerk of the House of Representatives.

Charles P. Taft, brother of the President, appeared as the largest contributor. The report showed that he gave $50,000 in two $25,000 contributions to the New York headquarters and $5,000 to the Chicago headquarters. Francis L. Leland, of New York, was second, with one $20,000 contribution and another $30,000 contribution. The third largest contributor was Andrew Carnegie with one $25,000 contribution and an additional one of $10,000. J. P. Morgan & Company is credited with contributing $25,000; George F. Baker, of New York, $10,000; William Nelson Cromwell, $10,000, and Harry M. Moore, of Chicago $10,000.

A number of persons in the diplomatic corps are listed among the larger contributors. Larse Anderson, minister of Belgium, gave $10,000. Huntington Wilson, Assistant Secretary of State, is listed as giving $5,000; Secretary Meyer, of the Navy Department, heads the cabinet with $2,500; Secretary MacVeagh gave $2,000. Attorney General Wickersham and Postmaster General Hitchcock each gave $1,000.

The largest aggregate expenditure given in the report is $79,183.17 for advertising to the American Association of Foreign Newspapers.

Advertising figures prominently throughout the statement of expenditures. One photographer in New York was paid $7,650 for professional work. The Republican State Committee of Florida was given $500.

New York, Oct. 26.—The statement of actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $4,024,000 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is a decrease of $5,284,950 from last week.

Saves Leg of Boy

"It seemed that my 14-year-old boy would have to lose his leg, on account of an ugly ulcer, caused by a bad bruise," wrote D. F. Howard, Aquone, N. C. "All remedies and doctors treatment failed till we tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and cured him with one box." Cures burns, boils, skin eruptions, piles. 25 cents at R. R. Bellamy's.

(Advertisement.)

If you need Shoes, go to Rehder's. They sell Bannister $6.00 shoes for $3.00. (advertisement.)

BEVERIDGE LAST TO TESTIFY

(Continued from Page One.)

the contributors to the two million dollar fund spent by the Republicans in 1904. In addition, managers of the campaigns of President Taft, Colonel Roosevelt, Judson Harmon, Woodrow Wilson, Champ Clark, and Oscar W. Underwood accounted for the funds expended in the fight for the Republican and Democratic nomination this year.

The committee has placed in the record the voluminous correspondence of John D. Archbold, of the Standard Oil Company, with various men in public life, particularly with members of the House and Senate. The private correspondence between the late E. H. Harriman and former President Roosevelt during his administration also was placed on examination.

While the general amounts of the various funds have been given to the committee, no details of the amounts contributed and expended in the various States has been elicted and it is expected the committee will take up this line of investigation after the election.

Former Senator Beveridge today corroborated other testimony that in his 1904 campaign for Senate he received $30,000 from George W. Perkins, $25,000 from Edward L. McLean, and $2,500 from Gifford Pinchot. Mr. Perkins had testified he gave Beveridge $10,000, which was returned.

Mr. Beveridge testified that he received one draft for $10,000 and two certificates of deposit for $10,000 each, from Mr. Perkins, but could not remember whether their remittances were sent together or separately. Beveridge said he returned all of the money on the day after election. He produced letters to both George W. Perkins and E. L. McLean returning the money. Each was witnessed and signed by L. G. Rothschild, John F. Hayes, Larz Whitcomb and Thomas R. Shipp. The endorsement on each letter certified that the witnesses had seen the money enclosed in the letters and seen the latter sealed and mailed. Mr. Beveridge said no other funds were furnished him by Mr. Perkins. He also denied that Perkins had financed the Indianapolis Star through him.

T. R. RESUMES HIS WORK.

Gets Back in His Old Stride—Doctors Fear Breakdown Wednesday.

Oyster Bay, N. Y. October 26. Col. Roosevelt attempted to get back to something like his usual manner of life today with a walk in the forenoon and several hours of work with his secretary in the afternoon, but long before the day was over found he was still far from well.

The Colonel dressed early in the day and set out for a stroll with Mrs. Roosevelt. It was the first time he had been out of doors since his return.

No visitors were received at Sagamore Hill today. Colonel Roosevelt agreed with his doctors yesterday that he would do no more talking than was necessary today.

Dr. George W. Faller, of Oyster Bay, one of his physicians impressed upon him the necessity of avoiding over exertion if he is to gain sufficient strength to make his speech next week. Colonel Roosevelt declared that he will make the speech whether or no. His physicians fear, however, that if he is not considerably stronger on Wednesday he will become exhausted and will be unable to finish his speech. The address as he has prepared it will will require about 25 minutes for delivery.

There is to be a dinner at Sagamore Hill at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon to celebrate the 54th birthday of the head of the house.

Colonel Roosevelt today sent a telegram to Don M. Dickinson, of Detroit, who was a member of President Cleveland's cabinet and long a Democratic leader in Michigan. Mr. Dickinson sent work to Colonel Roosevelt while the Colonel was in the hospital in Chicago that he had decided to support him. Today Colonel Roosevelt heard for the first time of Mr. Dickinson's action. 'Your telegram has just been brought to my attention," he wired to Mr. Dickinson. "I am profoundly touched and moved by your support. There is no man in this country whose action would appeal to me more than yours appeals. I value your action particularly because I am most anxious to make it evident that this is a movement genuinely independent of both the old parties and one which should appeal to all good citizens alike and to the former Democrat precisely as to the former Republican."

Wright SELLS LOTS

About the first of last November, the work of converting a forest, a jungle and a swamp into healthy, attractive building lots was begun. Steadily through the Winter, Spring and Summer it continued, and today the property in and around Fifteenth and Princess is unsurpassed for a home site.

The people of Wilmington are invited to visit Winoca. Either walk out or take the car. Here you will see the highest part of Wilmington or vicinity. You will see well graded, level lots awaiting your home; you will not see trees; but all these things are to follow.

You will see the best of granolithic walks, and you know you are in the city, with water, sewerage and all the advantages that a city of 35,000 people can offer.

Use your God-given power of investigation, and picture the unattractive ungle of just one year ago. Then see trees, grass, flowers, houses, people—large lot and comfortable homes.

Today Winoca values are at their lowest. Within a few months the houses will be built, the lots bought and the values higher and higher.

Winoca Terrace to the see-in-the-future man or woman (and this always is the successful one) speaks for itself. It has a sure, stable value, which will daily and monthly increase.

Visit Winoca, and if you want a home we will help you. This offer is not to speculators. If we were willing to sell to speculators it would have been sold months ago.

Visit Winoca and then see

J. G. WRIGHT & SON.
Real Estate Agents.
Established 23 years ago.

Instant Relief from Eczema

You can stop that awful itch from eczema and other skin troubles in two seconds.

Seems too good to be true—but it is true, and **we vouch for it.**

Just a few drops of the simple, cooling wash, the D.D.D. Prescription for eczema, and the itch stops instantly. We give you enough to prove it for 50 cents.

Now if you have tried a great many cures for eczema and have been disappointed, do not make the mistake of refusing to try this soothing wash. All other druggists keep this D.D.D. Prescription—go to them if you can't come to us—but if you come to our store, we will give you the first dollar bottle on our positive no pay guarantee, that D.D.D. will stop the itch at once.

Robt R. Bellamy, Wilmington, N. C.

WAKE FOREST NOTES.

New Dormitory—Noted Lecturer Coming—Other News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wake Forest College, Oct. 26.—The building committee having in charge the arrangements for the erection of the new dormitory, are awaiting the completion of certain plans now in process before making their decision. A leading architect and artist of New York made a recent trip to Wake Forest and took measurements and sketches with a view to laying out the campus and locating sites for new buildings, which may go up in the future.

Announcement has been made of the coming to Wake Forest of the well known preacher and lecturer, Dr. R. S. MacArthur, D. D., L.L. D. He will arrive in Wake Forest on the 5th of November, and will deliver three lectures while here. These will be on the fifth, sixth and seventh of that month. Dr. MacArthur is now pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church of Atlanta.

The public announcement will be read with pleasure by the many friends of Wake Forest College that has just been made of the bequest of $500.00 to Wake Forest by the late J. B. Richardson, of High Point.

Dr. Edward S. Ruth will soon enter upon his duties as a member of the medical faculty of the college. Dr. Ruth was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Dr. E. E. Stuart, on the 11th of October. On the day following his election as a member of the medical faculty he was married to Miss Comperton, of Orange, New Jersey. He arrived on the 14th, since which time he has been getting in line with his new work. Dr. Ruth received his M. D. degree from the University of Kansas. He then acquired some little hospital experience at St. Margaret's Hospital, Kansas City, and at the Bell Memorial Hospital.

Dr. Stuart has held the position from which he has just resigned since 1908. He will return to New York, where he will resume the practice of medicine. Since he has been at Wake Forest he has demonstrated his ability in the medical world.

He was an excellent teacher, and his leaving means the leaving of a strong member of the faculty. He has the best wishes of the students and faculty for a great success in New York.

Dr. W. L. Poteat left yesterday for Baltimore, where he will deliver an address today before the Baptist State Convention in Baltimore.

The Woodrow Wilson Club was organized here this week, and it has an overwhelming majority of the students in it. The Bull Moosers and Taftites are not much in evidence.

Whitewater, Wis., Oct. 26.—Seantor Robert M. LaFollette in a speech today made a strong plea for woman suffrage. He declared that if seven million persons living under the government were not alowed to have any share in it they would revolt.

THOUSANDS OF GRATEFUL LETTERS.

from women in all parts of the United States and Canada who have been relieved from almost every form of female complaints such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains and backache, by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, are on file in the Pinkham laboratories at Lynn, Mass., but no letter is ever published without written request or consent of the writer.

Every suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

Advertisement.)

WILSON MAJORITY WILL BE BIG ONE

(Continued from Page One).

velt, 18,000; scattering, 5,000. Montana: Wilson, 33,000; Taft, 23,000; Roosevelt, 9,000; scattering, 3,500. Nebraska: Wilson, 138,000; Taft, 80,000; Roosevelt, 66,000; scattering, 7,000. Nevada: Wilson, 12,000; Taft, 7,000; Roosevelt, 4,000; scattering, 1,000. New Jersey: Wilson, 245,000; Taft, 105,000; Roosevelt, 135,000; scattering, 15,000. New Hampshire: Wilson, 36,000; Taft, 34,000; Roosevelt, 17,000; scattering, 10,000. New Mexico: Wilson, 22,000; Taft, 19,000; Roosevelt, 18,000; scattering, 500. New York: Wilson, 710,000; Taft, 600,000; Roosevelt, 380,000; scattering, 50,000. North Carolina: Wilson, 140,000; Taft, 60,000; Roosevelt, 50,000; scattering, 10,000. North Dakota: Wilson, 540,000; Taft, 330,000; Roosevelt, 210,000; scattering, 60,000. Oklahoma: Wilson, 145,000; Taft, 55,000; Roosevelt, 70,000; scattering, 10,000. Oregon: Wilson, 48,000; Taft, 34,000; Roosevelt, 38,000; scattering, 3,000. Pennsylvania: Wilson, 500,000; Taft, 450,000; Roosevelt, 288,000; scattering, 30,000. Rhode Island: Wilson, 26,000; Taft, 33,000; Roosevelt, 11,000; scattering, 1,500. South Carolina: Wilson, 60,000; Taft, 3,000; Roosevelt, 2,000; scattering, 500. South Dakota: Wilson, 46,000; Taft, 36,000; Roosevelt, 42,000; scattering, 2,000. Tennessee: Wilson, 143,000; Taft, 80,000; Roosevelt, 35,000; scattering, 1,500. Texas: Wilson, 230,000; Taft, 65,000; Roosevelt, 40,000; scattering, 2,000. Utah: Wilson, 45,000; Taft, 57,000; Roosevelt, 17,000; scattering, 500. Vermont: Wilson, 19,000; Taft, 24,000; Roosevelt, 11,000; scattering, 1,000. Virginia: Wilson, 85,000; Taft, 39,000; Roosevelt, 11,000; scattering, 2,000. Washington: Wilson, 114,000; Taft, 88,000; Roosevelt, 98,000; scattering, 1,500. West Virginia: Wilson, 118,000; Taft, 95,000; Roosevelt, 43,000; scattering, 2,000. Wisconsin: Wilson, 205,000; Taft, 125,000; Roosevelt, 79,000; scattering, 45,000. Wyoming: Wilson, 20,000; Taft, 17,000; Roosevelt, 5,000; scattering, 1,000.

BEGIN FIGHT ANEW

Democrats Will Work Hard for Majority In Senate

New York, Oct. 21.—Democrats will make a vigorous campaign to obtain a majority in the United States Senate, where they now lack six votes of having command. The departure of Chairman McCombs, of the Democratic Executive Committee, for Chicago, where today he conferred with party leaders, is believed to mark the beginning of the most strenuous part of this fight.

Senatar James A. Reed, of Missouri, chairman of the Democratic Campaign Committee, will reach New York Wednesday and then will send Governor Shafroth, of Colorado, and former Governor Thomas, of the same State, into Idaho, to get into the Senatorial fight. Democrats now have 42 seats in the Senate.

Bristol, Va., Oct. 21.—The trials of Sidna Allen and Wesley Edwards, charged with being principals in the shooting up of the Hillsville court last March, were today postponed from October 28th to November 7th. The purpose of the postponement was explained as being on account of the National election.

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

The Trusts Opposing Clark For Senator

Insidiously They Now Say: "He is Too Good a Judge to Iose"—Yet They Fought His Nomination and Election in 1902.

(From Fayetteville Observer.)

In 1902, when Judge Clark was a candidate for nomination for Chief Justice, great claims of his weakness were published; and yet when the roll call ended, the vote for his opponent was hardly visible. And this, too, when the great corporations and allied special interests had raised a large sum and employed all their agents to defeat his nomination and election.

It is worth noting, in this connection, that, while in the nine years that have elapsed Judge Clark has done nothing to win the affection of these interests, the cry goes out that he is "too good a Judge to be spared from the Bench!" We do not think this cry comes from those who wished Judge Clark to secure the Chief Justiceship in 1902. It strikes us that the argument that he "cannot be spared from the Bench" is an attempt to do what an assault would fail to do. It is the first time, we imagine, in history that it has been used as an argument against promoting a man or rewarding him, that "he has done his duty."

As a matter of fact, in the present state of affairs—namely, since the usurpation of legislative powers by the Supreme Court of the United States—a man of the attainments and legal equipment such as Justice Clark possesses can do infinitely more against the Trusts and for the people in the Senate than where he now is. The issue presented by the opinion of the Supreme Court in the Standard Oil decision is the most momentous that has confronted the American people since the Republic was declared. When it is tried in the halls of Congress, as soon it will be, the Progressive States will vie in the effort to send their mightiest men there. Who can hesitate, in this crisis, where the choice shall lie in North Carolina?

THE PEOPLE WANT CLARK.

(Advertisement.)

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective September 8th, 1912. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
N. 90, ! 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:35 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:00 A. M.
No. 51, * 5:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:45 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50, *12:30 A. M.
No. 64, ! 5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65, ! 6:25 P. M.
No. 48, * 8:30 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, * 6:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford	No. 52, * 8:05 P. M.
No. 55, * 3:15 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway (!), Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, * 1:40 P. M.
No. 62, * 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, *12:50 P.M.
N. 59, ! 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, !10:15 A. M.
No. 42, * 7:00 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, *10:00 A. M.
No. 57, ! 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No.58, ! 8:15 A. M.

* Daily. ! Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., can 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In effect September 25, 1912.

Winter Park, Wrightsville, Wrightsville Beach and Intermediate Points.

EAST BOUND. Leave Wilmington for Winter Park	EAST BOUND. Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville	EAST BOUND. Leave Wilmington for The Beach	WEST BOUND. Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	WEST BOUND. Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	WEST BOUND. Leave The Beach for Wilmington
* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:27 A. M.	* 6:15 A. M.	.....
6:55 " "	6:55 " "	.....	7:37 " "	7:25 " "	.....
.....	.....	.....	* 8:07 " "	* 7:55 " "	* 7:45 " "
* 8:00 " "	* 8:00 " "	.....	* 8:42 " "	* 8:30 " "	.....
! 8:00 " "	! 8:00 " "	! 8:00 " "	! 9:07 " "	! 8:55 " "	! 8:45 " "
* 8:30 " "	* 8:30 " "	* 8:30 " "	* 9:37 " "	* 9:25 " "	* 9:15 " "
! 9:30 " "	! 9:30 " "	.....	10:12 " "	10:00 " "	.....
10:00 " "	10:00 " "	10:00 " "	11:07 " "	10:55 " "	10:45 " "
11:30 " "	11:30 " "	11:30 " "	12:37 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
o 1:00 P. M.	o 1:00 P. M.	o 1:00 P. M.	2:07 " "	1:55 " "	1:45 " "
2:00 " "	2:00 " "	.....	2:42 " "	2:30 " "	.....
x 2:30 " "	.....	.....	x 3:10 " "	.....	.....
3:00 " "	3:00 " "	3:00 " "	x 3:45 " "	.....	.....
x 3:30 " "	.....	.....	4:07 " "	3:55 " "	3:45 " "
x 4:00 " "	.....	.....	x 4:40 " "	.....	.....
4:30 " "	4:30 " "	4:30 " "	.....	.....	.....
x 5:00 " "	.....	.....	x 5:15 " "	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	5:37 " "	5:25 " "	5:15 " "
5:30 " "	5:30 " "	5:30 " "	6:47 " "	6:35 " "	6:25 " "
6:10 " "	6:10 " "	6:10 " "	7:17 " "	7:05 " "	6:55 " "
7:10 " "	7:10 " "	7:10 " "	8:12 " "	8:00 " "	7:50 " "
8:30 " "	8:30 " "	8:30 " "	9:37 " "	9:25 " "	9:15 " "
10:00 " "	10:00 " "	.....	10:42 " "	10:30 " "	.....
11:00 " "	11:00 " "	11:00 " "	12:07 " "	11:55 " "	11:45 " "

Special for Saturdays and Sundays.

Leave Wilmington every half hour from 2:00 until 5:30 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 until 5:45 P. M.

Cars marked (*) do not run on Sundays.
Cars marked (!) run Sundays only.
Cars marked (x) superceded by half-hour schedule Saturdays and Sundays.
Cars marked (o) leave at 1:10 P. M. Saturdays.

Freight Schedule.

Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ninth and Orange Streets 3:00 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:00 to 3:00 P. M.

Clyde Steamship Company to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Navahoe" Friday, Oct. 25.
Steamship "Carib" Friday, Nov. 1st.

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship "Carib", Saturday, Oct. 26.
Steamship "Navahoe" Saturday, Oct. 2.

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Carib", Monday, Oct. 21st.
Steamship "Navahoe", Monday, Oct. 28

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.
For freight, apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Sup't.
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD,
Freight Traffic Manager.
M. H. RAYMOND, V.-P. and G. M.

HARPER LINE STEAMERS.

Steamer will leave Wilmington daily (except Sunday) for Southport and Fort Caswell 9:30 A. M. Leaves Southport 2:30 P. M.
se 8 tf.

WE WILL MAIL YOU $1 for each set of old False Teeth sent us. Highest prices paid for old Gold, Silver, old Watches, Broken Jewelry and Precious Stones.
MONEY SENT BY RETURN MAIL.
Phila. Smelting & Refining Company.
ESTABLISHED 20 YEARS.
863 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
TO DENTISTS:
We will buy your Gold Fillings, Gold Scrap and Platinum. Highest prices paid.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39-40 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEABOARD Air Line Railway

Schedule Effective July 7th, 1912.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

No. 45—5 A. M., arrive Hamlet, 9:05 A. M. Leave Hamlet, 9:25 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains Nos. 66 for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North, and with No. 81, for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points South. At Monroe with train No. 53, for Atlanta.

DAILY SLEEPER ON NO. 45 TRAIN FOR CHARLOTTE. OPEN FOR OCCUPANCY AT 10 O'CLOCK P. M.

No. 39—3:25 P. M., arrive Hamlet, 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11:00 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

No. 40—12:30 P. M. from Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 44—12:10 A. M. from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information, call on or telephone

CLAUDE MURRY,
Union Ticket Agent.
'Phone: 1294.
F. A. FETTER, C. A.,
'Phone 178.
Orton Hotel.
H. S. LEARD,
Div. Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

W. B. & S. R. R.

Schedule in Effect Thursday, Sept. 5, 1912.

P. M.		A. M.
*3:15	Lv. . . . Wilmington. . . .	Ar. 8:15
4:05	" . . . Town Creek . . .	" 7:20
4:20	" . . . Bolivia	" 7:05
4:55	Ar. . . . Southport . . .	Lv. 6:30

* Daily, except Sunday.

Special train operated Sunday only, leaving Southport, 6:30 A. M., arriving Wilmington, 8:15 A. M. Returning, leave Wilmington, 3:15 P. M., arriving Southport, 4.55 P. M.

H. E. GOODWIN,
Jy12-tf Traffic Manager.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and BestLine West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.

Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:55 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent Richmond, Va.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carrier in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business, without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, October 27, 1912.

Don't even be a muffled knocker. Be a blatant booster.

Men who fly in the face of the facts are bound to get their wings clipped.

There is always a great man for every crisis, and for this one Woodrow Wilson is the man.

"Why change?" asks Taft. Because we want to get more for our money. Anything for a change.

What has become of the old-fashioned lady whose dresses used to have pockets big enough to carry all the money of the family and then some?

The egotism of some men is so great that they think they have made a great record when they have been fairly successful in performing an ordinary duty.

A Chicago preacher estimates that there are 3,000,000 abnormal in the United States. He may be correct, but we hardly think there are that many Bull Moosers in the country.

Says Dorothy Dix: "Women ought not to promise to obey their husbands." That would be violating a matrimonial precedent which gives a woman a chance to show what an insurgent can do.

A Texan wants damages in the amount of $20,000 for the loss of a toe. No doubt he wants entirely too much, but it must be admitted that a Texan minus a toe would be compelled to quit going barefooted.

The arrogant pretensions of General Felix Diaz compared with his fiasco in action teaches us that some men who think they are the whole show are merely the endmen of a grotesque performance.

Between now and next Saturday you will have your last chance to let your money talk for Wilson. This is the last week of the campaign, but your donation will help to pay up the expenses of a campaign that has had very little to back it.

Says the Norfolk Virginian-Pilot: "Mr. Carnegie is quoted as saying that he wouldn't give up his residence in the United States for a trip to Paradise, and it is just barely possible that he never will." Mr. Carnegie has the satisfaction of knowing that the balance of us, rather than take chances on it, prefer to send for the doctor.

We can't imagine any claim that the Bull Moose has on farmers, because when he was President the price of cotton was below the cost of production. We don't think he had anything to do with it, but Republicans seem to think prices depend upon politics in spite of the demand for products at home and abroad. Little Republican arguments are mostly funny.

We once saw Federal troops cast more than a hundred Ku-Klux in jail, but only one man in the layout turned traitor to the clansmen. After the others got out of jail and the troops were still in camp in the edge of town, his former companions gave him a horsewhipping and warned him not to tell anything more. He didn't, but the last time we saw him he had never recovered from the intimidation. This 'was on the scene of Tom Dixon's novels, and we recall it because Dixon's books record incidents which caused President Grant to declare martial law in ten counties in South Carolina. It should be stated that the Senatorial primary in North Carolina will not be quite so troublesome to President Taft.

THE WORKING MAN'S WAGES.

The working people of this country should remember that while our high tariff shuts out the products of the so-called cheap labor of Europe and makes prices high for all of us in this country, it does not by any means prevent cheap European labor from coming here. Higher wages here necessarily would attract cheap labor from Europe. However, the great mass of working people in the United States are not in the least affected by the cheap labor which remains in Europe. If that labor comes overseas it affects labor in some industries—for instance, in the woolen factories at Lawrence, Mass.

This is a notable instance showing that protected manufacturers import foreign labor to work for lower wages than our home labor is entitled to under the protective tariff. Logically, the protective tariff ought to make wages good in the protected industries, but when they are higher than the manufacturers want to pay they draw on Europe for a cheaper supply. Lower wages are paid by our protected industries than are paid by those which get no benefit from the tariff. Three-fourths of the working people of this country are employed in non-protected industries, and they pay their share of the tribute levied on the masses to make millionaires who can subscribe $100,000 to the campaign funds of their political allies.

Republican papers and spellbinders very glibly tell the working people that the protective tariff is for their benefit, but even in the protected industries they do not get the benefit. That fact is so notorious that Colonel Roosevelt has recognized the plain truth and in order to seduce the working men into voting for him he is declaring that he is in favor of a tariff plan by which "more" of the protective tariff should get into the pay envelopes of the working men. That is precisely what ought to be done, but during President Roosevelt's two terms it went into the coffers of the protected barons. During his two terms, during Taft's one term, and during fifty years of Republicanism no such plan was ever presented. On the contrary, Republican platforms have specifically declared for "protection for American industries" and not for protection for American working men. The average working man's wages do not depend upon the tariff at all, but if there is any benefit for workers it must be in those industries that get the benefit of the tariff. However, do the working people employed in the protected industries get their share? If they do, why do they have to strike for it after the passage of every new tariff law? The simple answer is that they do not get their share unless they get it by costly and ruinous strikes. Working people ought to mark well that most of the strikes are among those employed in protected industries.

The working man ought to know by this time that the tariff is neither a guarantee of his wages nor of his employment. With a high Republican tariff when Roosevelt was President in 1907, the industrial system of this country went to smash. There were no wages of any kind in many of the industries, for they were closed. The tariff did not prevent their being closed, and it did not prevent the workers from being out of a job. It was the protected industries which suffered most during the Roosevelt panic, and since working people have good memories all they have to do is to recall which industries went to the bad and left them in the soup.

Working men have probably learned that most of their good wages have been the result of their labor unions. They also are probably aware that the price of labor depends upon whether labor is scarce or plentiful. If there are few to fill the jobs labor is in demand. If there are more laborers than there are jobs labor becomes cheap. Thus, the law of supply and demand regulates wages, where there are no monopolies or combinations to fix arbitrary prices.

In communities where there are protected industries and non-protected industries the price of labor depends upon the demand for labor and the character of employment. For instance, the unprotected cotton picking industry in Louisiana pays as much wages as the protected sugar cane industry. Protection for the sugar industry helps the producers but not the laborers, for those who work in the cane fields do not get any more wages than those who work in the cotton fields. When hands are scarce the wages for labor in the cotton fields and the cane fields go up, and if labor were plentiful wages would be low. Right now the unprotected cotton fields of Louisiana and Texas are paying $1 a day for pickers and the protected cane growers are forced to pay that or get no hands. They do not pay it because the unprotected industry can pay the best price. The one which is aided by the government's tariff law ought to pay the most, but it doesn't. It only pays what labor gets on an average in all other industries.

The protective tariff, therefore, is no guarantee of wages and it does not prevent American working men from competing with foreign labor, for foreign labor can be brought to compete with American labor, and as a matter of fact the products of American labor are being sold abroad in competition with the products of the so-called pauper labor of Europe. Protected manufacturers are selling their products in Europe and South America cheaper than they sell them at home, and they are thus compelling American labor to compete with foreign labor.

We write this in order to warn working people not to be deceived by the newspapers and political speakers who are telling them that good wages depend upon keeping the special privilege party in power. Nine-tenths of the working men ought also to remember that they are not employed in protected industries and that whatever salaries or wages they get are absorbed by the high prices levied on all of us by the monopolies and trusts for whose existence the Republican tariff is responsible. The monopolies and trusts are the ones who get the benefit of protection, and that is precisely the reason that they subscribed nearly three-fourths of the money to elect Roosevelt in 1904. Don't let any of us be deceived. The record and the facts speak loudly for themselves.

FOOT OF WATER WORTH $7,000,000

The deepening of the channel of the Savannah river and the improvement of the port of Savannah amply justify the expenditure of the government in preparing the waterways of the country for promoting its commerce. The growth of Savannah's commerce since 1880, shows that for every foot of navigable water added to the channel and harbor, the port has done $7,000,000 of commerce. Thus the government has not made an expenditure at Savannah but an investment which yields a handsome return. The growth of exports and imports at Savannah, increasing with the depth of water at periods, is shown by the following table prepared by Secretary Thomas Purse, of the Savannah Board of Trade:

Feet	Imports.	Exports
1880—19	$ 483,802	$23,992,364
1890—22	372,343	30,884,451
1900—25 1-2 ...	430,040	38,251,981
1908—28	2,043,847	61,695,330
1912—30	5,131,839	104,288,887

The Savannah Morning News says of the achievement at that port:

"Complete returns for the fiscal year 1912 ending June 30, show that Savannah has gained in foreign exports 104.5 per cent. over the year 1909, while for the nine months of the present calendar year up to September 30th, the total gain over the same period of 1911 has been $11,700,312.

"Of all the exports from the Atlantic ports south of New York, Savannah contributes one-fourth, contributing more than any one other port and outranking such cities as Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

"The steady increase in the amount of diversified freights leaving this port, it is pointed out, is one of the most favorable features of its development. Cotton and naval stores have long been considered the staple exports, but owing to the late season the exports of cotton this year have been approximately $5,500,000 less than in 1911, while the exports of naval stores have remained practically stationary.

"Therefore the total increase of $11,700,312, plus the falling off in cotton, making a total of $17,200,612 represents a gain in diversified freights. This, it is urged, clearly reveals that Savannah is becoming the outlet for products of all sorts from the Middle and Western States, and there is room for an almost unlimited growth in this field.

"Secretary Purse calls attention to the fact that the total cost to the city of the harbor improvements which brought about this development was but $9,000. The fund was appropriated by the City Council to carry on a campaign mapped out by the Board of Trade, which finally resulted in the passage of the act of Congress of 1892, appropriating $3,500,000 for the deepening of the channel of the Savannah river."

Savannah's thirty foot channel shows what we can expect from a 30 foot channel from Wilmington to the ocean. Work is now going forward on plans to provide this port with such a channel and Wilmington's commerce already warrants the expenditure which the government has made and is to make on this ocean gateway project.

The splendid result at Savannah shows that the government appropriations for developing commerce are not "so much graft", and so far as the old "pork barrel" policy used to prevail, that has long since given way to a definite government policy towards meritorious waterways projects. Appropriations for a great port for North Carolina, the increase of the State's commerce, and the provision of a rate basing point for the lowering of freight rates in the State, is the greatest constructive work that can be done for the State. No other service of North Carolina's representatives at Washington can compare with what they can do for their people in this connection.

WILSON AND MARSHALL DAY

Next Saturday, November 2nd, has been appointed by the National Democracy as "Wilson and Marshall Day." On that day Democrats from the Atlantic to the Pacific are expected to hold rallies and unite with a nationwide impulse in the purpose to elect a Democratic President, Vice President and Congress.

The plan to hold these conclaves of the great Democratic hosts embraces a two-fold purpose—one to inspire enthusiasm and move every Democrat to go to the polls; the other, to show the country the strength, power and earnestness of the Democratic party.

All over the country great preparations are made to carry out the plans. We hope North Carolina will have many a rally. In some of the States arrangements have been made to hold big meetings, and even small meetings are urged in rural districts if only a dozen can assemble.

One of the plans is to have a message from Woodrow Wilson to the Democracy. Wherever there is a gathering his message will be delivered, and it can be inferred what a tremendous effect will be this union of spirit among the people who want their government restored to them.

President Taft tried to make us feel good a few days ago by issuing a statement claiming that the high cost of living would soon come down because the farmers have produced such bumper crops that food prices are bound to be cheaper. This is where Taft dropped his candy so far as we farmers are concerned. He ought not to want low prices to be saddled on the farmers without reducing the price of what the farmers have to buy. If the farmers receive low prices and have to pay high ones, the agriculture of the country would become depressed. Agriculture is the country's greatest and most important industry, and the farmer is as much the victim of tariff prices as anybody else. From the standpoint of a farmer, we want to say to Mr. Taft that if the prices of farm products are to take a tumble we want trust-made prices to be pruned. We can only do that by reducing their tariff graft, and Woodrow Wilson is the man to see that the manufacturers shall bear a part of the relief that is to come from lowering the cost of living.

A strong test of a man's courage comes when he has the choice of "squealing" on his pals in order to save himself, or elects to take his medicine along with those whose full partner he has been in wrong doing. Men who have no moral courage will "squeal," but they are the ones who are most capable of committing a deed and making others the scapegoat.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Chairman McCombs, of the Democratic National Campaign Committee, has returned from a conference with 100 leaders in the campaign in the Western and Middle States. He has planned a stirring campaign finish in those States. All of the reports received from twenty States are encouraging, he says. He was especially pleased with the assaurance that Illinois, which the Bull Moose has been claiming, will be in the Democratic column. Not only was he told that Illinois is sure for Wilson but that the entire State ticket will be elected, and some old-time Republican Congressmen are to be routed. "Uncle Joe Cannon is on the run for his political life and Congressman McKinley is having the toughest political fight of his life and the chances are against him," says Mr. McCombs. All of which makes good Democratic reading.—Savannah News.

Collier's Weekly will not be quite the same without its admirable and brilliant editor, Norman Hapgood. Now that his resignation has come, the rupture between him and Mr. Collier, the owner, is given much publicity. There were political differences—Editor Hapgood being for Wilson and Owner Collier for Roosevelt. During the remaining two weeks of the campaign, the paper will work for the Bull Moose, but it is too late for it to undo all that Hapgood did for Wilson. The late editor admits that he and the owner did not agree on politics, but insists that politics was nothing to Mr. Collier compared with advertising. It was really because he would not submit to being bossed by the circulation and advertising departments, declares Mr. Hapgood, that the rupture was forced upon him. This is a curious situation for an office from which was conducted a campaign of exposure of the advertising crookedness of other publications without parallel in American journalism.—Springfield Republican (Ind.)

HAPGOOD'S RESIGNATION.

With the passing of Norman Hapgood as editor of Collier's Weekly, that guiding star of American destinies will hereafter shed its rays along the road which Col. Roosevelt fondly hopes will lead him to the realization of his ambitions and leave in darkness the road which Woodrow Wilson, followed by seven million votes, is traveling. Mr. Hapgood was inclined toward Wilson's candidacy, and Mr. Collier favored the Bull Moose. After leaning first to the one and then to the other in efforts to keep its equilibrium on the fence, Collier's finally fell on the Wilson side. It will now pick itself up and vault over to the other side, where it will be found supporting Col. Roosevelt.

Hapgood's preference for Wilson and Collier's preference for Roosevelt is given by the latter as the reason for the editor's resignation. While admitting that this difference of opinion existed, Mr. Hapgood declares that there are other reasons for his resignation, and that this difference between owner and editor is merely an excuse. Be that as it may, the fact remains that Hapgood is out and Collier's has lost a brilliant and entertaining editor. That Collier's will hereafter support Col. Roosevelt is of minor importance. Only two weeks remain before the election, and in that time even the brilliant Mr. Collier will not be able to stem the tide that has set Wilsonward. Democratic readers of Collier's and those independents who are supporting Wilson see in this change of policy nothing alarming or even of great importance, but all readers of the Weekly will regret the retirement of Norman Hapgood, who for nine years has made its editorial columns among the most interesting in the country.—Richmond Virginian.

Consult Dr. Vinsberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple, about your eyes. No charge for examination. Spectacles or eye glasses from $1 up. (Advertisement.)

New coat suits just received at Rehder's: best styles, good material, $12.50 to $25.00 per suit. No charge for alteration. (advertisement.)

New Coat Suits

New Hats---New Dresses

A collection from which many may choose and yet each selection will have marked individuality. Each detail of style and finish and workmanship shows the touch of the skilled designer and worker—the fit and cut, the materials, the arrangement, the general effect, all show the carefulness one expects in good to-order work, but with great added advantage of choosing from numerous finished garments, at popular prices—$12.50 to $25.00.

Children's School Dresses, big assortment in sizes 6 to 14, at 50c, 69c, 98c, $1.25. Norfolk Suits at $1.98.

Women's, Misses' and Children's Cloaks in great variety.

New Wool Serge Skirts, black and navy; a splendid bargain, at $4.50.

New Beaver Hats, large and small, various shapes.

New Art Squares, variously priced.

Matting Art Squares, 9x12 feet, at	$ 3.50	Brussels Art Squares, 9x12 feet, at	9.98
Matting Art Squares, 9x12 feet, at	4.50	Velvet Art Squares, 9x12 feet, at	15.00
Dresden Wool Fiber, 9x12 feet, at	8.50	Saxony Axminster Art Squares, 9x12 feet, at	22.50

SHOES—The Shoe Sale will continue for a few more days; the French shoes must be closed out; the prices are wonderfully low. You cannot afford to miss this splendid opportunity. Come and see us.

"Charmeuse" the new yard-wide Silks, all colors, at $1.50 the yd.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CARFARE

New Neckwear, New Silks, New Gloves, New Hosiery

WILSON CAMPAIGN SONG
(For Band).

Who spoke the word! What does it mean?
Have you the writing on the old wall seen—
Wilson! Wilson!

Seven little Governors, who urged to run—
The man who had shot with a big gun game!
Teddy! Teddy!
One little Governor, best of the seven—
Out of his party will not be driven.
Osborn! Osborn!

Who heard the word? The devil is to play!
Wall Street is holding of a meeting, they say.
Wilson! Wilson!
Harvey and Belmont—What do you say?
Are you signing for the Woodrow play?
Wilson! Wilson!

Woodrow's for Rep. and Woodrow's for Dem.
There is no fly specks sticking on him.
Wilson! Wilson!
No use to bolt from the old party now,
Vote for the man who can settle the row.
Wilson! Wilson!

Who spoke the word that's humming around?
Say, does it sound like a third party sound?
Wilson! Wilson!

Yes, he's the man, the man of the day;
If you don't like him, don't get in the way.
Wilson! Wilson!

(Note: The first line of every third verse repeats between the second and fourth lines of third verse. The "Old Wall" is Wall street, weighed in the balance and found wanting.)
—Composed by N. F. Nixon, July 12th, 1912.

New art squares, matting, 9x12 $3.50 and $4.50; Brussell 9x12, $9.98; Velvet 9x12, $15; Saxony Axminster 9x12, $22.50 at Rehder's Rug Sale. (Advertisement.)

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

A REGAL HEAD

How often do we hear or see this expression used in describing a beautiful woman!

Denude that head of its hair and instead of a queenly, royal bearing we have a fright. The hair makes all the difference. To have that glorious abundance of radiant hair which always crowns "a regal head," one should use Newbro's Herpicide.

Herpicide represents the last word in scientific hair culture. It destroys the dandruff germ, checks falling hair and corrects generally, diseases of the hair and scalp.

The positive results and its delicate but refreshing odor recommends Newbro's Herpicide to ladies of refinement everywhere.

Send 10c in postage for sample bottle of Herpicide and booklet to The Herpicide Co., Dept. R., Detroit, Mich.

One dollar size bottle sold and guaranteed by all druggists.

Applications made by the best barbers and hair dressers.

ROBT. R. BELLAMY, Special Agent.

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All forms of Disease successfully handled—90 per cent. relieved—by our method. Women's and Children's Diseases a Specialty. Consultation Free.
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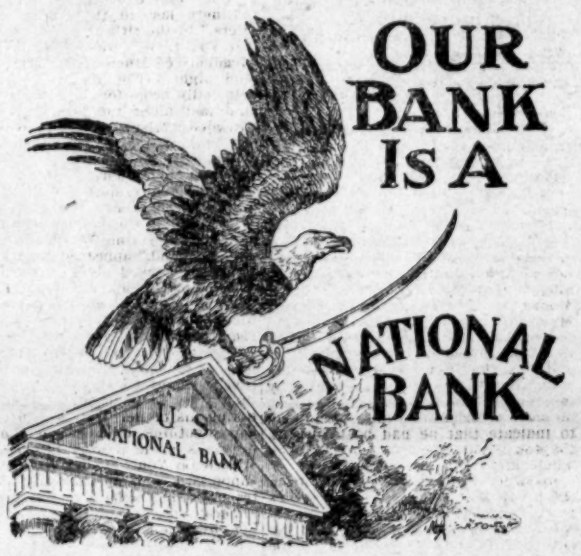

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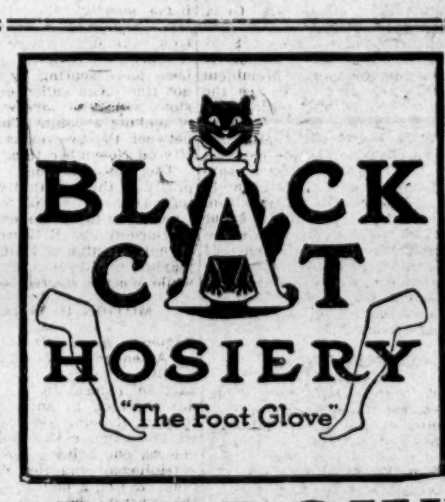


A. D. BROWN

TRY ONE

Have you some money to invest? Then try one of our Four Per Cent. Certificates of Deposit. They are just the thing. No worry; no trouble. Just collect your interest every three months.

Our pass book accounts are a great convenience and pay Four Per Cent. Compound Interest. One Dollar opens an account. Start today. No time like the present

Home Savings Bank

115 N. FRONT ST., ORTON BLDG.

MORE CASES DISPOSED OF

Several Alleged Women Vagrants Throw Themselves on Mercy of Court—Decide to Lead Better Lives—Warning.

Cases against women of the underworld charging them with vagrancy by reason of keeping disorderly houses were taken up again in the Recorder's court yesterday morning. Further trials in the cases were continued until next Saturday, but several defendants announced that they desired to throw themselves upon the mercy of the court and lead better lives in the future, whereupon the prosecuting attorney took a nol pros. The women agree to leave the district in which they live and not to again violate the law.

Those who threw themselves on the mercy of the court yesterday were Mattie Johnson, Florence Parham, Grace George, Mannie Jones and Thelma Arlington. The following is the entry made in each of these cases: "The defendant comess into court and throws herself upon its mercy; promises to lead a better life and hereafter to keep out of bawdy houses, whereupon the prosecuting attorney takes a nol pros wiht leave. Capiases to issue thereon at any time until barred by statute of limitation upon information given that defendant is violating the promise."

Cases against Mabel Stephens, Marie Johnson, Ida Davis were continued until November 2nd as the defendants stated that they desired to leave the city in the meantime. Capiases are to be issued if the defendants are found in the city on that date.

All of the other cases were continued until next Saturday. The Recorder stated that he would not announce judgment in the cases against Mattie Allen until Tuesday. She was found guilty Friday in one case for vagrancy and the prosecuting attorney prayed judgment in an old case. It has been intimated that the woman, like many others, is arranging to leave the city.

A case against Kate Brindle, a white woman, charged with keeping a disorderly house, was continued until Monday.

The case against James Walton, a white man, charged with selling whiskey, was nol prossed with leave it appearing that Tate Walker, also white, the witness in the case, had left the jurisdiction of the court. Walker is charged with drunkenness. It was when he was arrested on this offense 10 days or two weeks ago, that he gave the information that led to the arrest of Walton two weeks ago.

A case against Sue Brown, colored, charged with assault and battery, was not sustained by the evidence. It was alleged that the negress struck T. J. Moore, Jr., the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Moore, with a stick. Mr. Moore said that he could not testify that the defendant struck his child and that he was merely proceeding upon the statement made to him by the nurse. He said that there were no mark or bruises on the child's body to indicate that he had been hit. L. Clayton Grant, Esq., appeared for the defendant.

Recorder Furlong gave notice from the bench that persons renting houses to the women who plan to live separately had best be careful, for if the occupants of the houses should be found to be violating their agreement and are convicted in his court that he would cause warrants to be issued against the owners of the houses for renting houses for immoral purposes. He expressed his intention to see that the law with regard to bawdy houses is enforced.

PANAMA AND JAMAICA TOURS.

Proposed Trips of the Evangeline Attracting Much Interest.

The eight tours of the new six thousand ton ship Evangeline from Key West to Colon, Panama Zone; Kingston, Jamaica, and Havana, Cuba, announced by the Atlantic Coast Line and Peninsular and Occidental S. S. Co., is attracting much attention in Wilmington among many prominent citizens who are anxious to see the canal before it is flooded with water next Summer, and enjoy the stops which will be made at Jamaica and Havana as well as to see the over-sea railroad. The railroad and steamship fares will aggregate approximately $164 for the entire round trip from Wilmington, which will include about 11 days board and lodging aboard the magnificent Evangeline, which has 262 first-class state rooms. The first sailing by Key West will be January 7th and the second on the 21st. Best accommodations can be obtained by reserving state rooms now.

WILL SPEAK HERE

Rev. R. W. Patton to Speak at St. James' and Good Shepherd

Preparatory to the annual missionary convention of the Episcopal church in most of the Southern States, the Rev. Robt. W. Patton will speak this morning at St. James' church, and at night at the Church of the Good Shepherd. Mr. Patton is an interesting and eloquent speaker, and deals with his subject always with force and moving conviction.

As but few of the men of the Episcopal church in Wilmington will be able to attend the convention in Charlotte, it is hoped that as many as possible will take advantage of this opportunity to learn something of the motives and methods of the church's missionary work at this time.

Gives Up Pastorate Here.

Rev. O. T. Mattox, who has been pastor for the past two years of the Advent Christian church, corner Fourth and Church streets, has resigned and expects to leave Wilmington about November 1st. His plans for the future have not yet been announced. Mr. Mattox was very popular in his congregation and his resignation was reluctantly accepted. Since their residence in this city Mr. and Mrs. Mattox have greatly endeared themselves to a host of friends, who will learn of their proposed departure with deep regret. The church has not yet taken up the matter of a successor to Mr. Mattox.

Don't forget the Purity Meeting at the Academy this afternoon.

MISSIONARY COUNCIL

Three Days Session of Missionary Department of Sewanee

The three days council of the missionary department of Sewanee will be held October 29th, 30th and 31st at Charlotte, in St. Peters church with Bishop Cheshire presiding. Among those who expect to attend from Wilmington are Rt. Rev. Robert Strange, D. D.; Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., Rev. T. P. Noe, Rev. W. E. Cox and Mrs. Cox, Mrs. N. N. Davis, Mrs. W. A. Townes, Mrs. John C. James and Miss Susie Price.

During the meeting the Bishop of South Carolina will discuss "What the Church Is Doing for Our Own Country," and Rev. B. L. Ancell, of China, will speak on "The Church's Contribution to National Life in The Orient." Wednesday morning of the council will be given over to a business meeting, the afternoon to a discussion of settlement work and training schools with an evening dinner and ten minute talks by laymen on missionary subjects. Thursday morning Bishop Weeds, of Florida, will speak on "The Church's Responsibility for the Negro," and in the afternoon Bishop Horner, of Asheville, will discuss "The Church's Responsibility to the Mountaineers." In the evening Bishop Cheshire will preside at the closing session. "Facts from the Front" will be the subject of an address by John Wood, secretary of the Board of Missions and Bishop Thos. F. Gailor, of Tennessee, will speak on "Why the Church Needs a World Field."

The Woman's Auxiliary will conduct its meetings in connection with the men's sessions except at the closing session in which all will join. The business of the auxiliary will be in the parish house with communion and business session Wednesday morning and an address by Miss Grace Lindsey in the afternoon. "Work Among the Mountaineers and Mill Workers" will be the subject at the evining session. Thursday morning "United Offering" and "Work Among the Negroes" will be the subjects for discussion. In the afternoon Mr. John Wood will deliver an address and at 5 o'clock there will be a reception.

ALMA WAS IN TOWN.

The Fasinating Creature Informed Two Audiences Where She Lives.

With Miss Grace Drew, who appeared here last in the "Chocolate Soldiers," in the title role, "Alma, Where Do You Live?" was presented at the Academy of Music yesterday, matinee and night. The matinee crowd was unusually large for an afternoon show and last night the theatre was well crowded. Miss Drew, a most fascinating creature, made a very convincing Alma, with a pleasing voice—one of the best heard here lately, in fact—a good stage presence and simply captivated both of her audiences.

One got all the laughs he was looking for every time Mr. Carlton King, as "Theobold," appeared, for he a comedian of marked ability. Charles Orr, as Pierre LePeach, the country youth, took his part well and he has a splendid voice which was fully up to the requirements of the songs he sang. While those mentioned essayed the leading roles and deserve special mention it might be said in passing that the entire cast was excellent, each one taking his or her part in a manner to leaves nothing to be desired. A number of songs made a hit. While "Alma, Where Do You Live?" is one of those supposedly naughty shows, but few attractions that come this way give more general satisfaction apparently than did this one.

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS BACK.

Football Squad Returned Last Night From Contest at Washington.

Jubilant over their victory in defeating the Washington, N. C., eleven by a score of 6 to 0 Friday afternoon, the Wilmington High School football team returned last night. The local boys have a right to feel good over their victory, for the Washington team was the champion last season of the Tidewater section of the State and this was the team's first defeat in two seasons. The Wilmington lads are confident of their ability to pile a larger score had it not been for the fact that they were somewhat worn from their long trip from Wilmington to Washington. As it was, there would doubtless have been more scoring by the locals had not time been called on several occasions when the boys were on the eve of making a point. The next contest between the two teams will be in this city on Noevmber 16th.

The boys returned loud in their praise of the hospitality of the Washington people. The features of the game were the all round work of Capt. C. Burnett and R. Burnett, the broken field running of Hall, the defensive playing of Grant, for Wilmington, while Weston starred for Washington.

MOTION IN MILLS CASE.

Request Made That Warrant be Amended to Charge Flashing.

When young Frank Mills was arraigned before Justice King yesterday morning to answer a charge of forgery, it being alleged that he forged the name of his mother to two checks, one being passed off on Peck & Holloway and the other on J. M. Solky & Co., a motion was made that the warrant be amended to charge check flashing, which would put the case in the jurisdiction of the Recorder's court. The idea was to arrange the case so immediate action could be taken toward sending the youth to the reformatory at Concord. J. A. McNorton, Esq., who represents the prosecution, joined in the request to amend the warrant. The justice took the matter under advisement until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock and in default of $500 bond the boy was remanded to jail. It is understood that the magistrate will not agree to amend the warrant unless he knows for a certainty that the youth is going immediately to the reformatory.

Assistant to Local Engineer.

First Lieut. Clarence S. Ridley, of the Second Battalion of Engineers, of Fort Leavenworth, Kan., has been detailed as military assistant to Maj. H. W. Stickle, United States Engineer in charge of this district. He is expected to report here for duty in a short time. Major Stickle has just returned to the city from the annual test ride that the officers are required to take. With 15 others, seven of the number being engineers. Major Stickle took the three-day 90-mile trip.

Don't forget the Purity Meeting at the Academy this afternoon.

"PURITY MEETING" HERE TODAY

Dr. Howard A. Kelly and Mr. Samuel E. Pentz to Speak in Academy This Afternoon—Order of Exercises—Visitors.

All preparations have been made for the mass meeting in the interest of Purity to be held at the Academy this afternoon at 4:30. The programme will begin promptly at that time, in order that the speakers may not be crowded for time in making their train back to Baltimore, and will open with a hymn, followed by prayer by Dr. J. M. Wells and the introductory address by Dr. Wm. H. Milton. The introduction of Dr. Kelly will be by Dr. T. S. Burbank and then will follow the address of Dr. Howard A. Kelly and the address by Mr. Samuel E. Pentz. The exercises will conclude with a hymn, closing prayer and the benediction by Bishop Robert Strange.

Both of the visiting speakers come absolutely without remuneration save the consciousness of trying to help in a great cause. Both of them come out of exceedingly busy occupations. Dr. Howard A. Kelly is no doubt as busy a man as there is in this country, and his work is one which makes as heavy a drain upon the nervous system as any in which man can engage. In addition to his work at the Johns Hopkins University, and in the hospitals of the city, he maintains a large sanitarium for his surgical patients, who come to him from all parts of the country and whose number equals that of the inmates of many a large hospital.

Mr. Samuel E. Pentz is a prominent lawyer of Baltimore, and during the last year has given untiring and efficient service to his city as counsel for the Society for the Suppression of Vice. Under his direction this society has eliminated the social evil to an almost unhoped for extent in Baltimore. His practical experience will be an invaluable aid to the authorities of the law here, as well as to those who are privately interested in the reform of such conditions as exist here. Now that the Recorder's Court has declared itself uncompromisingly against any license of the social evil in Wilmington, and has set itself unfalteringly to correct its traffic, it is of the utmost importance that the further work of education and reformation which the people themselves must do be carried on inteligently, efficiently and unrelentingly.

These speakers, therefore, come at a most auspicious and necessary crisis, and are eminently fitted in character, by profession and through experience to throw a world of light on the solution of the difficult problems connected with this evil. Dr. Kelly is as near an absolute authority on the medical side of this question as it would be possible to find; and Mr. Pentz as near an absolute authority on the legal side as to methods of dealing with it, as could well be gotten.

It makes no difference what one's attitude towards this subject may be at the present, this meeting should be of supreme interest to every thinking man and youth in Wilmington. Surely, there can be no man who does not want enlightenment on this great problem of civilization; none who does not at least desire improvement in the morals of his community; none who is willing to write himself down as altogether indifferent whether things are better or worse in his community than elsewhere. To every class such an effort as this meeting represents should appeal most strongly. It is not an appeal to the love of sensation nor will it cater to the craving for the prurient. Both of the speakers are gentlemen of refinement and the highest culture, and will appeal to the intelligence and conscience of their audience. The least any man, then, can do, is to give the subject a fair hearing, and reserve his criticism for later expression.

It is hoped that the youth of the city will be present in large numbers. Boys of 14 years and up probably are old enough to have known evil, and, knowing it should not be deprived of all the safeguards to be found against it. The usual accommodation has been reserved for the colored people who are being urged to attend.

Nothing further remains to be said but to voice the hope that this meeting may be a mighty force in the future for the reformation of morals and the establishment of a high standard of social purity in this community.

THE SUBURBAN SCHEDULE.

Some Changes on the Beach Line Will Go Into Effect Tuesday.

Attention is called to the change in schedule on the suburban line to go into effect Tuesday, October 29th. The change affects the late afternoon and evening cars only, the other part of the schedule remaining as it is at present. Additional service is provided for Winter Park and Wrightsville, though there is some curtailment in the through service to the beach.

Under the new schedule the cars leaving Front and Princess streets at 5:30, 6:10 and 7:10 P. M. will turn back at Wrightsville instead of going through to the Beach. On returning these cars will leave Wrightsville at 6:00, 6:40 and 7:55 P. M.

An additional car for the beach will be added, this car to leave Front and Princess streets for the beach at 6:40 P. M. and returning leave the beach at 7:20 P. M.

The leaving time from Front and Princess streets of the last car at night will be changed from 11 P. M. to 11:15 P. M. and this car will also turn back at Wrightsville instead of going through to the beach. On this return trip this car will leave Wrightsville at 11:45 P. M., and leave Winter Park at 11:57 P. M.

The half-hour schedule on Saturday and Sunday afternoons will be operated from 2 to 5 P. M. instead of 5:30 P. M., as at present.

Annual Meeting Today.

The annual meeting of the Christian Association of St. Paul's Lutheran church will be held at the Luther Memorial Building at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. All members are urgently requested to attend as matters of much importance are to be considered. It is earnestly desired that this meeting should be the largest ever assembled in the 24 years of the existence of the association.

PLANT BEGINS BUSINESS.

Wilmington Ice & Storage Company Ready to Start Up Tomorrow.

The plant of the Wilmington Ice & Storage Company, a new enterprise, will be put in operation tomorrow morning. It is located on Dock street, between Front and Second. Both the ice plant and the cold storage department will be in operation tomorrow. The company will not do a retail ice business, but will cater to the wholesale trade, that is, to the fish packers and others who use large quantities of ice. There are a number of stockholders of the company and most of these use large quantities of ice, so the output of the plant is practically contracted for. The company has the first cold storage plant to be put in operation in Wilmington and it is understood that its space has already been engaged and that plans are now being considered for enlarging this department.

Several of the stockholders in the Wilmington Ice & Storage Co., are interested in a fish pound that has recently been placed in the ocean a short distance from Southport. The fish industry has not been developed in Wilmington and territory like it should be, but if the gentlemen interested in the pound that has been installed are successful in their undertaking, Wilmington will assume its proper place as a fish market. The pound was "fished" for the first time Friday and something like 1,000 pounds of fish were found in the net. It is expected that several thousand pounds of fish will be caught every day. The fish are to be brought to Wilmington and shipped to the trade of the local dealers. It is expected that the cold storage plant will come in very handy for storing the fish for a day or two until they are shipped after being brought to the city.

POWER OFF THIS MORNING.

Certain Changes Being Made to the Lines—New Boiler Installed.

As some changes to the power lines are to be made the Tidewater Power Company gives notice that the current on all lights and motors except the elevator motors will be cut off this morning at 8 o'clock and will not be cut on again until about 11 o'clock. The current that operates the street cars will not be disturbed.

For some days now workmen have been busy installing an additional boiler at the power station. The boiler is 264 horse power and is made by Babcock & Wilcox. This boiler was made necessary on account of the increased demands made upon the power plant. When the boiler is placed in commission, which will be in about 30 days, the capacity will be greatly increased. The demands on the Tidewater Power Co., for lighting and power have been quite heavy during the past few years and the company is compelled to add to its equipment from year to year.

During the past few days the Tidewater Power Co., has had a force of men engaged in replacing defective bulbs and in polishing the reflectors surmounting the globes of the Tungsten light arches in the down-town district. The work was commenced Thursday, the day after members of Council remarked that they did not believe that the city was getting the usual amount of current in the lights.

SOCIAL MEETING PLANNED.

Fine Entertainment is Arranged for the Boys' Brigade Monday Night.

Members of the Boys' Brigade will engage in social amusement at their armory tomorrow night when they and members of their families will be present to enjoy the musical and other features of the programme arranged and also to partake of refreshments and to indulge in social intercourse. This will be in the nature of a family reunion and is intended that every member and the members of their families become acquainted with the members of other families in order that the community of interest which has been so marked among the members of the families of Company A may become equally as close among the families of every member of the institution, which, of course, includes the members of Company C and the members of their families.

A programme has been arranged which will afford pleasure and amusement for all who attend and it is thought that all who are invited will do so. This affair will be held in the armory auditorium and will being tomorrow night at 8:30. This promises to be one of the banner social events of the year at the Brigade armory and all the members are anticipating the good time in store for them. A public social will be held later in the season when all the friends of the institution will be entertained by the boys.

Highwood Company Organized

At a meeting Friday afternoon several business men decided to organize what is to be known as "The Highwood Company" for the purpose of developing and improving real estate in the city and county, especially that of the tract of land known as Highwood Park, containing 57 acres, and a tract opposite Highwood Park containing 60 acres. Those interested in the company are: Col. Walker Taylor, Messrs. C. N. Evans, B. O. Stone, J. W. Freeman, R. E. Williams, T. J. Gore, Chas. Schnibben, Eustace Norfleet, D. R. Foster, W. M. Cumming, H. F. Wilder, John VanB. Metts and J. J. Loughlin. It was decided to make application immediately for a charter and in the near future will cut up the property into lots and place it on the market.

Saved By His Wife

She's a wise woman who knows just what to do when her husband's life is in danger, but Mrs. R. J. Flint, Braintree, Vt., is of that kind. "She insisted on my using Dr. King's New Discovery," writes Mr. F. "for a dreadful cough, when I was so weak my friends all thought I had only a short time to live, and it completely cured me. A quick cure for coughs and colds, it's the most safe and reliable medicine for many throat and lung troubles—grip, bronchitis, croup, whooping cough, quinsy, tonsilitis, hemorrhages. A trial will convince you. 50 cents and $1. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy.

(Advertisement.)

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

Don't forget the Purity Meeting at the Academy this afternoon.

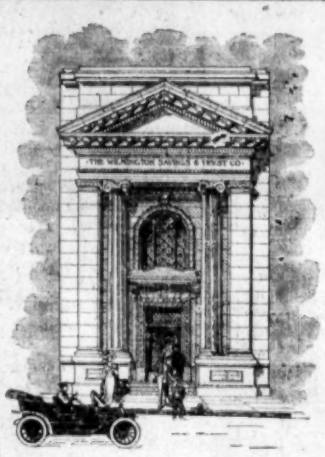
The Way To Save—Have a Savings Account at The Peoples Savings Bank

9. Extracts from a Diary.

"I thought sure I had lost my bank book recently. I called up the cashier and asked him what I could do so the finder could not draw my money. He told me there was no danger of that. Even if a dishonest person should find my bank book he cannot withdraw the money without a written order from me. They have my signature on file, so no one can forge my name.

"I found the book later, and when I got my pay envelope today I deposited ten dollars first thing. I'll not spend THAT ten foolishly.

"I think I can bank fifteen next month. Of course, I'm not spending as much as I used to, but this bank book sure looks good to me."



24 Years Old!

$2,400,000.00 Strong!

A Big Bank where Small Accounts are Welcome

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

110 Princess Street.

FOUR PER CENT. AND SAFETY

ONLY FIVE LEFT!

We have only five of these beautiful Carolina Heights Lots left; 66 feet wide, macadam streets and sewerage run to the lot. Three of these lots face Chestnut street and the South. For Home or Investment this property has our highest recommendation.

D. R. FOSTER & CO.

112 Princess Street. "We Sell the Earth."

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

Ladies' Suits,

Coats & Dresses

We have on display our entire stock of Fall and Winter Ladies' Suits, Coats and Dresses. We are not showing any leftovers—entire stock new this season. This department is one of the busiest in our store. Why? Because we have the largest assortment in the city, with the Right prices. We make no charge for alterations. Full assortment of Evening Dresses.

The Largest in the State

Our Carpet Department is the Largest in North Carolina. You can get suited if you visit this department in Wilton Velvet Art Squares, Body Brussels Art Squares, Axminster Art Squares, Crex Art Squares. Lace Curtains. Carpets for Parlor, Room, Hall and Stairs. Window Shades. Blankets, Comforters and Rugs.

We offer Bargains in Silk Messaline Petticoats, $1.98

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"THE STORE THAT'S ALWAYS BUSY

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Miss Mary Lee Borden, of New Orleans, is visiting relatives in this city.

* * *

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer: "Mrs. W. H. Sprunt and Mr. W. H. Sprunt, Jr., of Wilmington, were guests in the city yesterday."

* * *

Rev. John C. Wooten and bride have returned from their wedding trip which was pleasantly spent with relatives and friends in North Carolina.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Hussey have returned from Baltimore after a visit to Mrs. Hussey's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Moran, at Forest Park.

* * *

Miss Bonnie Broadfoot, of Black Mountain, N. C., is the attractive guest of Miss Luciana Poisson, in this city, and has been cordially greeted by many Wilmington friends.

* * *

Miss Helen Strange, who attended the James-Clark wedding at Tarboro last week has gone to Petersburg, where she will visit for some weeks, returning by the middle of November for the Short-Tabb wedding.

* * *

There is much interest in social circles in the marriage of Miss Charlotte Pleasants, the attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Pleasants, and Mr. E. P. Bailey, which takes place at St. James' Episcopal church, November 14th.

* * *

Mrs. Bettie H. Bridgers and daughters, Misses Ruth and Ernestine Bridgers, have returned from the western part of the State, where they spent the past several months. Miss Bessie Bridgers will be away several weeks longer.

* * *

The Wilmington branch of the National Red Cross Society will hold its annual meeting Monday morning at 11 o'clock in the parlors of the Colonial Hotel. Officers for the ensuing year will be elected and other important business will be transacted.

* * *

The Elite Dancing Academy last night in the hall over the People's Supply Co., gave a very pleasant dance that was participated in by a large number of young people. The music was by an orchestra and the dancing continued until 11 o'clock.

* * *

As the result of the efforts of the Civic Department of the North Carolina Sorosis shade trees are to be set out on Princess street, from 17th to 20th. The holes were dug yesterday and the trees are expected to arrive tomorrow. The trees will be planted on both sides of the street.

* * *

The fourth annual meeting of the Brotherhood Bible Class of the First Presbyterian Sunday School was held in the church parlors Friday night. After the business had been transacted refreshments were served and Dr. Geo. C. Worth favored the class with an address on "The Nation's City, Shanghai, China."

* * *

On Tuesday night from 8 to 11 o'clock there will be a reception at the First Baptist church to which all the members of the church and congregation are cordially invited. It is hoped that every member will be present so that they may become better acquainted. There will be music and refreshments and it is expected that every one will have a good time.

* * *

The annual meeting of L'Agile Cotillon Club will be held in the Masonic Temple Tuesday evening, October 29, at 8:15 o'clock. Besides the election of officers there will be other matters of interest and importance to claim the attention of the members. It has been suggested that only two dances a season instead of four be given, these at Christmas and Easter, and action on the proposition will be taken Tuesday evening.

* * *

On Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, in the presence of a few friends and relatives, Mrs. Carrie B. Angel and Mr. D. D. Summey were united in marriage at St. John's Episcopal church, Rev. William E. Cox officiating. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Summey left for Atlanta, Ga., where they will make their future home. Mr. Summey being connected with the McFadden agency in that city. They carry with them to their new home the best wishes of a host of friends for their future success and happiness.

* * *

The Civic Department of Sorosis will hold its first meeting of the year Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at its rooms in the library. The feature of the meeting will be a discussion by 12 women on "What Can be Done to Make Wilmington More Beautiful Through Sorosis Prize Contest." This meeting will be a most important one. Each member is asked to bring a written suggestion and read it in response to her name as the roll is called. Any suggestion on this suoject will be gladly received by this department from interested citizens, if written and sent to the chairman, No. 1813 Princess street, or the secretary, No. 813 Market street.

* * *

HALLOWE'EN PARTY BY CHILDREN OF CONFEDERACY.

George Davis Chapter, Children of the Confederacy, are preparing for a delightful Hallowe'en Party on Friday night, November 1st, at the W. L. I. armory and a large attendance is expected. There will be numerous witches, goblins, etc., in evidence and a large crowd is expected. All friends are invited to come and have their fortunes told. The chapter is striving to get funds for the State banner which will be presented to the one making greatest progress in the State. Refreshments will be served and a general good time for all who attend.

* * *

Chadbourn, N. C., Oct. 26.—On Thursday afternoon the lovely home of Mrs. J. B. Bardin was the scene of an attractive social event given in honor of her mother, Mrs. L. T. Rock, of Litwalton, Va., and her sister, Mrs. O. H. Rock, of Irvington, Va. The invited guests were Misses Elizabeth Koonce, Hettie Struthers, Fannie Sergeants, Jessie Hodges, Bessie Lucas, Kattie Burwell, Fannie Wood and Mrs. H. M. Bowling. The features of the afternoon were "Progressive Peanuts" and a guessing contest. Misses Wood and Hodges were the successful winners of the coveted prizes. Delightful refreshments were served in three courses. Only those who have once partaken of the hospitality of Mrs. Bardin can best appreciate the enjoyment of those present.

* * *

"GIRLS INCOG." COMING HERE IN BIG PRODUCTION

Many Wilmington friends of Miss Bessie Burkheimer have read with much interest in all the Charlotte papers of the past few days of the triumph of her recent musical comedy success, "Girls Incog.," which was presented two days in succession to capacity business in Charlotte. It was given by Miss Burkheimer for the benefit of the Charity Hospital in Charlotte and it is pleasing to know that the big production will likely be seen in Wilmington soon. Of the second production in Charlotte, the Obesrevr of Friday, says:

"It had even more of dash and spirit than on the night of its initial presentation and it was as warmly received by the second audience as by the first.

"A distinct feature of both performances was the work of the little onès, especially in dancing where they showed both natural talent and careful training by Miss Bessie Burkheimer. The audiences were fascinated with the work of little Miss Blanche Manning, who is hardly five years old. She recited, 'The Jin-ga-boo Man' in a manner which won repeated applause. She had the easy confidence of childhood with all the grace and intelligence of interpretation of an adult trained in the art. Consequently she was almost a sensation.

"Miss Addie Rigler as Miss Penelope Smythe, the chaperon, has been much complimented for her excellent work and ranks along with Miss Burkheimer and Mr. Richard Harris and others whose work was of conspicuous excellence. Mr. G. W. Hawks sang a number of solos in a pleasing manner.

"Last night was 'Veterans' Night,' and the former soldiers of the Confederacy occupied boxes."

* * *

PRETTY CHURCH WEDDING IN GOLDSBORO, N. C.

Goldsboro, N. C., Oct. 26.—Wednesday evening at twilight in the First Presbyterian church, this city, was solemnized the marriage of Miss Katherine Murchison Isler and Mr. Joseph Patrick, of Fair Forest, S. C. The church was beautifully decorated with ferns, palms and cut flowers, the chancel and choir loft presenting a beautiful bower of green, interspersed with large clusters of white chrysanthemums and pink roses.

While the guests were assembling Miss Lillian McDonald rendered beautifully Shubert's serenade with accompaniment by Mrs. Geo. P. Bynum and a quartette composed of Mrs. T. Malcolm Bizzell, Miss Lillian McDonald and Messrs. John G. Arnett and Leslie Yelverton sang the bridal chorus from Lohengrin. As the last notes were being sounded the bridal party entered and took their places at the altar, as follows: Miss Shephard Leake, of Wadesboro; Mr. Roland Williams, of Faison; Miss Grace Butler, Mr. LeRoy Isler, of Kinston, Miss Annie Worth, of Wilmington, and Mr. Jos. Poole. The bridesmaids were attired in white lingerie and carried pink carnations. The maid of honor, Miss Helen Kirby, wore pink charmusese and carried roses of the same color. The groom was attended by his brother, Mr. William Patrick, of Washington, N. C., as best man. The bride was lovely in white satin with long train and charming flowing veil of old lace and bearing a shower bouquet of bride's roses and lilies of the valley. She was immediately preceded by little Miss Mary Land, of Norfolk, niece of the groom, as flower girl, and she entered on the arm of her brother, Mr. S. H. Isler. The ceremony was impressively spoken by the pastor, Rev. V. G. Smith. Mendelssohn's Wedding March was used as a recessional. Following the ceremony the guests were entertained at a reception at the home of the bride where Mr. and Mrs. James Kyle, of Wilmington, and Miss Sallie Kirby welcomed each and everyone. In the parlor the entire bridal party stood in the receiving line. The floral decoration in the home were particularly beautiful and in the library were displayed many beautiful and costly wedding gifts as a slight evidence of the popularity of the young people. Mr. and Mrs. Patrick left on the night train for a bridal tour North, returning from which they will return to Forest City, S. C., where the groom is a well-known construction engineer. The bride belongs to one of the oldest and most prominent North Carolina families being a daughter of Mrs. and the late Rev. Simmons Harrison Isler, her charming personality and her rare accomplishments having made her a universal favorite wherever she is known.

* * *

DETAILS OF PRETTY WEDDING AT TARBORO

Mention was made in The Star a few days ago of the wedding in Tarboro on Wednesday evening of Mr. John Haughton James, of Wilmington, and Miss Isabel Hamilton Clark, of Tarboro. Details of the happy event were not obtainable at that time, and they are given this morning. Mr. and Mrs. James left after the ceremony on their bridal tour and will return to Wilmington the first part of November. After staying for several weeks with Mrs. Thomas C. James, at Carolina Heights, they will go to housekeeping on Princess street, Carolina Heights.

The ceremony was performed at Calvary Episcopal church Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock and it was the pretties wedding that has taken place in that church in many years. In many respects the affair was distinctive and unusually pretty and there was never a bride who looked sweeter than did Miss Clark as she entered the church on the arm of her father. She was gowned in an elaborately embroidered dress of white and wore a lace veil with cap wreathed with orange blossoms and tulle veil over her face. Her ornament was a wreath of pearls with diamond dew drops, the gift of the groom, and carried an exquisite shower bouquet of white orchids and lilies of the valley.

The full vested choir of the church entered the church singing, "O Perfect Love," and later as the bridal party entered another marriage hymn, "The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden" was sung. The bridesmaids, who were attired in light blue charmuese and carried bouquets of pink Killarney roses, entered in twos followed by two groomsmen. Then came the maid of honor, Miss Rena Clark, who wore white embroidered chamusese and carried a shower bouquet of Killarney roses and Parma violets, followed by the bride on the arm of her father, who gave her in marriage. The groom, accompanied by his best man, Mr. William P. Wishaar, U. S. R. S., New York city, joined the bride at the chancel steps, where the betrothal service was read and later the service was concluded at the chancel rail.

The attendants, in addition to those named, were: Misses Ivy Blades and Mary Hughes, of Newbern; Bessie Hinton, Raleigh; Sue Prince, Helen Strange and Elsie Kidder, of Wilmington; Eloise Robbinson, Elizabeth City; Mary Wiggins, Winston Salem; Sue Baker and Placide Clark, Tarboro, bridesmaids; Messrs. Walter Storm, Ed. Bailey, Theodore James, Marion James and John Murchison, Wilmington; Sam Clark, Russell Clark and Hyman Philips, Tarboro; J. E. Lloyd, Philadelphia, and Landon Hill, Wilson, groomsmen.

After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Clark entertained at their charming home many friends at an elaborate reception. Music was furnished by an orchestra from Richmond, Va. Many elegant and valuable gifts were received by the young couple.

Mr. and Mrs. James left at 10 o'clock in an automobile for Rocky Mount, where they took the train for Washington and New York.

On Wednesday the bridal party was entertained at a delightful barbecue luncheon by Mr. and Mrs. Harvard at their home.

Among the out-of-town guests present at the wedding were: Mr. and Mrs. William Bigler, Chesterfield, Pa.; Misses Lauriston Hardin, Wilmington, N. C.; Nell Waldo, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. Marsden Bellamy, Wilmington; J. K. Boykin, Baltimore; Fred Clark, Charlotte, and Mrs. Haywood Clark, Wilmington, N. C.

From a social standpoint the wedding was perfect and from the time of the announcement until the wedding there has been a continual series of affairs given the bride.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. C. C. Cashwell left yesterday afternoon for Fairmont, N. C., to spend the week-end with his mother.

—Among yesterday's guests at The Orton were Jack Cussons, Raleigh; D. K. Futch, Monroe; W. L. Robinson, Southport; Geo. Lund, Southport; J. E. Porter, Weldon

—Mr. J. E. Atkinson has returned from a most successful hunting and fishing trip of ten days. He had a fine time and reports that he had no trouble securing all the fish and bagging all the game he wanted.

BOTH TUGS ARE SAFE.

Gladiator and Argonauta Not Missing as Reported From Norfolk.

The Wilmington tugs Gladiator and Argonauta, reported overdue and missing in an Associated Press dispatch from Norfolk, Va., in yesterday's Star, are both safe and have been in no danger. The Gladiator is at Lookout Cove engaged in pumping out the steamer Berkshire and at the time it was supposed to have been missing the Arganauta was at Southport.

The Star received the dispatch in regard to anxiety being felt for the safety of the tugs at such a late hour yesterday morning that it was impossible to verify the information in local marine circles. No one is able to understand how the report got started in Norfolk.

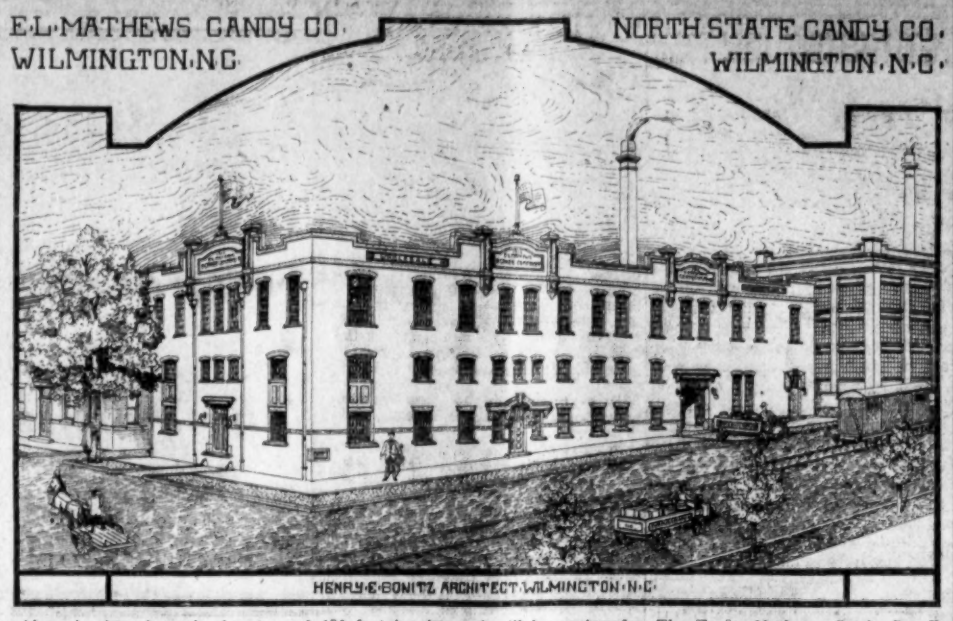
BOARD OF EXAMINERS TRAINED NURSES

The Board of Examiners of Trained Nurses of North Carolina will hold examinations for Registered Nurse in Charlotte, North Carolina, November 27th, 28th, 1912. Application blanks may be had from the secretary and treasurer, Lois A. Toomer, R. N., 123 South Fourth street, Wilmington, N. C. All applications should be in at least 15 days before date of examination.

Shoe Sale today at Rehder's. Bargains in men's women's and children's shoes. The Geo. R. French & Son Shoes. (advertisement.)

E. L. MATHEWS CANDY CO. WILMINGTON, N. C.

NORTH STATE CANDY CO. WILMINGTON, N. C.



Above is given from the drawings of Mr. H. E. Bonitz, the architect, a good likeness of the new home of the North State Candy Co., and the E. L. Mathews Candy Company, contract for which was awarded yesterday to D. K. Cecil, of Lexington, N. C., and work upon which will begin November 1st, 1912, to be completed by May 1st, 1913. The building will be at corner of Front and Hanover streets and will be three stories in height, admirably adapted to the requirements of the two companies. It will be of semi-fireproof construction and similar in design to the handsome J. W. Murchison & Company's building at Water and Chesnut streets. All windows will be of steel sash and all-told the company will be provided with 13,860 square feet in the manufacturing department alone while 13,200 feet will be available in the wholesale department. The building will be 66 by 150 feet in size and will be equipped with elevators and other facilities for the transaction of business rapidly and at the lowest possible cost. The offices will be located on the south side of Hanover street.

The North State Candy Company was organized and begun business January 1st, 1912, and is manufacturer for the wholesale trade exclusively. This company is represented in and is shipping its products into eight nearby States. They employ about 25 people in the factory now located in the Springer building. Water and Chesnut streets, and when the new building is completed the force will be increased to from 75 to 100 people. The officers are E. L. Mathews, president; J. W. Brooks, vice president; Geo. L. Farmer, secretary and treasurer; the board of directors are Messrs. Robert R. Bellamy, W. I. Baxter, J. L. Davis and A. G. Warren.

The E. L. Mathews Candy Co., E. L. Mathews, proprietor, began business in April, 1909, at No. 20 Market street and while formerly a manufacturing and jobbing business is now strictly a jobbing business, working the retail trade in the city and the territory within a radius of 150 miles of Wilmington, employing four salesmen. Their special brands are now made by the North State Candy Co., which will jointly occupy the handsome new building with the E. L. Mathews Candy Co.

Both enterprises are important new industries for Wilmington and their success has been demonstrated beyond peradventure. With a total of 14,000 feet of floor space and additional ground to build upon as the requirements may demand, both companies are well equipped to handle a very large business in their respective lines.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY CHARGED.

Negro Man Said to Have Held Up Negro Girls Last Midnight.

Charged with holding up Anna Colden and Isabel Kilton, colored, both about 15 years, and robbing the former of $1, near 13th and Chesnut streets about 12 o'clock last night, James Hill, colored, about 20 years old, was arrested half an hour later by Mounted Officers A. E. Mund and E. M. Sessoms after an excilting chase. When taken to the hall an additional charge of resisting an officer was entered against the negro, who was committed to the city prison. The girls claim that they were on their way home from their employment when accosted by the Hill negro, who grabbed hold of Anna Golden and drug her to a vacant house on the street and robbed her of $1. Officers Mund and Sessoms heard the screams of the two girls and hurried to the spot. The man broke and ran and after a long chase the fleet-footed one was captured. He resisted and actually broke away from the officers, but was soon apprehended again.

RURAL TEACHERS MEET.

Regular Monthly Gathering at Court House Yesterday.

Featured by an address by Dr. Chas. T. Nesbitt, city superintendent of health, the regular monthly meeing of the New Hanover White Teachers' Association was held at the Court House yesterday morning. Prof. Washington Catlett, county superintendent of public instructions, presided and in attendance were nearly all the teachers of the county. Dr. Nesbitt made a most interesting address, telling the teachers of preventive medicines and giving them a brief history of the prograss of public health work. He was given careful attention by the teachers, who were doubtless greatly benefitted by his remarks.

Another feature of interest was a practical demonstration in reading. There were present a number of pupils from suburban schools and they gave illustrations of the methods of training followed in their reading course.

AN ELIGIBLE SITE.

Mr. B. O. Stone Has Attractive Proposition in Heart of City.

With all the cry that there has been in the city over the lack of eligible sites for small manufacturing industries, storage, etc., Mr. B. O. Stone, one of Wilmington's progressive wholesale grocers and real estate operators, has an interesting announcement in the Business Locals columns of today's paper. He has in the rear of his property located on Front street, between Market and Dock, a most eligible location with an entrance on Front street which may be extended to Bettencourt alley, with entrance of 67 feet. He will build any class of structure to suit tenant under five or ten year lease. The size of the property is about 67x143 feet. This is a splendid opportunity for anyone who desires a large place in the heart of the city.

Back From Brunskick.

Mr. J. B. Mercer returned yesterday from a trip to Brunswick county and feeling the political pulse, concludes that Mr. Simmons will get more than 75 per cent. of the Democratic votes cast. The whole Democratic ticket, he says, will be elected. Taft will probably get a dozen Republican votes in the county, he says, while Wilson will run very, very strong. The Republicans will generally vote for Roosevelt. Godwin, in his opinion, will probably get the largest vote polled in the county.

A Log on the Track

of the fast express means serious trouble ahead if not removed, so does loss of appetite. It means lack of vitality, loss of strength and nerve weakness. If appetite fails, take Electric Bitters quickly to overcome the cause by toning up the stomach and curing the indigestion. Michael Hesshelmer, of Lincoln, Neb., had been sick over three years, but six bottles of Electric Bitters put him right on his feet again. They have helped thousands. They give pure blood, strong nerves, good digestion. Only 50 cents at R. R. Bellamy's.

(Advertisement)

LOCAL DOTS.

—Mr. J. B. Mercer authorizes the Woodrow Wilson Committee to continue the bidding on the Mercer Place lot for the campaign fund until November 2nd.

—By deed filed for record yesterday Jas. J. L. Telfair transers to Benj. Ssott, for $10 and other considerations 16 acres of land in Masonboro township, adjoining lands of M. G. Tiencken and others.

—Mr. Geo. H. Hutaff, the well known coca-cola man, returned last night from Newbern, where he has been for several days in the interest of his business, which he says is constantly growing in that hustling place.

—Rev. W. L. Rexford, the pastor announces that there will be no services today at Bladen Street Methodist church, on account of the fact that the fixtures of the old church are being removed to the new.

—Hiram Hart and Laurence Sharp, two white boys who ran away from their homes here Friday, have been captured in Florence, S. C., according to a telegram received yesterday by Chief of Police Fowler. The lads will be held in custody until arrival of relatives to bring them back.

—Mr. C. H. O'Berry, one of the day clerks at The Orton Hotel, and Mr. R. K. Whitman, clerk at the cigar stand, had a fisticuff in the lobby of the hotel about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They were parted before any serious damage was done, though Mr. O'Berry is said to have received a bruise under one of his eyes.

—Mayor Joseph D. Smith has received from Mr. Robt. M. Hatch, secretary of the Commission Government League of Savannah, Ga., a request for certain information relative to the working of the commission plan in this city. A primary will be held in Savannah on November 12th to decide whether or not the commission form is to be adopted there.

—The mother of Fred Watkins, the youth who was arrested and placed in the city prison Friday at the request of his parents, arrived here on the late train Friday night from her home at Whiteville. She returned yesterday afternoon, accompanied by the boy. The lad said that he would return home, but did not expect to stay there. He recently came here from Savannah, where he was in the city prison for [illegible] days.

—It is noteworthy that the appearance of "The Pink Lady", at the Academy of Music tomorrow night, marks the coming of the first Klaw & Erlanger attraction that has ever played this city. The well known, lavish hands of these multi-millionaire heads of the great theatrica syndicate leads people to expect something quite out of the ordinary is to be seen when this giant attraction, with its hundred players, including the celebrated "Pink Lady" orchestra of twenty pieces appears.

—The Chamber of Commerce has received a letter from Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, State geologist and secretary of the North Carolina Good Roads Association, asking the donation of a number of photographs of good roads of this county for exhibition purposes. Recently the Chamber had a number of photographs taken to be used by Mr. Duncan McEachern at the National Good Roads Association at Atlantic City and it is these that Dr. Pratt wants. They will be forwarded to him.

Goes to Jacksonville, N. C.

Mr. Paul D. Satchwell, who has been in the employ of the Atlantic Coast Line for a number of years, being connected with the freight claim department in this city, has resigned his position and expects to leave in a few days for Jacksonville, N. C. where he will take up the practice of law. Mr. Satchwell is a well known young man with many friends in Wilmington, who will regret to learn of his plans to change his place of residence, but will hope for him the full measure of success in his new field of endeavor.

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

Don't forget the Purity Meeting at the Academy this afternoon.

We Offer the Best on the Market to Our Trade

Realizing that the success of our business depends upon the quality of merchandise we sell our customers, we have selected the LONG-WEAR line of SHOES, and want you to see the nobby styles received in our last shipment.

You can't afford to buy "style" alone—what you want is a combination of style, fit and service—all of which you will find in LONG-WEAR SHOES. In men's we can give you a remarkably good shoe for $2.00 to $3.00, and the best your money will buy for $3.50 to $5.00. We have a full line of men's, women's and children's shoes in all styles and every wanted leather, at reasonable prices.

Wilmington Shoe Company.

217 N. FRONT ST. L. W. WESSELL, Mgr.

PLIGHT OF REPUBLICANS

Hardly Know Where They Stand—Wilson's Autograph

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 26.—That politics in Wisconsin are in a topsy-turvy condition with all traditions shattered and thrown to the winds, is well illustrated by the position of T. M. Thomas, of Ladysmith, Wis., a Republican elector for the 11th Congressional district. Like all other electors chosen in this State at the primaries, Mr. Thomas has been besought with requests from all parts of the State that he declare himself as to what attitude he will take if elected. In response to these demands Mr. Thomas has given out the following remarkable statement:

"As a nominee for Presidential elector of the Eleventh Congressional district on the Republican ticket, I have had many inquiries asking for whom I will cast my electoral ballot if elected. Under existing political conditions, the voters should know my position on the question.

"Some newspapers have quoted me as saying I would vote for Rooseveit. In this I have been misquoted. I am a progressive Republican, but not of the eleventh-hour, Bull Moose, Roosevelt anwthing-for-office variety. If I am elected as a Presidential elector, I shall take it for granted that the voters of this district favor the election of William H. Taft for President, and shall cast my electoral ballot for him.

"In making the above statement, I, however, reserve the right as a private citizen to and shall cast my individual ballot for Woodrow Wilson, the only truly consistent progressive nominee for President."

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 26.—Z. A. Wilhelm, of Walton, West Virginia, adopted a novel means to procure an autograph of Governor Wilson. In sending his contribution to the Democratic National committee he made his check payable to the order of Woodrow Wilson. This made it necessary to have Governor Wilson's endorsement upon the back, and this was exactly what Mr. Wilhelm declared in his letter that he wanted. When the check is returned paid he desires to retain it as a souvenir with the Governor's autograph.

GIVING LAST DOLLAR

Something In a Cause Which Appeals So to People

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 26.—"There must be something in a cause which will prompt a man to give his last dollar to help it along," said Charles R. Crane, vice chairman of the Finance Committee of the Democratic National Committee, exhibiting a well-worn one dollar bill, that had just come to him throug the mails.

"We receive many such contributions, and for the most part, we have difficulty in persuading the donors to give their names," continued Mr. Crane. "They do not want any receipts or certificates, but just want to help the good work along, they say.

"I have today a letter from the 'Binghamtonian' of Binghamton, New York, which illustrates my point, in the letter the editor says:

"'On Saturday last we printed the appeal sent out by the Finance Committee soliciting One Dollar subscriptions. The appeal was read by a poor man who was an ardent Democrat. This morning he appeared at the office with his dollar, and we have reason to believe that it is his last dollar until he earns another. Knowing this we advised him to hold on to his money, but he was deaf to our suggestions and insisted that we forward it as his share in financing the Wilson campaign.'

"It is truly inspiring to see how many earnest men are responding to our appeal for support of this campaign by the people themselves. In very fact it is true that the people are financing the Wilson campaign. The great bulk of our contributions come directly from the people on their own initiative."

MR. E. MAURY FRY DEAD.

Popular Traveling Man, Well Known Here, Passes in Atlanta.

Many Wilmington friends and others throughout the State will hear with sorrow of the death of Mr. E. Maury Fry, which occurred yesterday morning at his home in Atlanta. Mr. Fry had been a traveling representative of the Frank W. Winnie Cordage Co., for a number of years and numbered his friends by his acquaintance. He was a brother-in-law of Mrs. W. S. Clayton, of this city, and was well known in Wilmington where he visited frequently. Many friends will hear of his passing with intense regret and deep sympthay for the bereaved ones.

New Art Squares. Matting 9x12, $3.50 and $4.50; Brussell 9x12, $9.98; Velvet 9x12, $15; Saxony Axminster, 9x12, $22.50 at Rehder's Rug Sale. (Advertisement.)

Another large shipment of Ladies' Hats just received on sale today at Rehder's. (advertisement.)

Don't forget the Purity Meeting at the Academy this afternoon.

Everything New That's Good

—in—

Men's Fall Footwear!

We say, without fear of contradiction, that we are carrying the Largest Line of

New Fall Models

ever shown in the city—$3.50 to $6.50.

"The Right Goods at the Right Prices."

Does it surprise you that we Get the Business.

BOYLAN & HANCOCK

"The Shoe Store Ahead."

Financial and Commercial

COTTON LOST PART OF GAIN

Realizing and Local Pressure Cost the Market About Half of Previous Day's Advance—Close Steady At Decline

New York, Oct. 26.—Realizing for over the week-end and local pressure inspired by disappointing cables and favorable weather conditions cost the cotton market about half of yesterday's advance during today's trading and the close was barely steady at a net decline of from 8 to 13 points.

The market opened barely steady at an advance of three points on October, but generally one to 7 points lower in response to the showing of Liverpool. Selling was active from the start and after the publication of the official forecasts for generally fair weather tonight and Sunday, the market showed a net loss of about 10 to 12 points on the general list. Covering by some of yesterday's sellers and support from bullish sources rallied the market 4 to 5 points from this level, but the liquidation continued and prices broke again in the late trading, the closing being at practically the lowest level of the day. Private cables attributed the decline in Liverpool to evening up for over Sunday and the English spot market made a relatively firm showing. Private advices from the South continued to reflect a steady interior spot situation, which some contributed to a comparative scarcity of high grades, and to the demand for filling out October engagements.

Spot, quiet. Middling uplands, 11.25; middling gulf, 11.50. Sales, none.

Futures closed barely steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan	10.73	10.75	10.65	10.66
Feb	10.86	.....	.....	10.76
Mar	10.87	10.91	10.83	10.85
May	10.97	10.98	10.91	10.92
June	10.96	10.97	10.97	10.94
July	10.00	11.00	10.95	10.95
Aug	.....	10.94	10.94	10.92
Sept	.....	.....	.....	10.83
Oct	10.52	10.52	10.40	10.42
Nov	10.54	10.54	10.54	10.44
Dec	10.75	10.77	10.65	10.66

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 11 3-16; net receipts, 21,809; gross receipts, 21,809; sales, 986; stock, 333,854; France, 26,461; continent, 15,441.

New Orleans — Quiet, 10 15-16; net receipts, 9,161; gross receipts, 9,700; sales, 1,655; stock, 124,918; France, 6,156; continent, 500.

Mobile—Net receipts, 2,938; gross receipts, 2,938; stock, 36,981.

Savannah—Quiet, 10 13-16; net receipts, 14,074; gross receipts, 14,074; sales, 3,841; stock, 160,689; Great Britain, 7,508; continent, 7,300.

Wilmington—10¾; net receipts, 3,612; gross receipts, 3,612; stock, 29,802.

Norfolk—Steady, 11; net receipts, 5,384; gross receipts, 5,384; sales, 778; stock, 46,907; constwise, 5,001.

Baltimore—Nominal, 11.00; stock, 5,866.

New York—Quiet, 11.25; gross receipts, 9,946; stock, 123,308; coastwise, 6,974.

Boston—Quiet, 11.25; net receipts, 150; gross receipts, 4,496; stock, 4,340; Great Britain, 2,233.

Philadelphia—Steady, 11.50; gross receipts, 50; stock, 7,045.

Brunswick—Net receipts, 16,112; gross receipts, 16,510.

Texas City—Gross receipts, 2,676; stock, 62,319.

Aransas Pass—Stock, 840.

Jacksonville—Net receipts, 1,000; gross receipts, 1,000; stock, 1,032; coastwise, 721.

Pensacola—Net receipts, 9,012; gross receipts, 9,012; France, 12; continent, 9,000.

Seattle—Net receipts, 731; gross receipts, 731; Japan, 731.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 73,269; Great Britain, 26,111; France, 32,629; continent, 31,741; Japan, 731; stock, 1,010,006.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 73,269; Great Britain, 26,111; France, 32,629; continent, 31,741; Japan, 731.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 2,917,604; Great Britain, 883,988; France, 311,229; continent, 731,260; Japan, 24,260.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Quiet, 11¾; net receipts, 22,888; gross receipts, 22,588; shipments, 21,992; sales, 4,290; stock, 108,798.

Augusta—Steady, 11; net receipts, 3,407; gross receipts, 3,712; shipments, 1,539; sales, 1,520; stock, 58,641.

Memphis—Steady, 11; net receipts, 4,188; gross receipts, 5,748; shipments, 4,578; sales, 3,900; stock, 72,467.

St. Louis—Quiet, 11¼; net receipts, 606; gross receipts, 2,227; shipments, 1,846; stock, 5,569.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 1,179; gross receipts, 1,179; shipments, 587; sales, 400; stock, 18,500.

Little Rock—Steady, 11; net receipts, 2,701; gross receipts, 2,701; shipments, 1,025; stock, 34,115.

Total today—Net receipts, 34,809; gross receipts, 38,155; shipments, 31,567; sales, 10,119; stock, 296,630.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, Oct. 26.—Flour steady.

Wheat—Firm; No. 2 red 1.07 elevator and 1.06 1-2 f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth 1.00 1-2.

Corn—Spot 59 3-4.

Wool and Petroleum—Steady.

Rice and Molasses—Firm.

Sugar—Raw and refined—Quiet.

Hides—Firm.

Butter—Steady, unchanged.

Cheese—Unchanged.

Coffee—Spot unsettled; Rio No. 7, 15; Santos 4s, 16 7-8. Mild—Quiet; Cordova 16 1-4 to 18.

Potatoes, Freight and Cabbages—Steady, unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—Weak under heavy liquidation and stop loss selling resulting from tenders on October contracts and on the decline in lard as well as liberal offerings of crude. The close was 2 to 18 points net lower. Prime crude 4.74 to 4.80; prime Summer yellow 5.70 to 5.85; October 5.71; November 5.73; December 5.79; January 5.82; February 5.84; March 5.93; April 5.94; May 6.02; prime Winter yellow 6.00 to 6.80; prime Summer white 5.75 to 7.50.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

Liverpool, Oct. 26.—Spot cotton dull, American middling fair 6.68; good middling 6.46; middling 6.28; low middling 6.08; good ordinary 5.56; ordinary 5.08. Sales 4,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 3,200 American. Receipts 16,000 bales, including 10,400 American. Futures opened and closed steady. Oct. 6.06 1-2; Oct. and Nov. 6.05; Nov., Dec. and Jan. 5.95; Jan. and Feb. 5.95 1-2; Feb. and March 5.96 1-2; March and April 5.98; April and May 5.98 1-2; May and June, June and July 5.99; July and August 5.98 1-2.

Children's dresses, ages 6 to 14, 50c, 75c, 98c, $1.25 and $1.98 at Rehder's Big Store, Fourth street bridge.
(Advertisement.)

WHEAT CONTINUES TO GAIN

Uneasiness That Turkey Might Lose the Dardanelles Forced the Market Higher—Corn Unchanged—Oats Little Up.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Uneasiness that Turkey might lose the Dardanelles forced wheat higher today. Although the final tone was easy, latest figures were ¼@⅜c. above last night. The outcome in corn was unchanged to ¼ higher, and oats ⅛ c.i.f. to a shade advance. Provisions finished at a decline of 2½ to 20c.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red,* 1.06@1.08; No. 2 red, 98⅝@99¾. No. 1, Northern, 94@95; No. 2, Northern, 92@93½.

Corn—No. 2, 64¾@65; No. 2, white, 65¼@65½; No. 2, yellow, 64⅝@65½.

Oats—No. 2, white, 33¾@34½; No. 2, white, 33¼@33¾; Standard, 33⅝@34½.

Closing prices:

Wheat—December, 93; May, 98; July, 94⅜.

Corn—October, 64¼; December, 53½; May, 52⅜; July, 63.

Oats—December, 32½; May, 34½.

Pork—January, 18.90; May, 18.35.

Lard—October, 10.95; December, 10.80; January, 10.25; May, 10.30.

Ribs—October, 10.00; January, 10.10; May, 9.87½.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Carib, 2,080 tons, Bunnell, Georgetown, H. G. Smallbones.

Cleared.

Str. Carib, 2,080 tons, Bunnell, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Fullerton, (Br.), 1,737 tons, McDonald, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Remembrance (Br.), 2,286 tons, Nesbitt, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Snowdonian (Br.), 2,402 tons, Robinson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Burrsfield (Br.), 2,615 tons, Blackmore, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Vogesen (Ger.), 2,369 tons, Paulsen, Heide & Co.

Str. King Edgar (Br.), 2,433 tons, McGhee, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Glenmay (Br.), 1,571 tons, Richards, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulburn; Mafflit & Wood.

Schr. Aetna, 297 tons, Shute, Mafflit & Wood.

Stephen G. Loud, 400 tons, Graham, Mafflit & Wood; in distress.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Oct. 26.

North Carolinas—Stronger. Farmers' stock: Prime hand-picked, 85 to 90c.; machine picked, 75 to 80c.

Spanish—Prime hand picked, $1.00; machine picked, 95c.

Virginias—Prime hand picked, 88c.; machine picked, 80c.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., Oct. 14.—Spanish—Market, firm. Farmers' Spanish, $1.15 per bushel. No. 1, shelled, Spanish, 7c. per lb.; No. 2, shelled, Spanish, 5c. per lb.

Virginias—Market, firm. Fancy Jumbo, 4c. per lb. Fancy hand-picked, 3¾c. to 3¾c. per lb. Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb. Prime, 3c. Machine picked, 3c. to 3¼c. per lb. Shelling stock, 2½c. per lb.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at the Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 26, 1912.

Atlantic Coast Line—2,592 bales cotton; 3 casks spirits turpentine; 11 barrels rosin; 29 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—922 bales cotton.

River—98 bales cotton.

Total—3,612 bales cotton; 3 casks spirits turpentine; 11 barrels rosin; 29 barrels crude turpentine.

WILMINGTON MARKETS

STAR OFFICE, Oct. 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 38½.

ROSIN—Steady, $6.05 per barrel of 280 pounds.

TAR—Firm, $2.20 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $3.25 per barrel for hard; $4.25 for dip; $4.25 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 45¼; rosin, nothing doing; tar, $1.80; crude turpentine, $3.25 for hard; $4.50 for dip; $4.50 for virgin.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	3
Rosin	11
Tar	(—)
Crude Turpentine	29

Receipts same day last year, 84 casks spirits turpentine; 50 barrels rosin; 34 barrels tar; 84 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady, 10¾.

Same day last year, 8¾.

Receipts, 3,612; same day last year, 5,435 bales.

Total receipts, since Sept. 1st, 139,306 bales.

Total receipts same time last year, 154,135 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Oct. 26.)

CORN—Firm; $1.05 per bu.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, 85c. to 95c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, 65c. to 80c.

BEEF—On foot, good demand, 3@4c. per lb.; dressed, 8c.

PORK—Small, 10c.

WOOL—Burry, 15 to 18c. per lb.; free of burr, 25c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, 10c. per lb.; dry, 13 to 15c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 17 to 18c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 13c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; 27@28c. per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; 4¼ to 5c. per lb.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, dull; 35c. to 45c. Chickens, spring, 12½c. to 30c. per head.

SHEEP—Old, $1.00@$2.50; lambs, $1.00 @$3.00.

EGGS—Good demand, 23 to 24c.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Oct. 26.—Money on call nominal. Time loans strong; 60 days 5 3-4 to 6 per cent.; 9 0days 6 per cent.; six months 5 1-2 to 5 3-4. Prime mercantile paper 6 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.82 for 60 day bills and at 4.8580 for demand. Commercial bills 4.81 1-4. Bar silver 63 1-8. Mexican dollars 48 3-4. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds steady.

Fortunes In Faces

There's often much truth in the saying "her face is her fortune," but it's never said where pimples, skin eruptions, blotches, or other blemishes disfigure it. Impure blood is back of them all, and shows the need of Dr. King's New Life Pills.a They promote health and beauty. Try them. 25cts. at R. R. Bellamy's.
(Advertisement.)

Don't forget the Purity Meeting at the Academy this afternoon.

STOCKS RECOVERED LOSSES

Market Was Quiet But Strong—Trading Was of the Usual Professional Character—Reading Foremost Feature.

New York, Oct. 26.—No small part of yesterday's loss was recovered in today's quiet, but strong stock market. The trading was of the usual professional character, combining further short covering with an evening up of commitments undertaken earlier in the week. On the surface at least no alarm as to the unfavorable bank statement was seen. Reading was the foremost feature, both as to volume and strength, with some moderate inquiry for Hill issues and the Southern group as comprehended by Louisville & Nashville, Atlantic Coast Line and Seaboard, common and preferred. Union Pacific also was in demand at a fair advance. Among the industrials United States Steel, common and preferred, Amalgamated Copper and American Can, preferred, were strong on gains of a point or better, while American Tobacco, Virginia Carolina Chemical and Texas Company were conspicuous in the special class. Prices shaded slightly towards the close, but the undertone remained strong. In the average bank statement loans showed a marked increase and cash a moderately large loss. News from abroad was meagre, our stocks reflecting unsteadiness in London.

The bond market lost none of its recent dullness today. Total sales par value, were $840,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call during the week. Total sales today 248,900 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	85
American Agricultural	58
American Beet Sugar	30¾
American Can	42½
American Can, pfd	122
American Car and Foundry	59¾
American Cotton Oil	37½
American Ice Securities	20
American Linseed	15¾
American Locomotive	42½
American Smelting and Ref	83
American Smelting and Ref., pfd	107½
American Sugar Refining	124¾
American Tel and Tel	142⅝
American Tobacco	278¼
Anaconda Mining Co	43⅜
Atchison	107⅞
Atchison, pfd	101¾
Atlantic Coast Line	139
Baltimore and Ohio	105⅝
Bethlehem Steel	40¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	80⅜
Canadian Pacific	202¾
Central Leather	32
Chesapeake and Ohio	81¼
Chicago Great Western	19¾
Chicago, Mil and St. Paul	106¾
Chicago and North Western	139
Colorado Fuel and Iron	37
Consolidated Gas	143⅞
Corn Products	19¾
Delaware and Hudson	167½
Denver and Rio Grande	30½
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	58
Distillers' Securities	27
Erie	34¾
Erie, 1st pfd	51⅞
Erie, 2nd pfd	42⅜
General Electric	180¼
Great Northern, pfd	136⅜
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	46½
Illinois Central	128
Interborough Met	20⅛
Interborough-Met., pfd	64⅜
Inter Harvester	121½
Inter Marine, pfd	19
International Paper	16¼
International Pump	27
Kansas City Southern	28¼
Laclede Gas	105½
Lehigh Valley	173⅝
Louisville and Nashville	158¼
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	140
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	28
Missouri Pacific	43¼
National Biscuit	131
National Lead	64
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	26½
New York Central	115
New York, Ont and Western	34⅜
Norfolk and Western	115⅝
North American	83½
Northern Pacific	123⅞
Pacific Mail	32¼
Pennsylvania	123⅝
People's Gas	118⅜
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	106
Pittsburg Coal	24¼
Pressed Steel Car	38½
Pullman Palace Car	167½
Reading	172⅜
Republic Iron and Steel	32¼
Republic Iron and Steel, pfd	92¼
Rock Island Co	25½
Rock Island Co., pfd	51¾
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	35½
Seaboard Air Line	19⅝
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	48⅞
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	54
Southern Pacific	109¾
Southern Railway	28¾
Southern Railway, pfd	80⅜
Tennessee Copper	41⅞
Texas and Pacific	25
Union Pacific	160¾
Union Pacific, pfd	88¼
United States Railway	80⅜
United States Rubber	51
United States Steel	76¾
United States Steel, pfd	113
Utah Copper	63¼
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	46½
Wabash	4¼
Wabash, pfd	13⅜
Western Maryland	35¾
Western Union	79¾
Westinghouse Electric	82¾
Wheeling and Lake Erie	9¼

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Oct. 26.—Turpentine, steady; machine barrels, 43.

Rosin—Steady.

Savannah, Oct. 26.—Turpentine, firm, at 39½; sales, 627; receipts, 712; shipments, 2,756; stock, 32,198.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 1,900; receipts, 3,246; shipments, 1,933; stock, 107,438. Quote: A, B, C, 6.25; D, 6.30; E, 6.35; F, G, H, 6.40; K, 6.42½; M, 6.95; N, 7.70; W G, 8.30; W W, 8.50.

Charleston, Oct. 26.—Turpentine, firm, at 39¼@39¾.

Rosin—Firm. Quote: A, B, C, 6.22½; D, 6.27½; E, 6.32½; F, G, H and I, 6.35½; K, 6.40; M, 6.40; N, 7.65; W G, 8.25; W W, 8.50.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Oct. 26.—The cotton goods market ruled steady with business fairly active for the season. Linens were very firm. Burlaps were high and firm. Knit goods were still in active demand. Woolens and worsteds were in active call for immediate delivery in small lots.

"Charmeuse" the new silk for street dress, evening dress, party dress, 36 inch. wide, navy, toupe, Alice brown, black. Ask to see them at Rehder's, Fourth street bridge.
(Advertisement.)

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

Don't forget the Purity Meeting at the Academy this afternoon.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

Oct. 27, 1912.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 51 degrees; at 8 P. M., 60 degrees; maximum, 71 degrees; minimum, 49 degrees; mean, 60 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month to date, 1.02.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 2 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair Sunday and Monday; little change in temperature.

Port Calendar—Oct. 27.

Sun rises	6:27 A. M.
Sun sets	5:25 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 58 min.

Tides.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	10:42	11:05	4:35	6:03
Southport	8:15	8:32	2:02	2:45
Masonboro Inlet	7:46	8:03	1:33	2:16

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

October 26, 1912.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature. Highest today.	Temperature. Lowest last night.	24-hour precipitation, 8 P. M.
Abilene		96		
Asheville	clear	62	42	.0
Atlanta	clear	70	48	.0
Augusta	clear	72	48	.0
Birmingham	clear	72	42	.0
Boston	clear	64	50	.22
Charleston	clear	70	58	.0
Charlotte	clear	70	48	.0
Chicago	clear	62	48	.0
Galveston	clear	72	62	.0
Jacksonville	clear	76	60	.0
Memphis	clear	68	46	.0
Mobile	clear	74	50	.0
Montgomery	clear	74	50	.0
New Orleans	clear	74	52	.0
New York	clear	62	48	.0
Oklahoma	clear	76	42	.0
Pittsburg	clear	54	40	.0
Raleigh	clear	68	50	.0
Savannah	clear	72	50	.0
Shreveport	clear	76	48	.0
St. Louis	clear	68	48	.0
Washington	clear	64	42	.0

GINNING REPORT IS BULLISH

S. H. P. Pell & Co., Have Remarkable Tabulation of Private Rejorts From Cotton Belt—Crop is Old Already.

(By Special Telegram.)

New York, Oct. 26.—Yesterday morning through our Watkins Bureau we had 2,500 postcard replies summarized, showing percentage of cotton ginned in each State up to October 18th, on which date replies were mailed us to our queries. Percentage by States ginned was as follows: North Carolina 53, South Carolina 48, Georgia 50 Florida 40, Alabama 49, Mississipi 41, Lousiana 62, Texas 73, Arkansas 49, Tennessee 24, Oklahoma 39, average for the United States 55.

These replies astounded us and we were doubtful, lest they seem exaggerative. We sent out a telegram asking verification to 250 people in the trade who are representative people, asking them to carefully review the situation and give us their idea of percentage ginned in their own State. Out of 250 telegraphic replies only six of them disagreed seriously with our postcard average and of these six three were in North Carolina where we are possibly too large. As a matter of fact however, our telegraphic replies are more bullish on percentage than our postcard replies. We think this crop has passed from childhood to old age with such marked rapidity that but few can comprehend the rapidity with which it has been ginned having been called a late crop.

Our Mr. Watkins has never in seven years been as much as 200,000 under the Government comparing his crop estimate with there, but has five times out of seven been higher than the Government estimate. He gives us this morning a crop estimate of 13,600,000, based not only on ginning but Houston's relating to yield of lint per acre. We think present prices are cheap enough for a crop of 15,000,000.

S. H. P. PELL & CO.
43 Exchange Place New York, N. Y.

Three Big Pictures.

Three good ones at the Grand Monday and full orchestral accompaniment and effects for pictures.
(Advertisement.)

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

ACKNOWLEDGE IT

Wilmington Has to Bow to the Inevitable—Scores of Citizens Prove It.

After reading the public statement of this representative citizen of Wilmington given below, you must come to this conclusion: A remedy which cured years ago, which has kept the kidneys in good health since, can be relied upon to perform the same work in other cases. Read this:

R. A. Biddle, 606 Castle St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I suffered from my kidneys and back for a long time and another member of my family also complained of backache. Finally we got Doan's Kidney Pills at Bellamy's Drug Store and the results of their use were astonishing. The secretions from my kidneys were cleared and the pain and backache disappeared. We consider Doan's Kidney Pills a most effective kidney medicine and will always be pleased to endorse them."
(Statement given in April, 1903.)

Time is the Test.

Mr. Biddle was interviewed on December 27, 1910, and he said: "I have no reason whatever to alter my high opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills. They made a permanent cure in my case and for that reason I am always glad to say a good word for them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.
(Advertisement.)

MORPHINE
Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at Home or at Sanitarium. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, 79-N, Victor Sanitarium, Atlanta, Georgia.

A Home
—IN—
Sunset Park

This company is now prepared to erect a number of substantial homes, on choice lots in Sunset Park, and will sell them to desirable people

ON EASY INSTALLMENTS.

Applications for the purchase of the first ten homes should be made at our office without delay.

The Fidelity Trust and Development Company
11 Princess
'Phone 312.

FISH-FISH

150 Barrels Mullets.
10,000 Sacks Salt.
500 Barrels Salt in Pockets.
2,000 Cases Canned Tomatoes.
1,000 Cases Peaches.
1,000 Cases Corn.

All kinds of canned goods as well as all other goods usually kept in a grocery store. Send your orders to

D. L. GORE COMPANY
Wholesale Grocers and Importers.
Wilmington, N. C.

STATEMENT CONDITION
THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK.
OF WILMINGTON, N. C.
At the Close of Business Sept. 30th, 1912.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$4,344,667.01
U. S. Bonds (at par)	551,000.00
Bank Building	61,000.00
Bonds and other securities	100,811.11
Cash and Due by Banks	1,475,284.56
	$6,541,762.08

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 825,000.00
Surplus and Net Profits	507,174.19
Circulation	550,000.00
Special Deposit U. S. Bonds	100,000.00
Deposits	4,559,588.49
	$6,541,762.08

DEPOSITS.

Sept 30th, 1908	$2,950,950.30
Sept. 30th, 1910	3,317,154.90
Sept. 30th, 1912	4,559,588.49

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Vice-President.
J. W. YATES, Vice-President.
C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.

Miller's Violet Kisses

Juno Flour.
Apple Blossom and Shockoe Meal.
Gun Powder, manufactured by the American Powder Mills.

Every pound of these goods sold by us are guaranteed. ORDER TODAY.

THE STONE CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Distributors.
Wilmington, North Carolina.

MADE BY HR Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK
ROOM 512. 'PHONE 317
BLUE-PRINTS
SOUTHERN BUILDING

Dear Amy:—

Have your old rugs worn out? A hole started in one that Papa gave me when I was married, and what do you think? Baby John brought a stray dog in the house, and this very dog, Amy, commenced at the hole and tore my rug all to pieces.

But, I didn't mind, because you get tired of old rugs and want new ones, anyway, don't you?

Always your friend, LOU.

P. S.—I immediately went and bought a new rug. My, what handsome ones I saw! I'm going to give several of my old rugs to my washwoman and buy new ones from

A. D. RICH COMPANY
'Phones 172 and 1971. 110-112 N. Front St.

WILSON TO WIN

is the political slogan, and it's a good one, too—

Wilson is the man we need and want. He is Conservative and Progressive—a Sane man—a safe combination.

Bunting's is in the same class with Wilson (pardon the conceit). Conservative, Progressive, Sane.

Your prescriptions entrusted to our care receive safe consideration.

Quality and Skill in preparing the best.

Our prices are right—no "Cheap John" or "Sky High" prices; just reasonable.

FRESH STOCK RECEIVED—

A beautiful line of Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes (Rubberset Prophylactic and S. S. White Dental, Hat and Cloth Brushes; Hand Brushes and Scrubs, Manicure Sets, Scissors, Files and Orangewood Sticks, Whisk Brooms (all sizes), Celluloid Soap and Powder Boxes (White, Pink and Blue), Celluloid Hand and Shaving Mirrors, Rubber Flesh Brushes, Chamois Skins (5c. up), Sanitary Wash Rags and Towels.

Perfumery of every description, including Houbigant's, Azurea, Mary Garden, Jacquemainot Rose, Hudnut's, Roger & Gallet's, and a multitude of others. Face Creams and Powders of every known make.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

"The store that handles everything anybody else handles, and some things nobody else handles."

The up todate drug store

MONUMENTS!

FOR LATEST DESIGNS, 'PHONE 1974-J.

Also Catalogues of Fencing, Vases, Galvanized Settees and Chairs.

TUCKER'S

519 N. Second St., near A. C. L. Station.

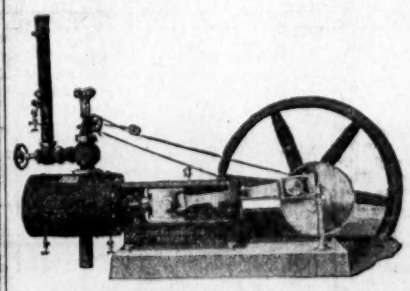
ENGINE GASOLINE

PERFECT FUEL FOR ALL GASOLINE ENGINES

MORE POWER
MORE RUNNING HOURS
FOR LESS MONEY

DROP US A CARD If you operate a Gasoline Engine and we will show you how to Save Money on your Fuel bill.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO., Wilmington, N. C.
Kerosene, Gasoline and Lubricating Oils.


STANDARD THROTTLING ENGINE (FRONT VIEW)

Heavy Duty, Automatic, Corliss Plain Slide Valve Engines.

WE SELL, BUY and exchange Engines, Boilers, Iron and Steel of all kinds.
Deal with the Iron Men.

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS.
Foundry and Shops.
Orange & Water Streets
Machinery Yards
Delgado Station on Belt Line—R. R. Tracks.

ACADEMY
SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT
MONDAY NIGHT, OCTOBER 28TH.
Klaw & Erlanger Present
The International Musical Comedy
De Luxe
"THE PINK LADY."
A Stupendous Production.
100—PEOPLE—100
Orchestra of Twenty.
Seats now selling at Plummer's, $2 to 75 cents.
oc25-3t

You Can Get the Best

By phoning your order early. We always have a large assortment of Extra Choice Beef, Veal, Lamb, Pork and Poultry.
Prompt delivery and polite service.

HOPKINS, DAVIS & HINTZE
FRONT STREET MARKET.
Phones 141, 32 and 128.

TURK NOW HAS HIS BACK TO THE WALL

(Continued from Page One.)

one is written later.

Uskup Falls Before Allies.

Belgrade, Oct. 26.—The capture of Uskup by the Servian and Bulgarian forces is confirmed. The town fell without resistance.

Big Battle in Progress.

Constantinople, Oct. 26.—According to official information, a big battle has been proceeding all day to the south of Kirk Killisseh. The Bulgarians have been attempting a turning movement in the neighborhood of Visa, to the southeast of Kirk Killisseh.

Greeks in Macedonia.

Athens, Oct. 26.—Dispatches from the front speak in glowing terms of the reception accorded the Greek army by the inhabitants of Macedonia, the majority of whom are Greek subjects. Greek officials have been appointed in all the Macedonian towns occupied.

Severe Defeat for Turks.

Constantinople, Oct. 26.—It is announced here that the Turks suffered a severe defeat at Uskup, which was captured today by the Servians.

Americans in No Danger.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The State Department was advised today by the American embassy at Constantinople that reports to Ambassador Rockhill indicate Americans in the interior of the country are in no danger.

Consuls Ask for Protection.

Belgrade, Oct. 26.—The foreign consuls at Uskup have requested the Servian army to protect the inhabitants.

Adrianople May Soon Fall.

Vienna, Oct. 26.—The correspondent of the Reichspost, who is supposed to be an Austrian officer, sent the following message from headquarters of the first Bulgarian army at 10 o'clock Friday evening:

Gen. Ivanoff is drawing his lines more closely around Adrianople, particularly to the west and north. He is strengthening his positions with earthworks. The Bulgarian heavy artillery is bombarding the northwestern front of the fortress.

Another sortie by the Turks in the direction of Aautkosi today was repulsed by the Bulgarians with great losses to the Turks. Gen. Ivanoff will complete the cordon around Adrianople by filling up the gaps to the east and south within the next few days.

A strong column is advancing from the northeast. Another operating from the west will have the task of closing the ring around the fortress.

The same correspondent, telegraphing from the headquarters of the second army, says:

"The action of the Eastern army, the object of which is to destroy completely the Turkish forces defeated at Kirk Killisseh, is making vigorous progress, but I am forbidden to say more."

SEES TIGERS TRIUMPH.

Wilson Sees Princeton Down Dartmouth—Receives Callers.

Princeton, N. J., Oct. 26.—Governor Woodrow Wilson saw Princeton defeat Dartmouth at football today and joined in the general enthusiasm of Princeton's graduates over the result. The Governor took a day off from political affairs and went to the University field, where thousands of men and women rose and cheered as he took a seat in the Princeton section. The undergraduate cheer leaders of both Dartmouth and Princeton signalled for a cheer for the nominee and before the contest began he was the center of interest.

The Governor said he enjoyed the game very much. As an old football coach himself, he remarked that the teams were evenly matched, despite the result, and would hazard no predictions about the approaching Princeton-Yale game.

"I couldn't do much hooting," he said, "on account of my voice. I'm saving that for the speeches next week."

Governor Wilson's attention was called this evening to a report current today in Wall Street that if elected he would not call an extra session of Congress to revise the tariff.

"Wall Street is not making plans for me, nor is it authorized to speak for me on anything," remarked the nominee, "and furthermore, I would not consider any question like that, unless I had the right and power to do so."

W. B. Haldeman, editor of the Louisville Times and part owner of the Louisville Courier Journal, called to pay his respects to Governor Wilson. The nominee saw a host of graduates and Princeton friends throughout the day. William E. Gonzales, editor of the Columbia (S. C.) State, and Edward E. Goltra, of Missouri, were other visitors.

Governor Wilson watched a workman installing a telegraph instrument in his home today, over which election returns will be flashed by courtesy of a telegraph company. The nominee wondered if the noise would not prove distracting.

"Really," he told the correspondents, "I'd rather go to bed at 9 o'clock than to sit up and follow the early returns which are usually fragmentary and fatiguing."

Even though the Governor may go to bed early, his wife and three daughters will sit behind the telegraph instrument and watch the returns. The Governor, however, may find little rest after all, for the Princeton University students are going to be on hand election night for a noisy programme.

COMMANDANTS MEET

Heads of Navy Yards to Discuss Uniform Operation.

Washington, Oct. 21.—To discuss various questions affecting the administration of the navy yards of the United States, which Secretary of the Navy Meyer desires to have operated uniformly as far as possible, the commandants of all the yards assembled [illegible] today for a week's session.

One of the important problems to be taken up will be as to whether mechanics in navy yards should be placed under civil service.

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

BOYS AND GIRLS ENLIST IN CAUSE

(Continued from Page One.)

Marion S. Harriss, Alaga, Ala.	1.00
G. Latham Harriss, Wash. D.C.	1.00
Total	$ 44.00

Henry Bonitz, Chairman.

Fred G. Rose	$ 5.00
F. W. Bonitz, Elkins, W.Va.	2.00
W. N. Smithson	1.00
W. D. Blalock	1.00
F. A. Bissinger	1.00
M. Schnibben	1.00
John C. Kuhlken	1.00
F. W. Ortmann	1.00
E. Fred Banck	1.00
E. P. H. Struck	1.00
E. Poezolt	1.00
Julius Mallard, Jr.	1.00
Cash, Dr. B.	1.00
Total	$ 18.00

D. H. Howes, Jr., Chairman.

Gaston Phares, Jr.	$ 1.00
J. D. Pickard	1.00
R. L. Cobb	1.00
R. A. Davis	1.00
H. B. Register	1.00
A Lady	1.00
P. M. Holmes	1.00
Cash	1.00
Total	$ 8.00

Jos. W. Little, Chairman.

Miss Ellen D. Bellamy	$ 1.00
Miss Eliza Bellamy	1.00
Total	$ 2.00

W. M. Cumming, Chairman.

Dr. A. H. Harriss	$ 2.00
1908 Taft Supporter	2.00
Dr. C. T. Harper	1.00
Total	$ 5.00
Contributions yesterday	$ 97.00
Previously reported	$6,120.25
Total	$6,217.25

MONEY TRUST PROBE.

Financial Statistics Are Being Prepared For Searching Inquiry.

Washington, October 26.—With a large clerical force working out an enormous scheme of financial statistics, the House Committee on Banking and Currency plans to plunge into an exhaustive investigation of the so-called money trust about November 15th. Subpoenas already have been issued for the witnesses to be called early in the proceedings.

J. P. Morgan, George W. Perkins, George F. Baker, C. H. Doge, J. D. Rockefeller and practically every other financier preminent in New York banking circles are expected to be questioned by the committee in its efforts to discover whether a small group of rich men has a controlling grip on the finances of the country

Representative Pujo, of Lousiana, chairman of the committee and Samuel Untermyer, of New York, special counsel for the committee, have been working with the committees clerks and experts planning the investigation. Under the direction of Mr. Untermyer, the experts are preparing an elaborate compilation of statistics embracing practically every financial and industrial institution in the country and tracing the relation of each individual concern to other concerns. This compilation will be used as a basis for the examination of witnesses, with a view to determining the exact influence exerted by New York banks and bankers on other banks and bankers throughout the country. Chairman Pujo expects to call the committee together about a week after election and to begin examination of witnesses. In the meantime the experts are working overtime preparing the statistical data.

In this connection Mr. Untermyer has asked President Taft to direct the Comptroller of the currency, Mr. Murray, to turn over to the committee data in possession of his office and to use the machinery of his office to collect further information desired by the committee.

SEWANEE 33; TENN. 6.

University of South Ran Up Its Large Score in First Half.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 26.—Sewanee defeated Tennessee at football here today 33 to 6. All the scoring came in the first half and mainly on flukes. A fumbled kick and a long run by Geisler scored for Tennessee.

Visit Winoca Terrace Sunday afternoon; watch the continued improvement. (advertisement.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Gaylord—New Goods.
Bijou—Motion Pictures.
Peck & Holloway—Tools.
J. H. Rehder & Co.—New Suits.
A. D. Rich Co.—Don't You Mind.
A. D. Brown—Black Cat Hosiery.
Sparks Great Shows—Circus Day.
J. O. Brock—Go Where You Like.
City Livery Co.—You Will be Proud.
Boylan & Hancock—Everything New.
People's Savings Bank—The Way to Save
Fidelity Trust & Dev. Co.—Sunset Park.
Wilmington Shoe Co.—Best on the Market.
C. W. Yates & Co. — Globe-Wernicke Cases.
Wanted—Agents.
For Sale—Farm.
For Rent—Rooms.
For Rent—Rooms.
Wanted—Boarders.
Lost—Gold Watch.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Roberts Co.—Ladies.
Wanted—Messengers.
Wilder & Metts—L. C.
Wanted—Young Men.
Wilder & Metts—$500.
Wanted—White Girl.
Wilder & Metts—Dump Carts.
Wanted—Table Boarders.
For Rent—Three Rooms.
Wanted—School Teacher.
For Sale—Modern House.
Wilder & Metts—A Home.
J. Irving Bear—For Sale.
J. Irving Bear—For Sale.
For Sale—T. W. P. Stock.
Wil. Iron Works—Wanted.
Wilder & Metts—For Rent.
Wil. Iron Works—For Sale.
For Rent—Furnished Room.
Wanted—Teams With Carts.
M. F. Bixler Co.—Salesmen.
Crumpler & Johnson—Wood.
Wilder & Metts—Investment.
For Rent—Furnished Room.
Wanted—Side Line Salesman.
Wanted—Unfurnished Rooms.
Western Cider Co.—Salesmen.
B. O. Stone—Big Opportunity.
M. C. Darby & Co.—For Rent.
Wanted—Housekeeping Rooms.
Wilder & Metts—Cottage Home.
R. B. Moore—Produce Merchants.
J. Irving Bear—Six-Room House.
Wilder & Metts—Six-Room House.
D. R. McCurdy Co.—$15.00 Weekly.
Wilder & Metts—Carolina Heights.
Wilder & Metts—Valuable Property.
Wilder & Metts—Carolina Place Lot.
C. H. Bonham—Clearing and Plowing.
Wilder & Metts—Eight-Room Dwelling.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 26.—Floyd Allen and Claude Allen, his son, the Hillsville gunmen, were brought from the Roanoke jail to the State penitentiary here today under sentence of electrocution for their part in the murders at the Carroll court house last March. Floyd Allen issued a public appeal for money to aid the effort to save the men from death.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service calls will be made, or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams; bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union." But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

ELITE DANCING ACADEMY, over People's Supply Co. Regular dances, every Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday nights. Orchestra. Children's lessons Tuesday and Friday afternoons. oc27-1t*

HALL'S COMPOUND BICYCLE DELIVERY reaches every part of the city. When you have prescriptions or any other drug orders, just 'phone 192, Hall's Cash Pharmacy, and you'll receive prompt and accurate service. oc27-1t

13 1-2 PER CENT. investment; two houses. See L. W. Moore. Particulars, Telephone 332. oc27-1t

FARM LANDS for sale—700 acres near Rocky Point, on public road; splendid land; 90 acres cleared; some timber; 500 acres near Atkinson, on Point Caswell public road; 115 acres cleared; good clay subsoil. These places are bargains. Somebody will make money. How about you? For particulars, telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Farm Agency, 123 Princess street. oc27-1t

DRY POND COLD TABLETS relieve more quickly than other makes, because they were designed to suit the needs of this and adjacent territory. Price 25c., at Hall's Cash Pharmacy. oc27-1t

HALL'S CASH PHARMACY IS A SUCCESS. Why? Because people who trade there save money on prescriptions and many regular drug items. oc27-1t

270 FEET WATER FRONT. 330 feet deep; well located; close to channel and price reasonable; will surprise you. Bound to increase in value within 18 months. Telephone 332 for particulars. L. W. Moore Real Estate. oc27-1t

SPLENDID North Third Street modern home can be bought at less than actual value; large rooms, good exposure; large lot. Can arrange good loan. See L. W. Moore, Telephone 332. L. W. Moore. oc27-1t

FOR SALE—10 acre farms, splendid soil, trucking land on Castle Haynes road. Good proposition. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore. oc27-1t

FOR SALE—Thirty acres land within one mile Wrightsboro station and three miles from Wilmington. No better land in county. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. oc27-1t

WOULD YOU LIKE TO EAT like you did when a kid? Then 'phone and get a bottle of Hall's Discovery. It makes your stomach secrete the juices necessary to perfect digestion. Heartburn and sour stomach relieved in seven minutes; 50 per bottle, at Hall's Cash Farmacy. oc27-1t

FOR SALE—Twenty acres land with six-room house, barn, etc., within one mile of city. It's a bargain; good truck land. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. oc27-1t

LADIES—Earn $5 weekly at home evenings copying names and addresses. Send 10c. for complete instructions and material. Roberts Co., 909 E. 43rd street, Chicago. oc27-1t*

SIDE LINE salesman, live wire man to handle our candy, cigar and gum punch boards as a side line. Snappy proposition. Light samples, liberal commissions, paid weekly. Specify Department Y. United States Factories Co., 180 N. Market street Chicago, Illionis. oc27-1t*

SALESMEN—$100.00 to $600.00 per month, selling our oils, greases and paints. Do not be satisfied, get our proposition. Salary or commission. Inland Oil Works Co., Cleveland, Ohio. oc27-1t*

$15.00 WEEKLY paid one woman in each county to advertise and introduce Concentrated Pure Food Flavoring. Pleasant, permanent position. Samples free. D. B. McCurdy Company, Como Bldg, Chicago, Ills. oc27-1t

A GOOD eight-room dwelling, near 5th and Ann, can be bought for $5,000.00. Wilder & Metts. oc27-1t

SALESMEN WANTED for country towns; $25 weekly salary and $50 per day allowed for expenses when traveling. Western Cider Co., St. Louis, Mo. oc27-1t*

SALESMAN — For general mercantile trade in South, to sell a new proposition of merit. Attractive commission contract for balance of year, and all 1913, with liberal weekly advances. Miles F. Bixler Co., Wholesale Jewelers, Cleveland, Ohio. oc27-1t*

WANTED—Two more good saw mills to cut by contract. Good timber and good locations. Address Lock Box 153, Clinton, N. C. oc27-2t

FOR RENT—2 rooms on second floor in Peterson & Rulfs building. Apply at store. oc27-1t

WANTED—Second hand leather belting, 2 to 4 H. P. steam engine, 5 H. P. gasoline engine and 10 tons of relaying rails. Machinery Dept. Wilmington Iron Works. oc27-1t

FOR SALE—One belt hoist, one log loader, 84 pulleys, 14 sprockets and chains for same, 22 hangers, one slab saw, and a complete line of engines, boilers, pumps, pipling, valves and general mill equipment. Machinery Dept. Wilmington Iron Works. oc27-1t

FOR SALE—Modern home, 8 rooms, reception hall, bath, pantry, cellar and cistern, on newly brick paved street, half block from car line, 5 minutes from post office. Nice section of city. Address H. B. M., P. O. Box 817. oc27-1t*

BIG OPPORTUNITY for any one who wishes a site in the heart of the city, for either manufacturing plant, storage warehouse, auto garage, etc., in the rear of my property located on Front street between Market and Dock. Can give an entrance on Front street and extend this to Bettencourt Alley, with entrance of 67 feet. Will build any class structure to suit tenant under five or ten year lease. Size of property about 67 feet by 143 feet. I feel this is a good opportunity for any one who desires a large place in the heart of our city. B. O. Stone, office phone 351; residence, 1260-w. oc26-1t

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become traveling salesmen, and earn while they learn. Write for particulars. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. oc27-1t*

WANTED—Two gentlemen for room and board; also table boarders. In down town vicinity. 'Phone 1507, or call at 213 So. Second street. oc27-1t*

LOST—Yesterday on Princess street, between Front and Second, gold watch and fob. Reward for recovery. J. W. White, 402 Nutt street. oc27-1t*

WANTED TO BUY—Two second hand dump carts. Must be in running order and cheap. Address, stating price, "Cart," care Star. oc27-1t*

A NICE 6-room house on South Second street is offered for $2,750. Good chance for some one to get a home. Wilder & Metts. oc27-1t

WE CAN SELL you a lot on the corner of 16th and Chestnut streets, at a surprisingly low figure. Call 162. Wilder & Metts. oc27-1t

WANTED — Messengers with wheels. Hustlers can make from $20 to $30 a month. Postal Telegraph Co. oc27-1t*

WANTED—Several table boarders, at 316 Red Cross street. oc27-1t

DO YOU WANT a home? We have listed a 5-room house on South Fourth street, between Ann and Nun. The price is $3,000. Let us tell you about it. Wilder & Metts. oc27-1t

YOU CAN BUY a nice little cottage home on Walnut, between Second and Third, for $3,500. Talk it over with us. Wilder & Metts. oc27-1t

WANTED — White girl for nurse and house help. Apply at 505 Harnett street. oc27-1t

COLD—COLD—COLD—Get warm by ordering your wood from Crumpler & Johnson. We handle all kinds of wood cut in any length, and prices to suit the purchaser. 'Phone number of 336, located back of Hardin's drug store. oc27-1m*

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. Good neighborhood. Price, reasonable. 113 South Ninth street. oc27-1t*

FOR SALE at a bargain, 6-room house and lot, 50-55, on Chestnut street, between Ninth and Tenth. A good home. This will be sold. See me at once. J. Irving Bear, Real Estate and Insurance; 'phone 443; 101 1-2 Princess street. oc27-1t

FOR SALE—Several desirable building lots in good residential parts of the city. J. Irving Bear, Real Estate and Insurance; Phone 443; 101 1-2 Princess street. oc27-1t

WANTED—Three teams with carts Monday morning, 7 o'clock. Apply Thomas A. Smith, woodyard, 319 Nutt street. oc27-1t*

WE HAVE a valuable piece of property on Market street between Front and Second, for sale. A small amount of cash will close the deal. See Wilder & Metts. oc27-1t

$500.00 will buy a small cottage near new school. This will yield a good return on the investment. Wilder & Metts. oc27-1t

CAROLINA HEIGHTS lot for sale on the Chestnut street extension. This property can be bought at a figure that will enable the purchaser to net a good profit in a few months' time. Wilder & Metts. oc27-1t

14 PER CENT. investments are very rare. We have one that we would be pleased to show you. 'Phone Wilder & Metts. oc27-1t

CORNER LOT at Carolina Place for sale at a bargain. Wilder & Metts. oc27-1t

FOR RENT—Large hall on Front street, suitable for lodge rooms, or banquet hall. Apply Wilder & Metts, Agents. oc27-1t

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms by Dec. 1st. No light housekeeping. Address P. O. Box 590. oc27-1t*

WANTED AT ONCE A good teacher to commence a school in a special school district. Write T. A. Jones, Zara, N. C. oc27-1t*

FOR RENT—Two or three unfurnished rooms to couple without children. Gas bath and electric lights. Apply 417 South Sixth street. oc27-1t*

TO RENT—One large, nicely furnished room at 217 Red Cross street, between Second and Third. Very desirable, with 'phone, lights and bath. Suitable for a gentleman or a couple, in a private home. oc27-1t*

MUSIC PUPILS—A young lady of wide experience as a teacher of music, desires a few pupils, beginners preferred. For information, 'phone 1742. oc27-1t*

WANTED—By family of three, 3 or 4 unfurnished rooms, on first floor, in good location. Apply to Mrs. J. L. King, Richlands, N. C. oc27-1t*

YOU WANT the top market for your eggs, poultry, pork, beef or anything you have. Ship to R. B. Moore & Co., wholesale produce, commission merchants, 117 N. Water. oc27-1t

FOR SALE Farm of 365 acres, about 250 cleared, balance heavily timbered with oak; clay subsoil; 5 miles from a North Carolina town of 10,000. Located on good public road; $37.50 per acre, cash. Address P. O. Box 469, Wilmington, N. C. oc27-1t*

FOR RENT—Furnished room with bath attached. Young men preferred. Apply 313 Red Cross street, upstairs. oc27-1t*

WE ARE cleaning and plowing up lots at Winter Park, Edgewood, Idlewild, Audubon and Garden City. Let us clean and plow up yours. C. H. Bonham, R. F. D. 2, Box 2. oc27-su2t*

CONSUMERS' Wood and Coal Co. The best of coal and wood. Let us make your price. 'Phone 653. oc27-1m

FOR SALE—12 shares Tidewater, preferred, at 90. Address Box 369. oc27-1t*

FOR RENT—Housekeeping apartment, 7 rooms, bath, range, steam heat, water, janitor and elevator service. In Cape Fear Apartments, So. Third street. Exclusive residence section. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. oc27-1t

ONE FURNISHED ROOM, southern exposure; all modern conveniences; suitable for one or two gentlemen. On Third between Princess and Chestnut. 'Phone 1725-J. Address Box 291. oc27-1t*

IF YOU ARE a canvassing agent, we want you to handle our line of household specialties. They are winners. Big profits. Send for particulars. Southern Specialty Co., Box 52, Savannah, Ga. oc27-1t*

WANTED—By one of the leading life insurance companies, an agent for Wilmington and vicinity; best of contract. Address "Insurance," care Star. oc26-2t*

FOR RENT — Nine-room residence on Fifth street; well arranged for two families; store and five-room cottage at Winter Park; six-room residence at Garden City. Rents reasonable; possession at once. See L. W. Moore, or 'phone 332. oc26-1t

WANTED—Capable, reliable male bookkeeper, preferably a stenographer and typewriter, also. Good opening; state salary. Box 324, City. oc25-3t

NEW CATCH—Fat mackerel have arrived, 5, 10 and 15 cents each. Also new, large fish roe. New prunes, evaporated apples, New River oysters from now on. 'Phone 460. J. H. Kuck. oc25-6t

WANTED — Experienced saw filer and hammerer and mill wright wants position. References. Satisfaction guaranteed. Box 156, Spring Hope, N. C. oc24-4t*

A LOT OF good mules and horses for sale. These are going cheap. James J. Darby, Front and Orange streets. oc24-6t

FOR SALE—At rare bargain for quick turn-over, E. M. F. Roadster, Model 1912. Going to be sold at once. Apply 114 Princess street, or 'phone 771. oc23-1t

TWO FIRST-CLASS, high-grade mules for sale. Apply to Matt J. Beyer. oc19-1t

THIS SEASON'S early June garden peas, put up by the Sunbeam people; none better. Harvest Brand, 20c. sellers, now 15c.; $1.50 doz.; $2.90 case. Republic small peas, now 18c.; $2.00 doz.; $3.90 case. Paris pea, very small, 25c. straight, now 22 1-2c. can; $2.60 doz.; $5.00 case. Finest ever put in a can. J. H. Kuck, 'Phone 460. oc12,13,19,20,26,27-6t

COFFE SHOULD BE PURE, but seldom is; but if you use our Acme brand of roasted Laguayra you get absolutely pure coffee with the aroma, flavor and taste, found only in pure coffee. Used by the best coffee critics in the city. Sales average 500 lbs. per month. Ground for you, if desired; 30c. lb. Purest gives best results. J. H. Kuck, 'Phone 460. oc12,13,19,20,26,27-6t

IF YOUR BUTTER don't suit you try ours; not the cheapest in price, but absolutely pure and all butter. Save 10 per cent. on your grocery bill and trade with us. Best is cheapest, after all. J. H. Kuck, 'Phone 460. oc12,13,19,20,26,27-6t

IF YOUR HOME is happy, keep it so; if not, make it so by using "Happy Home" flour. Made of natural unadulterated wheat as gathered from the field. Absolutely pure; 12-lb. bag, 38c.; 24-lb. bag, 75c.; ¼ bbl., $1.45; ½ bbl., $2.90; 1 bbl., $5.75. Economize and use the best. J. H. Kuck, 'Phone 460, Sole Agent for N. C. oc12,13,19,20,26,27-6t

WE HAVE THE VARIETY—Call in and see our supply. We keep everything good to eat. All kinds of fresh meats, fruits, vegetables and groceries. Fancy celery, fresh sour kraut and country pork. Palace Market, 'phone 72. oc23-1t

FOR SALE—A limited number of shares in one of the best industrial propositions ever organized in North Carolina. Endorsed and backed by business men of ability and integrity. Write "Investments," care Star. oc23-1t

WANTED—Salesman to sell our line of fancy fruit ciders in country towns. $150 per month and expenses. Red Cross Co., Dept. A, St. Louis, Mo. oc20-su4t

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS receive $800 the first year ($18 per week) and raise $100 per year through their grade until $1,800 ($37.00 per week) is reached. They have no lay-offs; pleasant work; and usually every second week off at full pay. Thousands of appointments coming. Common education sufficient. The position is yours for life. No pull necessary. Write immediately for free illustrated book, telling how to get an appointment. Franklin Institute, Dept. 287-T, Rochester, N. Y. oc13,20,27;no3,10--5t

FOR SALE—Several hundred thousand juniper shingles. Any grade and size. Can make prompt delivery. Write Southern Exchange Co., or 'Phone 802. oc20,22,27-3t*

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres standing timber, near W., B. & S. road, Town Creek township, Brunswick county; two miles Bolivia station. Address E. V. Mercer, Bolivia, N. C. oc22,27-2t*

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Harriss' Typewriting and Advertising Co., 114 Princess street; 'phone 708. del-tu,su,th-tf

WANTED—To purchase, 50 shares Jefferson Standard Life Insurance stock. Seventy dollars per share offered until this number purchased. Address P. O. Box 227, Greensboro, N. C. oc13-eod6t

JUST RECEIVED—Another lot of those nice $1.25 rugs and some more art squares. Come and see them. J. Weil. oc20-1t

WANTED—Two first class concrete men and twenty laborers. Ideal Concrete Co., 23 Odd Fellows Bldg.; J. B. Davis, Manager. oc20-1t

FOR SALE to quick takers at rock bottom prices, following machines taken in exchange for new ones: Mitchell five-passenger touring car; Reo runabout; large Maxwell roadster; all in good running order. Pickard-Bleecker Auto. Co., Third Street Garage. oc20-1t

WANTED — By family of three, light housekeeping rooms, centrally located. Price, reasonable. References. Box 561, City. oc16-1t

SAY! The Everglade Cafe is the place for ladies and gentlemen. Oysters daily; game, etc., in season; 113 Princess street. C. T. McKeithan, Mgr. oc9-1t

FOR SALE—30 H. P. Torpedo Roadster, nickel trimmings, fully equipped, good as new; cost $1,200.00 last year. This is a dandy car, and if taken this week will sell for $450. Reason for selling, leaving city. Car at Pickard-Bleecker Garage, Third street. C. L. Whitehead. oc13-1t

GUNS OF ALL MAKES — Remingtons, Ithacas, A. H. Fox, Parker, and L. C. Smith, at a bargain at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, 16 South Front street. Look for the yellow front. oc3-1t

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE—On October 10th I will open my wood yard at foot of Chestnut street, and can furnish all kinds of wood cut and split, or in 4-foot lengths. Prices to suit everybody's pocket. Oak, ash and pine. M. H. Croom. 'Phone 431. se22-1t

TO THE PUBLIC — If any of your plumbing work has been condemned, see D. L. T. Capps Plumbing Co. If you need any time on payments, call at the office. se26-1t

FOR RENT—From October 1st, store and curt house, corner Seventh and Market streets. An old established stand. One of the best in city. Apply to Eduard Ahrens, care Ahrens Bros. se6-1t

BARGAINS in a fine line of Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags. Also in all kinds of unredeemed pledges. Save money and see Uncle Charles, 16 S. Front street. ja3-1t

HERE IS SILVER TABLEWARE

of exquisite quality. The display affords a splendid opportunity to exercise the highest degree of taste for the least expenditure of money. Both flat and hollow ware are included in the offering. We invite a visit from those who appreciate good taste and demand good quality.

A. O. Schuster
Jeweler,
104 NORTH FRONT ST.

A Penny and a Five-Dollar Gold Piece

Bear a distinct family resemblance in size, if not in relation of quality. Consequently if the gold piece is kept in close association with pennies it is likely to share the fate of being taken for one, or rather GIVEN for one, as happened not long ago with a friend of ours.

The lady paid the milkman, as she thought, fifteen cents, but in reality handed him fourteen pennies and the little gold piece, not discovering her error until the following day.

The American National Bank
—of Wilmington.—

will pay YOU 4 per cent. Compound interest on both your gold pieces and pennies. Give them

SECURITY AND SERVICE.

GO WHERE YOU LIKE,

You can find no more artistic and convenient electrical fixtures than are to be had here. When you go out make it a point to stop in and look them over. We feel sure you will see the advantage of having some in your home, especially when you learn the prices. A new line of fixtures and portables just arrived.

Full line of Electric Supplies. Electric Irons, $3.75.

J. O. BROCK,
House Wiring a Specialty.
Telephone 573. 123 Market St.

"There is a tide in the affairs of men
Which, taken at its flood,
Leads on to Fortune." —Shakespeare.

We pay 4% on Savings Accounts.

The Atlantic Trust and Banking Company
SOUTHERN BUILDING, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

BEAUTIFUL GLOBE-WERNICKE BOOK-CASES.
All Sizes, Styles and Finishes.

Globe-Wernicke Filing devices for the office. In sections, to suit your needs.

"ART METAL" Steel Office Furniture—Something new—something desirable—something useful. Built in sections and finished to match your oak or mahogany furniture.

DICTAPHONES—Another indispensable office appliance. Ask for demonstration. It will cost you nothing to try it.

Typewriters, Desks, Office Chairs, Typewriter Cabinets and Stands, Carbon, Ribbons, Etc.

"Everything for the Office."
'PHONE 69. **C. W. YATES & COMPANY.**

BEGINNING MONDAY

We will have on display a large line of Genuine Human Hair Braids at half price. One week only. A full line of Onyx Hose, all evening shades, in silk. Also a full line of fancy Neckwear.

Our hats are distinctive and exclusive in style.

French Millinery Shop,
110 North Front Street.

Holiday Goods Arriving

72 Boxes Mixed Nuts.
21 Bags Mixed Nuts.
33 Bags Brazil Nuts.
19 Cases Dried Figs.
17 Cases Seeded Raisins.
16 Cases Fancy Evaporated Peaches.
47 Cases Evap. Apples.
61 Bags Dried Apples.
Also 400 Boxes L. L. Raisins to arrive soon.

W. B. Cooper Co.
Importers and Jobbers.

New Arrivals

50 Bbls. New Mullets
300 Bales New No. 1 Alfalfa Hay
600 Bales New No. 1 Timothy Hay
300 Sacks Rice Straw
300 Sacks Wheat Bran
200 Sacks Wheat Middlings
200 Sacks Corn Chops
250 Sacks C. S. Meal
2000 Sacks Salt
600 Fish Kegs
500 Boxes Job Tobacco

—ALSO—

carry a full line of Snuff, Cigars, Cheroots, Cigarettes and Canned goods, all of which will be sold on a close margin : : : : : :

J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Grocer,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 14

VOL. XCI—NO. 27. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 27, 1912. WHOLE NUMBER 13,153.

A NEW ERA OF PROSPERITY

New York Business Men Entirely Optimistic—Opening of Canal—Gang Fights in Gotham. American Apples.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, Oct. 26.—That the United States never before within the recollection of the present generation of business men has faced such encouraging prospects for a long-continued era of prosperity is the remarkable testimony adduced by delegates from all parts of the country attending a meeting of mortgage and investment bankers here this week.

By the nature of their business these men naturally are well posted concerning the situation and outlook in their own communities and States and it is noteworthy that there was not a dissenting opinion among them as to the promising outlook which the business situation now presents. A classification of the views advanced shows that three main factors are regarded as being chiefly responsible for this situation. The first and most immediate is that record breaking yields of most of the country's important crops have been harvested at a time when Europe's crops are below normal, thereby assuring good prices and general prosperity to the farmers. The second reason given by most of these observers is that business generally is in a sound and conservative condition with the stocks of merchants not over expanded, collections prompt, no great speculative movement under way and nothing in the nature of a "boom" with its inevitable reaction. The third reason adduced by a majority of these business men is that the opening of the Panama Canal will give a decided stimulus to American commerce, and especially to Southern and Pacific coast ports, whether foreign or American ship owners derive the chief benefit of handling this increased business. While various other factors were mentioned as operative in certain sections, these were the broad reasons given for anticipating a long and uninterrupted season of prosperity for American industry.

* * *

While business circles in every part of the country are speculating as to what the Panama Canal will do for this, that or the other port, and what its general effect on the country's trade will be, New York is looking hopefully to the completion of the great ditch to help solve what is fast becoming a problem of unmanageable proportions here. In the past 10 years 8,000,000 immigrants have come to the United States from Europe and of these nearly 7,000,000, or over 80 per cent. have used New York as their gateway to the new world. More than a million of these, from choice or necessity, have made their homes in this city and their tendency to settle down close to their point of arrival, which is especially marked among certain nationalities, is responsible for much of the overcrowding from which the foreign quarters of the city are now suffering. When it becomes possible to carry immigrants direct from Europe to Pacific coast ports it is expected that this pressure will be relieved to a certain degree. At the same time a supply of labor will be provided for those Western States in which it is needed. Hawaii, too, which has been striving both by official and unofficial efforts to secure Caucasian immigration in its effort to make and to keep itself a "white man's country" will be able to tap this stream and to attract Europeans in place of th eAsiatic labor on which it has been compelled unwillingly to depend in the past, but which is now effectively barred out. Oddly enough, this is one of the new anticipated effects of the canal that seems likely to please every section affected by it.

* * *

While discharging the jury in a murder case the other day, Judge Rosalsky mentioned casually that in 48 hours previous there had been 14 killings in New York. This establishes a new high record even for the metropolis, which has grown accustomed to a rate of one murder a day and Judge Rosalsky's comment woke up a good many citizens to the seriousness of the homicidal epidemic that prevails. Five murders took place in a single afternoon recently almost under the shadow of the new municipal office building opposite City Hall Park. The incident passed almost unnoticed because it happened in Chinatown where killings by wholesale have become a commonplace. Chinatown has "gone dry" and most of its famous resorts are closed, but there were Chinamen enough left to start the trouble. The policemen who heard the rattle of rapid shots at half past three in the afternoon ran up and saw the end of the fight. Five men were dead in the street or dying in doorways, three more were badly hurt, three heavy revolvers still hot from the firing were lying on the sidewalk. The officers caught two men with revolvers in their hands and made a general haul of the neighborhood for witnesses. Nearly a hundred shots were fired, and only one of the dead was in battle, the rest being passersby who were taken by surprise. This was only one more battle of the "Tongs" which have been fighting a murderous war in Chinatown for 20 years. It is noted that four of the other shootings which Judge Rosalsky mentioned were in fights of gunmen or gangsters.

* * *

The finger print system of identification has now been established in the Central Park Zoo, and the keepers there have made up their minds that there is something in this modern criminal science after all. In one corner of the famous "monkey house" there is a monkey hospital. Five or six patients are often laid up there at once, for the captive monkey is famous for the frequency with which he needs repairs. The hospital milk supply ran suspiciously low not long ago, and the news leaked out that there had been stealing, and that the thief was some one of the occupants of the premises. It was to find the criminal that Pat Kenan, who has handled monkeys for 40 years, hatched his great detective scheme. He prepared slips of paper, indexed according to the best police headquarters regulations, mixed linseed oil and lampblack into a mess that looked like bad molasses and smelled like something catching, and then set out on a monk-to-monk canvass of the population in which he collected more than 60 sets of monkey finger prints. Three days later a two-quart can was found empty, with a well defined tint of thumb and monkey forefinger on the two sides of the lid. The evidence was only circumstantial, but it was strong enough to obtain indictment, trial and a suitable sentence for the little Bengal ape Julia Marlowe—who was not so named because she looked the part.

* * *

The steamer Verdi sailed for Buenos Ayres the other day with the biggest load of American fruit that ever left Sandy Hook on the long trail over the Equator. Nearly 3,000 barrels of apples of the good old fashioned kinds, Ben Davis, Baldwins, Yorks, Imperials and some others went in the shipment. Some came from Rhode Island, some from Virginia and a good share of them were sent across the continent from Oregon and Washington. Then to make it a still more representative lot, there were some 8,000 boxes of pears from California. These and many of the apples made a journey of over 10,000 miles by the time they reach their destination. The fruit will go in cold storage to get it safely past the tropics and it will be a good two weeks on the journey. Commercial men here use this fact to point a moral—the need of a fast steamship service to the great South American ports.

—LONGACRE.

INTERESTING PUBLICATION

Statistical Record of the Progress of the United States

Washington, D. C., Oct. 26.—The progress of the United States in population, production, commerce, and finance, is pictured in a publication entitled, "Statistical Record of the Progress of the United States, 1800-1912," just issued by the Division of Statistics of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. The figures which it presents, while enabling a comparison of present conditions with those at almost any earlier date during the period named, are especially interesting when present conditions are compared with those of a decade ago, 1902. Population has increased 20 per cent in the period in question, 1902 1912, and this forms a convenient basis for determining the relative growth in certain of the other conditions pictured by the publication above mentioned. The figures show, for example, that money in circulation has grown from $2,249,390,551 in 1902 to $3,276,786,613 in 1912, an increase of 46 per cent, while the population increased 20 per cent. The loans and discounts of National banks have grown from $3,221,859,631 in 1902 to $5,953,904,432 in 1912, an increase of 85 per cent during the ten-year period. The deposits in savings banks have grown from $2,-050,104,486 in 1902 to $4,212,583,599 in 1911, the latest year for which figures are available, an increase of 60 per cent in nine years.

Imports of merchandise into the country have grown from $903,320,943 in 1902 to $1,653,264,934 in the fiscal year just ended, an increase of 83 per cent; while imports free of duty grew from $396,818,871 in 1902 to $881,670,-830 in 1912, an increase of 122 per cent. Imports of crude materials for use in manufacturing have grown from $303,001,868 in 1902 to $555,986,044 in 1912, an increase of 83 per cent, and those of manufactures for further use in manufacturing, from $147,656,292 to $293,739,134, an increase of practically 100 per cent; while imports of manufactures ready for consumption advanced from $231,420,820 to $360,018,-960, an increase of 56 per cent.

Exports of domestic merchandise during the decade have increased from $1,355,481,861 in 1902 to $2,170,319,-828 in 1912, a growth of 60 per cent, while exports of manufactures (including in this term both those ready for consumption and those for further use in manufacturing) increased from $453,864,851 to $1,020,437,687, an increase of 125 per cent.

Imports from Europe, which in 1902 formed 52.6 per cent of the total, formed in 1912 but 49.6 per cent; while those from North America increased from 16.7 per cent of the total to 20.2 per cent. Those from South America show little change, having formed 13.3 per cent of the total imports in 1902 and 13 per cent in 1912. Imports from Asia show a slight decline in the share which they form of the total imports, from 14.4 per cent in 1902 to 13.6 per cent. in 1912. Of the total exports, the share sent to Europe fell from 73 per cent in 1912 to 60.9 per cent in 1912; that to North America increased from 14.8 per cent to 23.5 per cent; that to South America, from 2.8 per cent to 6 per cent; while the percentage of the exports sent to Asia, Oceania, and Africa shows little change during the decade.

The percentage of the foreign commerce carried in America vessels was, in 1902, 12.1 per cent of the imports and 6.6 per cent of the exports; and, in 1912, 11 per cent of the imports and 8 per cent of the exports, the percentage of the imports carried in American vessels having slightly declined and the percentage of the exports carried in American vessels slightly increased during the period under consideration

Turning to production, the figures show in beet sugar an increase from 369 million pounds in 1902 to 1,238 million in 1912; copper, from 294 thousand tons in 1902 to 490 thousand in 1911; petroleum, from 3,728 million gallons in 1902 to 9,259 million in 1911; coal, from 269 million tons in 1901 to 443 million in 1911; pig iron, from 18 million tons in 1902 to an estimated total of 28 million in 1912; and tin plate, from 806 million pounds in 1902 to 1,619 million in 1910. Of cotton the production has increased from 10.8 million bales in 1902 to 16.3 million bales in 1911.

At any rate, the man with only one Winter suit doesn't have much bother with moths.

So many churches are too small for weddings and entirely too large for prayer meetings.

GREAT ASSET

Human Happiness Is Great Business Asset

Human life is gradually becoming recognized as a business asset. This is a new fact in the development of the race. Life insurance companies are realizing that they can increase their dividends faster by cutting down the death rate than by increasing sales or by reducing expenses. Employers of large numbers of human machines are realizing the surprising fact that, as a cold business proposition, it pays, not in sentiment but in dollars, to take good care of their employes. Business men are learning that well-fed, well-clothed, contented men and women, working in well-lighted, well ventilated quarters and on schedules arranged in accordance with our modern knowledge of psychology and physiology, actually turn out more work and better work than under paid, discontented help, working uncomfortable and insanitary conditions. Therefore, large corporations are spending money liberally in playgrounds, rest rooms, libarries, gymnasiums, sanitary lunch rooms, moving picture shows, safety devices, ventilating systems and similar devices for the well being and enjoyment of their employes. If one asks these men why they are doing these things, they will disclaim any charitable or philanthropic motives. "This isn't charity," says one firm, "we want that clearly understood. This is simply good business management and common sense. A well man is of more use to us than a sick man. A happy, contented woman turns out more work and better work than an unhappy one. Therefore anything we can do to make the people who do our work at ease in mind and body we regard as good business management, just as we regard fire insurance, improved machinery and labor-saving devices." The firms that have realized the enormous importance of this discovery are already reaping the benefits. The conservation of the health of employes will be a fundamental principle of good business management in the future. When it is fully recognized by the industrial world that sickness is a material liability and that health is a realizable commercial asset, says The Journal of the American Medical Association, contagion and preventable diseases will be hunted down and exterminated as relentlessly as modern industrialism now pursues counterfeiters, forgers and other commercial criminals.

THE BANK AND THE NEWSPAPER

Address Delivered Before Annual Convention of American Bankers' Association by Fred W. Ellsworth, of New York

Two of the greatest factors in the development of our modern civilization are the bank and the newspaper. Each fills a definite want and neither can be dispensed with. Both the bank and the newspaper came into being in response to a concrete demand and in confirmation of that well-known law which asserts that "necessity is the mother of invention."

We are familiar with the almost unlimited good which each can accomplish and we are not unmindful of the possibilities for harm which are latent in each, and which come to the surface whenever either is managed by unscrupulous or incompetent persons. In view of this fact it is to the everlasting credit of the banks and the press that with some noteworthy exceptions their operation has been uniformly characterized by a broad conception of their duty to the general public. We hear about the one bank that gets into trouble or fails. We hear about it because such an occurrence is exceptional and unusual; but we do not hear about the 999 other banks that quietly and unostentatiously pursue their even course conducting their business in a legitimate manner. That is just what we expect them to do—it is right and proper and ordinary—hence we think nothing of it. And the same rule holds good with the newspaper, and the business house and the church and the political party and practically everything else that has to do with human society.

The Newspaper

Now just for a moment let us discuss the newspaper—what is it, and what it is doing. And in the present discussion let us include under the title, "newspaper," the dailies and weeklies, as well as the financial and trade press, since all of these perform the functions of news gatherers and distributors. According to the International Encyclopedia "the newspaper is a public print issued at periodical intervals and sold a a fixed price per copy and for a definite period to reg-

(Continued on Page Ten.)

There's a Lot In SUNSET PARK To Please YOU!

It's very satisfying to us to know how thoroughly we are pleasing every individual purchaser of lots in SUNSET PARK.

Nearly every buyer has in mind some SPECIAL feature which they want THEIR lot to possess.

We are perfectly safe in saying: "The lot that will JUST EXACTLY please YOU can now be secured in SUNSET PARK."

Do you want it to front a certain direction? Do you prefer a level or a sloping lot? Do you wish it at grade level or a little above? Do you want a location on a street pulsating with life and activity, or on a quiet, restful street? Do you want it to be in sight of a busy roadway traffic, or have a magnificent view of a busy water-way?

You can secure any of these features in SUNSET PARK; it is merely a matter of your own SELECTION—a selection which is NOT possible in any other sub-division to Wilmington.

The improvements are all features of CERTAINTY, covered by our binding contract with every purchaser—providing definitely and POSITIVELY for macadamized streets, plazas, cement sidewalks, water, sewerage, gas, electric lights, and STREET CAR SERVICE WITHIN 90 DAYS.

$35,000 is our engineer's estimate of the cost of extending the improvements on Central Boulevard from the Federal Point road through to the river front—and the extension is NOW well under way and will be completed as fast as men and money can accomplish it.

These improvements will add from 25% to 40% to the actual worth and selling value of every lot on that Boulevard.

The owner of every lot in SUNSET PARK can be CERTAIN of a liberal profit on his purchase within twelve months.

Note how rapidly other desirable sub-divisions have built up in the last three years! Compare the location, topography and improvements of SUNSET PARK with these other sub-divisions. SUNSET PARK should—and WILL—LEAD every other sub-division at the end of three years.

200 satisfied lot buyers now endorse our own judgment and belief in SUNSET PARK. They are 200 of Wilmington's best citizens. They are people whose judgment can be relied upon. They are 200 people YOU can safely follow into the splendid future of SUNSET PARK.

Eventually YOU WILL want a lot in SUNSET PARK—better buy NOW than later.

The Fidelity Trust and Development Company

OWNERS

14 Princess Street Telephone 312

THE BANK AND THE NEWSPAPER

(Continued from Page Nine.)

ular readers known as subscribers, and giving three classes of information: (a) relating to events, or 'news,' (b) opinions, or 'editorials,' and (c) wares on sale, or 'advertisements.'" The newspaper or its progenitor dates back very early in the world's history, but the modern newspaper as we know it had its beginning at the close of the 15th century. It is interesting to note that these first copies gave accounts of the discovery of America, and of occurrences such as earthquakes, burning of witches, etc. The development of the newspaper until the 19th century was comparatively slow, but the last fifty years have seen a most remarkable growth.

Large Influence

We know that the newspapers of the United States exert a widespread influence on the public sentiment of our country. This is not at all surprising when we recall that with a population of but 5 per cent of the total population of the world we have about 40 per cent of the newspapers; that of the 60,000 newspapers published in all the countries the United States publishes over 22,000, 2,500 of which are issued daily. The total circulation of all these papers in the United States exceeds 125,000,000 copies per issue, of which 20,000,000 are dailies. Think of that! Every day in the year except Sunday there go into the homes of our people 20,000,000 copies of the daily press—practically one copy for every family. In addition to these there are millions upon millions of copies of the weekly papers, and hundreds of thousands of the trade and financial papers that are read in the counting house and the bank and the office, and these supplement and strengthen the influence of the dailies and weeklies. Such enormous circulation cannot fail to carry with it almost unlimited influence — and an equal measure of responsibility. Is it any wonder that an amount said to exceed our national debt is expended annually by advertisers in an effort to persuade newspaper readers to buy their wares? Is it any wonder that even our great political parties have at last come to realize the power exerted by the press and have decided to talk to the people from the advertising columns of our newspapers?

Some Strong Points

Now I hold no brief for the newspaper and have no disposition to defend those that need defending, but I do want to remind you of certain strong points which many newspapers possess and which contribute very significantly to the development of their strength and influence. There was a time, and it was not so very long ago either, when periodicals of all kinds not only accepted but enthusiastically solicited fraudulent and other objectionable advertiing. Today, hundreds of the very best periodicals in the country, at considerable financial sacrifice to themselves and for the purpose of protecting their readers and their advertising patrons, consistently and persistently refuse all "get-rich-quick" advertising, liquor and fake medical copy—in fact, fraudulent or objectionable advertising of all kinds. Unfortunately there are many periodicals that have not as yet established this high standard. "'Tis true 'tis pity, and pity 'tis true." In the main such periodicals are like the little girl in the rhyme, "When they're bad they're horrid." But you and I know of many specific instances where newspapers have deliberately refused good money because they do not wish to be in the position of recommending unsafe investments or questionable business propositions.

Against Corruption

Think of the influence that has been exerted by the press of this country in recent political corruption cases. If it had not been for the persistent thundering of the American press it is altogether probable that organized political graft in our various legislative bodies would be immeasurably more brazen and defiant than it now is. Think what the press of Chicago has done in the last fifteen years in working to clean the grafters out of the Chicago City Council. The newspapers there, almost without exception, have worked faithfully and diligently hand in hand with the Municipal Voters' League, and while the Council there is still subject to improvement there is no question but that it is a far better body of representative men than it was when the newspapers began their campaign.

It begins to look as though there would be some house cleaning in the New York police force, and a large part of the credit for this strenuous operation will have to go not only to the New York press but to the press of the country at large. Newspapers that are doing this kind of work cannot fail to exert a wholesome influence, and it seems to me that the banks should take advantage of this influence a great deal more than they do.

Influence of Banks

The banks, too, exert a large influence. It is of a different nature, but nevertheless quite as important if not more important than that exerted by the newspapers. The bank preaches conservation and economy, two characteristics that a nation must possess if it expects to endure. There are in the United States approximately 26,000 banks. Every town of any size has at least one. When a new town is established almost the first business enterprises that locate there are the bank and the newspaper, and the reason that they are the first on the ground is because they both fill a want that nothing else can satisfy—because each serves a distinct purpose.

Co-operation Between Bank and Newspaper

And this brings me to the real object of my discourse. If the bank and the newspaper are both necessary; if they are always found together wherever there is a community of people; if they are both serving the public and working for the general good, why is it that there is not more co-operation between the two? Is it not possible, and practicable, and feasible for the bank and the newspaper to work together more than they do, with greater good to each and to the general community? I believe it is possible and so do you.

How the Newspaper Can Help the Bank

For instance, let us consider for a moment just how the newspaper can help the bank. The newspaper has advertising columns which are for sale, and I have yet to find a newspaper that is not ready and willing to admit to its columns the advertisement of a reputable bank. As a matter of fact most of them I should say are reasonably eager for such business if one can judge by the frequent visits that the banker receives from the ever-recurring newspaper advertising solicitor. All right. We have the advertising columns of a newspaper. What shall we do with them? Well, I should say that the very best thing that we can do with them is to use them, provided we are able to use them intelligently and effectively. Of course, I realize that there are still some banks that do not believe in newspaper advertising. They have not yet become convinced of the necessity for, or the wisdom or ethics in publicly asking for new business. And yet these same banks are advertising in a way which only a few years ago would have been considered very much out of place. They perhaps run a fossilized card, and they exhibit on their windows and over their door signs announcing the name of their institution, with possibly the amount of their capital and surplus or the words "conducts a general banking business." Now advertising in the newspaper is merely increasing the circulation of the sign in front of the door. It is the act of placing the bank's announcement before a multitude who otherwise would never see it, and then calling attention to it by explaining in simple, direct English just what the bank stands for and in what way it can serve the readers.

An Example

Here is a good bank, we will say. It has an adequate capital and ample surplus and a large deposit line. Its building is commodious and well lighted, the officers and clerks are genial and obliging and know their business. The bank's facilities for serving its customers are equal to the best. Now supposing this bank does not believe in advertising, how under the sun are all of the people in the community ever going to learn about those favorable features? It is true that many of them will become acquainted with the institution through contact with its customers, but even that very excellent mode of securing new business is limited. Is there any good reason why that bank should not call on the newspaper in the town to help spread the gospel? There are hundreds of banks in the United States today that are working with the local newspapers to that very end, and such of them as are giving the proper attention and time and intelligence to the preparation of their copy are achieving results.

A Concrete Example

Perhaps a concrete example would better illustrate just how the newspaper can be of assistance to the bank. We will take for instance a bank with $50,000 capital and $500,000 deposits and we will assume that the bank is making 20 per cent profits annually, which would be $10,000. $500 a year would not be too much for that bank to set aside for advertising. $300 could be used for space in the local newspapers, and based on a contract rate of 20 cents per inch, which is perhaps an average rate for newspapers in towns from 5,000 to 25,000 population, the $300 would enable the bank to run a five-inch double-colmun ad. three times a week for an entire year. In the intervals between taking in deposits and making loans and turning down undesirable customers the cashier could dash off an ad. every other day so that there would be change of copy each time the space was used. And he needn't be afraid that he will run out of subjects, as the banking business is full of good talking points. I recently saw a book on bank advertising with a title something like this: "2000 Points for Financial Advertising." On the basis that I have mentioned, such a book would furnish material to the cashier for a dozen years or more. He could talk about the savings department, and the commercial department, and the safe deposit vaults, and and the strong board of directors, and the experienced officers, and the intelligent clerks, and the advantage of a household account. He could explain that the bank pays interest on deposits, makes loans to responsible people, receives deposits by mail, issues certificates of deposit and travelers' checks. Then he could call attention to the strength of the institution; he could explain the relation between surplus and capital, and tell of the safety assured by the supervision of the State banking department or the Comptroller of Currency as the case might be. Is there any good reason why a bank with the qualifications which I have enumerated should not employ a method of this kind to secure new business and hold it, and is not this one way in which the newspaper can be of assistance to the bank?

Right here let me pause to remark that I do not wish to convey the impression by what I may say here that a bank should spend all of its advertising appropriation with the newspapers. I do believe that the best results, everything considered, comes from the intelligent, continuous use of newspaper space, but there are other effective advertising mediums which a bank can profitably employ, but in this discussion I will not have the time to mention them.

Editorial Assistance

Another way in which the newspaper can co-operate with and assist the bank is by running educational financial matter in its financial department or on its financial or editorial page. Many of the newspapers in the larger cities, and quite a number of the magazines, are doing this kind of work. It would be manifestly impracticable for the average country weekly or daily to follow a plan like this continually, but an editorial now and then which will preach sound financial doctrine can work great good both to the bank and to the general public.

Co-operative Educational Advertising

Here is still another way in which the newspaper can materially help the bank. We will take a town, say, of 25,000 population, with two daily papers and four banks. Each of the banks carries commercial and savings accounts. Now let all four of the banks get together, put $500 apiece into a common fund or let each contribut according to the size of its deposits. Then hire a competent advertising man to write fifty or a hundred educational advertisements to run in the two papers, say three times a week for a year, each ad. to bear the signatures of the four banks. Then let each bank advertise for itself as much or as little as it cares to. If at the end of the year all the banks in the town have not increased their commercial and savings deposits considerably it will be because the banks had the accounts of all the folks in the town before the campaign began. In this way the newspaper can be of great assistance to the banks in a beautifully impartial manner. The plan that is now employed by many banks is unfair in that the banks that do not advertise reap the benefit from the advertising which the more enterprising bank pays for. I have in mind right here a case of a bank in a middle western State that spent several thousand dollars in an educational campaign for savings, and the other banks in the town secured quite as much benefit without any expense to them as did the advertising bank. Manifestly this is not a square deal, although it was not the fault of the banks that did not advertise. They were simply lucky in receiving something for nothing.

How the Bank Can Help the Newspaper

Now what can the bank do for the newspaper? In other words, how can the bank be of assistance to the press? There is probably no business institution, public or private, in any community in which the people are more interested than they are in the bank. People have thousands and even hundreds of thousands and millions of dollars placed in the bank for safekeeping. This money represents the savings of hundreds of people in the community, and the operating capital and surplus of the business houses. It is not at all surprising therefore that the people should have a keen interest in whatever affects the bank. The newspaper, anxious to give the people the news, and in spite of much evidence to the contrary, usually really desirous of conveying correct information only, will welcome from the bank authoritative and authentic news items which in any way affect the people's depository. Perhaps the bank has elected a new officer, or has added a new member to its board of directors, or has increased its capital, or has transferred a substantial sum from undivided profits to surplus, or has declared a dividend, or has shown a marked increase in deposits, or has decided to enlarge its office, or is preparing plans for a new building. Any and all of these are of general interest and the newspaper would be glad to be the first to announce these.

If I were asked to advise the bankers in this connection I would say get acquainted with the men in your town who make the newspapers. You don't know them well enough. Pehaps you have a speaking acquaintance with them, but that is not enough. Get closer to them. You will find them very decent fellows indeed. Why, even the men who produce the great metropolitan dailies in the big cities are splendid fellows when you get to know them. They fish, and play golf and tennis, and enjoy a ball game just like the rest of us. I know from personal conversation with many newspaper men that they are only too glad to receive the co-operation of the bankers in the dissemination of real news matter. Please understand that I do not mean by this that the newspapers will welcome write-ups or fake news items just merely to advertise the bank, but they do want information that is reliable and has real news value and will gladly give it space in their columns. In this way the bank can co-operate and assist the newspaper.

There is no doubt that these two much more than they are doing. Reciprocity, or co-operation, or call it what you will, is a logical, sensible, practical human programme, and if the newspaper and the bank will adopt this programme and put it into real practice I believe you will agree with me that good results will come to the bank and to the newspaper and to the people at large.

MR TAFT IS PUZZLED.

Can't Understand How Voters Can Fail to Support Him.

Beverly, Mass., Oct. 21.—White House officials tonight made public a letter from President Taft to John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, dealing with some of the issues of the campaign and thanking Mr. Wanamaker in his own behalf, and on behalf of the people of the Nation, for his "splendid work" in behalf of the Republican ticket.

In the letter the President declares that the "people at large" would "indeed suffer if a Democratic President and a Democratic Congress secure the opportunity to make good their platform pledges and an extra session of Congress is called next March to change the tariff from a protective to a revenue," and says:

"We have experimented in the past with the tariff theories of our Democratic friends. You will recall as clearly as I do the distress which followed the passage of the Wilson bill. Is there not a certain significance in the fact that it is another Wilson who would again subject us to such an experiment? Wilson and prosperity are words that refuse to go together in our American history."

Air your home thoroughly daily.

CATARRH AND COLDS CURED

Simple, Common Sense Treatment for Catarrh, Colds and Sore Throat Gives Instant Relief—No Stomach Dosing.

No matter how miserable you are with catarrh or a cold in the head, nose stopped up, throat sore, eyes running, dull pain in the head, dry cough, fever, foul breath, Ely's Cream Balm will give you instant relief.

It gets right at the root of the trouble, cleanses, heals and strengthens the raw, sore membranes, stops the nasty discharge so that you are not constantly blowing the nose and spitting. In a few minutes after applied you can just feel it doing its work of clearing the head, the pain and soreness are relieved, the breathing becomes natural and the stuffed up feeling is gone. This cleansing, healing, antiseptic Balm contains no mercury, cocaine or other harmful drugs. It is easy to apply, pleasant to use, and never fails to give relief, even in the worst cases.

Never neglect a cold, and don't suffer the miseries of catarrh nor disgust your friends with your hawking, spitting and foul breath. Get a 50 cent bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist, and start the treatment at once. You will find that it will be the best investment you ever made.

(Advertisement.)

Millinery

NEW MILLINERY JUST RECEIVED.

A nice lot of Children's Collapsible and Reversible Wool School Hats, in checks and solid colors.

Ready-to-Wear

The fact that all is New in this department makes it safe to buy here. Perfect fit guaranteed.

We have the largest stock of Rugs and Draperies in the city.

Platt & Haar

Refreshing Hair Dressing That Delights Womankind

LUSTROUS HAIR FOR THE FAIR SEX.

Parisian Sage Hair Tonic Starts Hair Growing and Increases Its Abundance.

No Poisonous Sugar of Lead or Sulphur In Delightful, Refreshing Parisian Sage.

Hair that is irresistably attractive will make any woman look more youthful than she is.

In Paris the clever French women fully realize this and retain their youthful appearance even in the fifties.

Parisian Sage can be obtained at all high class drug and department stores and dealers especially recommend it to society women who greatly desire lovely fascinating hair.

One thing that has made Parisian Sage so famous is its peculiar power to turn the harsh, unattractive hair that many women possess into luxuriant and radiant hair in a short time. Women of refinement the country over are using it and it never disappoints.

Parisian Sage Hair Tonic is sold on the honorable basis that if it does not give satisfaction your money refunded.

It cleans the scalp, drives out every trace of dandruff and stops hair from falling. A bottle costs but 50 cents—but be sure you get Parisian Sage. R. R. Bellamy guarantees it.

School Shoes!

Get Your Boy a Pair of

SKUFFER SHOES

Especially designed for growing feet. They are unusually durable and sturdy, being made to stand the hard service required of children's shoes.

Call and look them over at

PETERSON & RULFS

Next to Murchison Bank

TOOLS OF ALL KINDS. HARDWARE FOR EVERY ONE

No Matter what you do, you must have tools to carry on your work.

We have tools of all kinds: For Farmers, Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Gardeners—for every body.

Our line of Hardware is always up-to-date. Our stuff will wear. If you don't believe our prices are low, come in and see.

PECK & HOLLOWAY

EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE AND PAINTS.

109 North Front. 'Phone 612.

SHOT GUNS RIFLES

The proper way to increase your business is to cut your competitor down with a Kelly Axe, or saw him down with a Simond or Diston Cross Cut or Hand Saw, or shoot him down with a Winchester Rifle or Self-Loading Shot Gun with Winchester or U. M. C. Ammunition, or burn him up in a Loths' AirBlast Perfect or Magic Heater or cover him up with Faultless Roofing, the roofing that is made specially for you, or fence him in with Pittsburg Fence which is welded together with that weld that held.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

WHOLESALE

WILMINGTON, N. C. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SHINGLES! LATHS! BRICK!

Large Stock on Hand.

Also All Kinds of Plastering Material.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

'PHONE: 154.

The Latest Books

The Streets of Ascalon, by Robert W. Chambers

The Man in Lonely Land, by Kate Langley Bosher

My Lady's Garter, by Jacques Futrelle

The Black Pearl, by Mrs. Wilson Woodrow

A Woman of Genius, by Mary Austin

The Sign at Six, by Stewart Edward White

ROB'T C. DeROSSET, Bookseller and Stationer

COMING!

The Great Eastern Carolina Fair

NEW BERN. N. C.

October 29, 30, 31 and Nov. 1, 1912.

$6,000.00 offered in premiums.

Frank Champion will fly twice daily in his monoplane.

Jas. E. Hardy, King of high wire walkers.

The Cycling Herberts.

The other free attractions: Horse Racing, Motorcycle Racing,

GREAT MIDWAY.

Horse Show.

Football game: Newbern vs. A. & M. second team.

Free Exhibits

Special rates on all railroads. For information, address

J. LEON WILLIAMS, Secy. New Bern, N. C.

oc18-10t

THE BAND PLAYS

Everybody is chewing it,
Chewing it,
Chewing it,
Everybody is chewing it.
Chewing what?

RICH & RIPE TOBACCO.

Rich & Ripe,
Rich & Ripe,
Everybody is chewing
Rich & Ripe.

Made by
The Whitaker-Harvey Co.,
Winston-Salem, N. C.
Ask F. E. HASHAGEN CO.

oc15-w.f.su-3w

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Office of the Treasurer.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 23rd, 1912.

The Board of Directors of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has declared two per cent. interest on the Certificates of Indebtedness of that Company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, at Wilmington, N. C., on and after November 1st, 1912. The transfer books are closed from the 21st day of October, 1912, to the 1st day of November, 1912, both inclusive.

JAMES F. POST, Treasurer.

oc24 to no1

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST.
Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.
Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:15pm	6:40pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	10:35am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:00am	10:00pm	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:00pm	6:28pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	6:15pm	9:30pm	7:45am

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.

Quickest and Best Route.

The line to the Celebrated Mountain Resorts of Virginia.

For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address

W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A., C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

NOTICE

$25.00 Reward will be paid for evidence to convict any person or corporation who sets fire that burns any of my lands in this or any other county in this State. D. L. GORE, 120 N. Water Street, Wilmington, North Carolina.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

—W. H. JAMES—
Contractor and Builder
All Carpenter Work Done Satisfactorily.
Call 'Phone 1334.

GOSSIP OF FOREIGN CAPITALS

Artist's Conception of American People—German Officers Visiting Paris—In Stormy Mexico. Ancient Customs.

(By Associated Press.)

Paris, Oct. 26.—America is a peculiar country, made up of violent contrasts and sharp distinctions, subsisting beneath its appearance of moral unity," according to Charles Hoffbauer, the noted French artist. He has just returned from a two years' sojourn in America, where he has been engaged upon the studies for the interior mural decoration of the Confederate Institute at Richmond, Va. These decorations will commemorate the soldiers of the South who fought for secession in the Civil War.

Mr. Hoffbauer has visited many of the battlefields of the war and has carefully studied the uniforms, arms and accoutrements of the period. He will cover several panels with war scenes, which he will make as realistic and as perfect as possible as concerns the portraiture of the leaders.

Regarding his impressions of America, Mr. Hoffbauer said: "I was not disappointed. Everything over there is picturesque and new, and there is much that is deeply impressive. The skyscrapers reveal the American genius better than do the admirable revivals of antique architecture such as the Pennsylvania Railroad terminal in New York.

"The people are laborious and independent in their habits, in spite of a certain respect for the social relations. It seems even that a younger blood revivifies the new generations. America, having long ago reached a high degree of economic development, is now moving towards its second stage. The industrial chiefs, the financiers, the merchants feel that America lacks something which, if possessed, would make it one of the greatest nations in the world, and that this something is a strong artistic and literary culture.

"Today an effort is being made to fill this gap. If the feminine element, dominating the drawing room and the literary periodical, sustains the taste for that which is pretty and insipidly graceful, well informed critics who travel much are exercising a beneficent influence over the artistic organizations, such as the National Academy of Design, whose two annual exhibitions attest its vitality. From this has resulted a notable modification of general tendencies, following closely that which French art has undergone.

"Until the present there has been no original tendency really fundamentally American. But there exists in America, nevertheless, a legion of well endowed and industrious artists, who are creating beautiful works. I fear only one thing—that they produce too rapidly."

* * *

German officers visiting France are to be closely watched in future. The Minister of War has prepared a regulation governing their movements.

This measure has been taken in retaliation for the exactly similar restrictions now and for a long time past imposed on French officers in Alsace and Lorraine.

The measure is said to be backed by public opinion, especially in so far as its articles, supposedly aimed only at the conduct of soldiers officially in the country, will really govern the conduct of frontier crossing officers who do not enter France except incidentally.

* * *

The Balkan war has aroused more feeling in the Latin Quarter than anywhere else in Paris. The number of Greek, Servian, Bulgarian, Montenegrin, Roumanian and Turkish students in residence there for study at the Sorbonne is considerable.

For days, in fact, throughout the entire course of the diplomatic engagement here over the affairs of their countries, they abandoned the usual pleasures of the tables in the cafes of the Boulevard Saint Michel, even somewhat neglected their more serious business at the university, for discussions of patriotic interest and exhaustive reading of all newspapers, local or foreign, which could throw any light on the situation at home.

In some of the little Oriental restaurants around the College of Medicine the change which came over the character as well as the mien of attendants was even more significant, for whereas generally students from Balkan countries mix at those places with Turks, eating the same dishes and rallying to the same conversations, all of the little rendezvous of near easterners became harbors for one crowd or the other social intercourse between Turks and the rest being out of the question.

A committee of Bulgarian students, representing those of their fellows who at once set out for the front upon receipt of first news of a possibility of war, addressed to the people of Paris a formal resolution of thanks for the hospitality with which their countrymen have been treated here. In the resolution the liberty of France was spiritedly referred to by way of contrast to what were termed the "five century old" conditions in their own country which have been found no longer endurable.

Keepers of the little students' hotels in the Quarter complained that the call of war has emptied their rooms.

* * *

In Stormy Mexico.

Mexico City, Oct. 26.—President Madero has given warning that he will not permit the expression of opinions adverse to his government. He has imprisoned in Belem jail a number of men—most of them very young—for daring to utter views contrary to his own.

Notwithstanding that the President fought for freedom of speech and was later elected on a platform containing a plank guaranteeing that privilege, it is not safe today to say rude things about the Executive.

His predecessor, Gen. Diaz, had a way of silencing a too demonstrative press, but President Madero gave almost full reign to all writers in the Republic, with one result, that the volume of print paper sales was more than doubled, and another, that the people generally got the habit of talking more freely than they had done for a generation.

It was not until the early part of September, however, that the President was induced by his councillors to permit the old law, providing punishment for those who make remarks derogatory to the executive, to be applied.

Among the first to be arrested under this law were a number of too exuberant youths, who loudly shouted "Vivas" for Gen. Diaz about the time of the celebration of the anniversary of Mexico's independence. It was decided that the mere shouting for Diaz was no insult to the President, especially since the deposed President's birthday comes on the same day as does the independence anniversary, but it was regarded as insulting when the youth who wanted to express his approval of the exiled general, waited until the present President's carriage with him in it was right in front of him.

Since then secret agents, reveling in their widened field, have gathered to the colony of alleged insulters a number who incautiouosly in street cars, cafes and other pubilc places, voiced unfavorable opinion of the President and sometimes accompanied their expression with remarks that will not appear refined when entered into the court records.

Among the young men awaiting trial is one gifted with the rhymester's powers. He had written a piquant lot of verses about the President and then to a group of friends read them. A secret service agent sat at an adjoining table.

* * *

Punishment for not adhering to an ancient religious custom has fallen on the residents of Puebla, according to the superstitious among them.

September is the period the Puebla people have long called "the month of lightning." Tradition has it that during September the bolts of fire fall there more frequently than at any other time of the year.

A hundred years or more ago some priest discovered that much benefit could be derived from paying due respect that month to Saint Joseph. Since then the image of the good saint has been carried through the streets at least once in September in spite of the laws of the ferm in 1857, which forbade any such possession, and the faithful point out that since that custom was adopted the fatalities by lightning might be counted on one's fingers.

Last month, fr some reason, the preventive measure was not taken. Not once was the image of the saint taken from its niche and the records of deaths by lightning were more than in years past and numerous individuals report that their homes were struck by the big electric rays.

* * *

A treaty between Mexico and the United States governing the flight of aeroplanes over the international bounary line may be one of the indirect results of the revolution and the efforts of the northern Republic to prevent the importation of arms and military stores into Mexico.

Lately it was reported, though not confirmed, that the rebels in the north were getting cartridges and even rifles by air. It was said that expert aviators were rising from the Texas plains a short distance north of the boundary line and then at night flying far over the heads of the American soldiers along the line, crossed into rebel territory where the contraband was delivered, the air smugglers returning the next night.

There was enough in the story for the secret agents of the Mexican government to spend days in trying to ascertain what truth there was in it, and Minister Lascurain of the Foreign Office, said that Mexico probably would take the initiative in asking the government at Washington to enter into a treaty of aviation.

GOVERNOR WILSON AND RURAL BANKING.

Credit has been claimed by the opponents of the Democratic party in the pending National campaign for the advocacy of a rural banking system. Gov. Woodrow Wilson, the Democratic Presidential nominee, was the first to suggest such a system of cerdits as will benefit the farmers of the Nation. Speaking at Williams Grove, Pa., August 29, last of the control exercised by the "interests" over governmental affairs, Governor Wilson said:

"The trustees represent also the big bankers in whose hands our banking system lies to be manipulated, and no Republican administration, no Republican Congress has attempted to serve the farmer as he ought to be served in the matter of credits. It is practically impossible for the farmer to borrow money on the knd of securities ordinarily demanded at the banks. It does not serve his purpose to borrow it for the short periods insisted upon by most bankers. He needs, rather, long credits, and he needs them on his own kind of security. He can't be mortgaging his farm every time he needs a little money. Other countries have discovered how to assist him. An admirable system of agricultural societies has been developed in Ireland, and an excellent one in Germany, and the present Democratic Congress has done nothing better than to provide for a careful investigation of this subject with a view to early action, so that the law may be fitted to the creation of these new instruments of business, which the farmer so much needs and ought to have.

"Moreover, everything that relaxes our present stiff and stupid system of tariff taxation not only multiplies the markets in which the farmer may buy, but also brings the farmer very near to his natural partner and associate, the merchant. The merchants, by the way, constitute another large class of consumers. Their interest is to see trade quickened, and varied and multiplied the world over, and they are the natural allies of the farmer. So are the manufacturers if they but saw the real meaning of our time and the real limitations within which they are pent up. If our markets are not multiplied and our doors are not thrown open, I do not see how the farmer and most of the rest of us are to avoid being overwhelmed by the rising tide of domestic prices. We are told that prices are rising the world over, but if you will look into the matter you will find that it is not so. They are rising in high tariff countries, but not in low tariff countries.

"And if the farmer is indeed a partner with the rest of us, we shall give him good roads and better transportation, and we shall link the markets and the fields together in every possible way."

The whole country will rejoice that former President Roosevelt is on the way to recovery, but there are yet two weeks of the campaign during which the important issues at stake may be discussed.

Everybody hopes the "bottlers" had a corking good time.

HOME HEALTH CLUB

By Dr. David H. Reeder, Chicago, Illinois.

This is the month of October; are you women of the country and country towns, yes—even the cities—enjoying it?

When you got up this morning did you notice how fresh and crisp the air was, and did you dress hurriedly and get out of doors and breathe in deeply, once, twice, yes, a dozen times of that crisp, pure air? Did you? Perhaps you slept in a closed bedroom, and got up feeling drowsy, and more tired than when you went to bed. Did you? If you did you slowly and drowsily dressed and shuffled out to the kitchen and got a breakfast of friend meat, fried potatoes, fried eggs and a batch of nice gravy and strong coffee, and you sat down and helped to eat that breakfast without even so much as to stick your nose out of doors. Did you do this? Why did you do it?

Have you noticed and admired the beautiful colorings of the foliage this month? Have you noticed how beautiful are the late Autumn flowers; the goldenrod, golden glow and the hollyhocks? Have you invited one, three and made it a party of four, of your neighbor women to go to the woods with you and enjoy the day to its fullest? If you haven't do it, not only once, but as often as you can. Store up a little surplus energy and some pleasant recollections for the gloomy days that are coming.

Nature is going her utmost right now to make you happy, to show you that life is worth living, and you deliberately and repeatedly turned your back upon her, have scorned her advances—yes, even insulted her.

Do not deceive yourself with the idea that you can do this with impunity. Nature is gentle and kind, even lavish with her favors, but she is exacting even as Shylock will she demand her pound of flesh. Excuses and promises she detests, but she will harken to the gentle wooing of those who know and love her. Now is the time to make her acquaintance. This will serve as an introduction, meet her in her reception room, out-of doors. Health in contrast to wealth, can not be herited, it must be merited. What have you done to earn it?

Someone has said, "for the out-of-door woman, October is the crowning month of the year. Not to the woman who must be accompanied by a fish rod or a rifle, but to her who loves the out-door world alone for its beauties. June is wonderful with its blossoms, and August beautiful with its ripeness of Summer, but October holds the full size glory of the year, the riot of matured fruits and Autumn flowers.

Now have arrived these mystics, hazy days when barred windows cannot shut out the brightness of the October world. Now the nature loving woman of all ages dons a short skirt and stout shoes and walks forth—not on the city pavements, but out into the country. Every woman who knows the joyous freedom of the short skirt and the hat which will stay on without urging, can find her way among the yellows and reds and browns of the October country.

Before her return, of course, there will be a campfire, around which the woman and her companions will roast a few ears of late Indian corn or potatoes, enjoying the substitute for afternoon tea, crackling blaze, and the odors of the burning leaves. Mind, I did not say to steal corn or potatoes from the neighboring fields, but you could hardly be expected to carry them as you would a bit of salt in your pocket. But remember if you are an out-of-door woman and a busy woman, that these joys, like Christmas come but once a year and the time for them is October.

The preachers say, "Let us pray." Then nature-loving, out-of-door body, says, "Let us smile."

Club Notes

Dear Doctor: I am a young woman, twenty-three years old. Have a splendid appetite, but eat little meat, no pork. Am constipated. Easily tired. Am troubled with cold hands and feet when the atmosphere drops. Hair has been falling out for the past three or four years. Nearly every pore in my face and chest seems to be clogged up with waste material. Live on a farm and have plenty of exercise. Fruits do not seem to have any laxative effect on me. I would be very thankful for your advice. MISS L. R.

There are two or three things in your letter that lead me to believe that you failed to mention all of your symptoms, for that reason I am writing to you a personal letter and asking you to give me your symptoms in detail. The fact that you are constipated, easily tired, would indicate that your food is not properly digested and assimilated. Your cold hands and feet indicate the same as well as a weak condition. Your falling hair and relaxed pores on face and chest indicate poor circulation and nourishment and a relaxed condition of the skin. In volume No. 3 of the club books there are many chapters on "Foods," their value, preparation etc. There are also chapters on "Diet." This book would be worth many times its price to you. Vibratory stimulation would be most excellent in your case. Without going into detail I will say that I have written to you privately.

All readers of this publication are at liberty at all times to write for information pertaining to the subject of health. Address all communications to the Home Health Club, 5039 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, Ill., U. S. A., with name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONGRESS.

Record of Which Administration Should be Commended in House.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, Oct. 26.—If the American people wish to give credit to whom credit is due, they ought to support the Democratic candidates for Congress, and thus place their stamp of approval on the record of the House of Representatives.

Since January 1, 1912, a Democratic House has passed tariff bills which would have reduced the high cost of living $650,000,000 a year.

Every bill which in the slightest degree provided relief for the mases was vetoed by the President.

The Farmers' Free List bill, passed by the House, would have saved the people $390,000,000 annually. This bill removed the duty from agricultural implements, of which $36,000,000 worth were exported and only $165,000 worth were imported during the last fiscal year, sewing machines, fence wire, bagging and cotton ties, lumber, laths, shingles, meats, flour, salt leather, shoes, etc.

Under our tariff law a barrel of flour valued at $4 abroad is taxed 25 per cent. ad valorem at our ports, or $1 on the barrel. This bill removed the entire tax.

Beef valued at $5.30 per 100 pounds abroad pays a tariff tax equivalent to 25.88 per cent. or $1.50 per 100 pounds. This bill proposed to remove this entire tax.

The Democratic wool bill proposed to reduce the average rate of duty on wool manufactures from 90.10 per cent. to 48.36 per cent. President Taft's veto of this measure means that the American people will pay $50,000,000 more for their clothes this year than they would have if President Taft had signed it.

A wool hat valued at $1 abroad and taxed 78 cents upon its entry into the United States, under the present tariff law would have been taxed only 49 cents.

Flannel underwear valued at $27 per dozen suits is taxed under the present law at the equivalent ad valorem rate of about 108 per cent. The Democratic bill proposed to reduce this to 49 per cent. A suit of ready-made woolen clothing worth in Europe $10 is taxed under the present law at the equivalent ad valorem rate of 75 per cent., or $7.50. The Democratic bill proposed to reduce this tax from 75 to 49 per cent. and save the consumer $2.60 per suit.

The cotton bill reduced the duties on cotton manufactures from 48.12 per cent. to 27.06 per cent., a reduction of the tariff burdens under this schedule from not less than $200,000,000 to about $112,000,000 for a year, or a saving of about $88,000,000 for a 12-month period.

Men's cotton half hose valued at 80 cents per dozen pairs wholesale are taxed under the present law at the equivalent ad valorem rate of about 92 per cent. The Democratic cotton bill proposed to reduce this to 40 per cent.

It proposed to reduce the tax on cotton thread from an equivalent rate of 34 per cent. to 15 per cent. A suit of ready-made cotton clothing valued at the foreign port at $6 is taxed under our present law 50 per cent. ad valorem, or $3 a suit. This Democratic bill proposed to reduce this tax to 30 per cent. and save the consumer $1.20 per suit.

The bill revising the metal schedule reduced the average rate of duty on the entire schedule from 33.35 per cent. (imports of 1910) to 22.42 per cent. This revision it is estimated, would have saved the American consumers in a 12-month period more than $80,000,000.

The revision of the chemical schedule would have effected a saving to American consumers of about $17,000,000 by reducing the price of all chemicals and at the same time the revenue to the government would have been increased.

The bill placing sugar on the free list would have saved during a year not less than $115,000,000 to the consumer. The tariff tax on sugar amounts to about 1 1-2 cents per pound. The amount of sugar consumed in continental United States in 1911 was about 7,663,000,000 pounds, and the application of 1 1-2 cents per pound to this consumption affords the estimate of $115,000,000 as representing the saving to the people.

The House passed a bill providing for an excise tax on incomes, thereby transferring a considerable portion of the tax burdens to the wealthy which are escaping their proper proportion.

The Excise Tax bill passed by the House provides for the extension of the Corporation Tax law so as to include individuals, firms, co-partnerships. It accomplishes the very desirable purpose of transferring tax burdens from those less able to carry them to the shoulders of the wealthy, who have heretofore escaped from a proper share of taxation for the support of the government.

The present burden of indirect taxation falls upon people having incomes of less than $2,000 per year. A man whose net earnings amount to but $5,000 per year would under this bill pay no tax. A man earning $10,000 per year would pay nothing on the first $5,000 and $50 per year on the second $5,000.

CLEVELAND CABINET OFFICER SEES WILSON VICTORY.

New York, Oct. 26.—Hilary A. Herbert, former Secertary of the Navy under Grover Cleveland, was a caller at Democratic headquarters.

"While I am living in Washington now," said Mr. Herbert, "and we cannot vote there, but I have been writing to my friends and during my travels I have talked for Governor Wilson. There does not seem to be the slightest doubt but that Wilson and Marshall will win by the largest majority ever given a Presidential candidate. It is not a question of their winning, in my opinion, but rather it is one of whether the candidates will not break the Republican high water mark in the number of votes received.

"I want to see the victory a decisive one and I am sure it will be. I have been greatly interested in going over to National headquarters. The Democrats have a thorough business organization and since my visit to National headquarters I am convinced that the example set by the leaders in the campaign is only the forerunner of what we may expect after Wilson and Marshall are inaugurated."

"The Kind That Mother Makes"

DAVIS BAKING POWDER

makes the *lightest, most wholesome and delicious* biscuits, cakes and pastry. Try it.

All good Grocers sell it or will get it for you.

REMOVAL

We take pleasure in announcing to our friends and the public that on Oct. 1st we will move in our New Store on North Front Street, next to the Bijou, where we will be pleased to have you call and inspect our New and up-to-date stock of Clothing, Hats and Furnishing Goods. : :

J. W. FLEET COMPANY

One Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

IVORY SMUGGLING.

Considered a Very Serious Crime in British East Africa.

Ivory smuggling is looked upon as a very serious crime in British East Africa, and this is only as it should be, for, in order to secure the ivory, the traders have to kill great numbers of elephants. The game preservation laws, particularly as regards elephants are most severe, and woe betide the man who is caught breaking the game regulations or in possession of illicit spoils of the chase.

The smuggling of ivory, therefore, says the World Wide Magazine, is treated in the same manner as smuggling gems and clothing into the United States, illicit diamond buying in South Africa, or other forms of smuggling in England. The rigid laws, however, do not prevent the Arabs and Indians from indulging in an illegal trade in ivory on a large scale.

The action of "Gentleman Joe" Dixon, campaign manager for Col. Roosevelt, in taking advantage of the attempt upon the colonel's life, to make political capital, was hardly in good taste.

How French Market Coffee Became the National Drink of the South!

For over a hundred years this coffee has been known throughout America, because French coffee, with all its original flavor, for over a hundred years has been served at the old French Market in New Orleans.

Andrew Jackson refreshed his troops with it after his famous victory. Henry Clay was entertained in the old Hotel Royal near-by, when coffee from the French Market was served. The beaus and belles of the old-time Mardi Gras seasons always adjourned to the old French Market at midnight for coffee, for the peculiar feature of the old French Market blend is that while mildly stimulating, it is always considered a healthful beverage to be drank even at midnight.

Naturally, this old blend of coffee, which could be had nowhere else but at the French Market, became famous throughout America. But it was not until the invention of a hermetically-sealed package, a comparatively few years ago, and the establishment of the French Market Mills to roast this identical blend by special machinery, that this coffee could be shipped all over the United States.

At once the demand for this coffee spread throughout the South, for in most houses in almost every town in the South there is someone who has heard of this famous old blend, through their parents or grandparents. Today, in almost every section of the South, you will find French Market Coffee has a tremendous sale. So much so that the stores handling it are always able to deliver it fresh to their customers, because the demand for French Market Coffee is so great that frequent shipments are made to every store handling it, so that while other coffees may stay on the grocers' shelves for some considerable period before being sold, you can always rely on French Market Coffee being a fresh stock and but a short time on the grocers' shelves, because it sells so much quicker than any other coffee that has ever been sold in the South.

Think what it means to you to be able to go to any grocery store in the South, order a can of French Market Coffee and be sure of obtaining this identical, famous old blend, *absolutely fresh* from the wonderful French Market Mills, which were built expressly to roast and perpetuate the genuine French Market Coffee.

Appreciating the honor the Southern people have paid them—in making French Market Coffee the National Drink of the South—the directors of the French Market Mills will continue to rigidly maintain the standard of this famous old blend—which in future, as in the past, they guarantee shall in every way be worthy of its reputation as the National Drink of the South

French Market Mills, New Orleans, La.

(New Orleans Coffee Co., Ltd., Proprietors)

(84)

THEATRICAL

The Academy of Music is fortunate in having its biggest card of the season for its next offering, when Klaw & Erlanger's musical comedy de luxe, "The Pink Lady" will be offered in Wilmington tomorrow night.

This will give local theatre-goers an opportunity of seeing the most wonderful musical comedy success the American stage has ever known. "The Pink Lady", after having closed a remarkable run of a year's length in New York City, where it created a positive furore and set a new standard, which is not liable to be excelled in many a day; it created the same wonderful record at the Globe Theatre in London, England.

When a musical offering can outstrip all previous records and include in its run an unbroken stay during the very warmest weather that New York had known in 30 years is a pretty fair sign that it possesses qualities that appeal with singular force to the public. This is what "The Pink Lady" did in New York, and when you see it the reason for its vogue will be apparent immediately. It is a remarkable clean-cut and clever combination of diverting and humorous book with a score of haunting melodies, with catchy phrasing set forth in such a bewildering beauty that it cannot be hinted at in the limits of the introductory comment.

You have danced and dined to the music of this alluring piece and think you know it, but your knowledge is fragmentary at best. What you have enjoyed is but a few details. Its whole is irresistible. Of story it concerns the adventures of a young chap of somewhat gay proclivities in Paris and the attendant woes he heaps upon a gulleless dealer in antiques, who tries to help him out of a love predicament and thereby brings down upon his head a whirl of excitement that almost overpowers him, and as poor little Dondidier wails in his song: "The Worst of It is I Like It." It is all good fun and prettily set forth—but why anticipate a good thing?

C. M. S. McLellan wrote the book and lyrics. His inspirational source for the splendid work was the French farce, "Le Satyre," by Georges Berr and Marcell Guillemaud, which ran for a year in Paris before it was put to its bigger and happier utilization.

Ivan Caryll composed the music and wove into the story those melodic delights which long since established his fame and the best contributor to the musical fame of the Gaiety Theatre, London, only in this instance he outdid himself.

Klaw & Erlanger are producers of international fame and have never done anything poorly, but nothing heretofore is quite the equal of this perfect blend of harmony and taste which marks their finest and prettiest achievement, that requires four mammoth baggage cars to transport its lavish scenic, costume and electrical elegance that is recognized as being the epoch of stage grandeur.

As a further detail they are sending with the company the "Pink Lady" Orchestra direct from the home theatre, so that not a moment of its splendid music can be lost.

The company to present the piece here is a notable one, selected as to individual fitness of the players to the exactions of this remarkable production. In the cast of 100 players will be found John E. Young, Olga De ...gh, Charles Stone, Tessa Kosta, ...rry Depp, Georgia Harvey, Alfred ...ery, Elizabeth MacAfer, Abbott ...rthley, Lucie Carter, Joseph Mona... Vinie Bradcomb, Robt. Wilcox, ... a host of other metropolitan celeb...s, not forgetting the famous ori...l Pink of Perfection New Amster... Theatre chorus arroy of singing ... dancing girls.

... brilliant feature is the company's ... orchestra of 20 pieces. Seats for ... performance are on sale at Plum...s.

At The Bijou

Yes, yesterday certainly registered another big climax to another big week at the popular, fascinating Bijou. Tomorrow will gloriously mar the inaugural of the new week, which promises to be one of the best in the history of the handsome, favorite theatre, and will be fraught with great novelty. Tomorrow's bill will present the most costly and brightest gems in the film line, and both the dramatic and comedy sides will be superbly treated. A great war story, one with a beautiful love plot and with plenty of martial air and fire, will head the bill in Edison's "A Soldier's Duty." It is a story of the War Between the States, with a heroic young Southern woman and a dashing Federal officer in the stellar roles. These parts will be admirably portrayed by those clever and popular artists, Miss Gertrude McCoy and Mr. Augustus Phillips. Have you ever been called upon to make a great sacrifice for someone else, to choose between your country and the woman you love? If not, then you should see this film and realize how great, how bitter may be the struggle.

Leading the clown films will be the snappiest and merriest thing the Essanay folks have ever turned out. "The Listener's Lesson." It is rich and snappy, and tells of how two city girls invade a small country town and turn the heads of the boys. The scene at the old barn dance, when the "Grizzly Bear" and "Texas Tommy" dances are suddenly injected, will cause roars of laughter. The film is a scream for genuine mirth, and the National Board of Censors has pronounced it a great tonic and one of the best of all comedy films.

New Week at the Grand Theatre.

The Grand Theatre will open the new week with the outlook for the banner six days of its history. The early Fall season is now well on and patrons of the pretty playhouse are growing more and more enthusiastic as the days pass by.

For Monday Mr. Leonard Chick will sing a rural march ballad, "Driving Home the Cows From Pasture," the cock-a-doodle-do song. It is truly a beautiful song and one which has captured every audience where Mr. Chick has played. It was also sung with great success by the writers, Armstrong and Clark, on the Keith circuit.

The pictures for Monday will be notable and will be headed by the first presentation of "Neptune's Daughter" an Essanay, telling a remarkable and dramatic story, unusual in portrayal and scenic beauty. It is a gripping sensational portrayal and will bring applause from start to finish.

The other big feature will be a Lubin, "Just Maine Folks," a beautiful pastoral story that will be found quite pleasing and attractive. In addition to these two, all of which are put on with realistic effects, there will be still a third picture and all told the bill will be one of the very best ever offered at the Grand.

Teresa Kosta and Four "Pink Lady" Girls, at Academy Tomorrow Night.

TERESA KOSTA AND JOHN E. YOUNG.
With Klaw and Erlanger's Big Production of "The Pink Lady" Tomorrow Night.

CAROLINA FOOTBALL

Strength of Team Being Discussed—Other Athletic News

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., Oct. 26.—Now that the football season at the University has been fairly well launched, there is given an opportunity to discuss with some degree of judgment the prospects of a successful Carolina football team. Although the hard games are ahead—the big games that test the strength of the team—some idea may be given now as to what to expect of the team this fall. This article is made especially pertinent on account of the approaching big game between V. P. I. and Carolina which is to be played in Raleigh tomorrow.

The season opened this year with a new change of coaches for Carolina. Branch Bocock, who coached the 1911 team, returned this year to his former charges, V. P. I. To fill this vacancy the faculty athletic committee last Spring promoted "Nat" J. Cartmell, track coach for Carolina for the past three years, to the position of head coach of athletics at the University. This is the first time for quite a number of years that one man has had direct charge of the coaching of athletic teams at the University. As head coach, Cartmell has the power of appointing an assistant to aid him in coaching a particular team. For football he appointed as his assistant Mr. William Martin, of Walla Walla, Washington. Coach Martin attended Notre Dame College three years, where he was a brilliant star on both the gridiron and the cinder path. It was his latter ability, as a cinder path artist, that caused Cartmell to become acquainted with him this past Summer, and thereby hangs a tale. Cartmell holds the world's record for the 220-yard dash, won at Stoke-on-Trent, England, five years ago. Martin, who is only 24 years of age now, burst forth almost within the past couple of years as a sprinter of renown. Sporting editors and followers of the track sport dickered around until a match was finally arranged between Cartmell and Martin to be run last Summer. A purse was put up. They met and ran off the race, which consisted of two events—one of 220 yards and the other of 125 yards. Cartmell, in his old form, won the first event of 220 yards; but Martin, with a wonderful burst of speed, captured the 125-yard event, thereby winning half the purse. This acquaintance of the cinder path ripened, and Cartmell, who was at the time on the lookout for a football coach for the 1912 Carolina team, engaged the services of the young sprinter and gridiron star. Coach Martin is full of life and vigor; and often, to illustrate some play, hurls himself bodily into a scrimmage between the 'Varsity and the second team.

Carolina returned to college this Fall only five of last year's 'Varsity men. These were: Tillett, captain and quarterback; Wakely, left half back; Applewhite, left end; Strange, right end, and Abernathy, right tackle. To these veterans have been added in the line-up a new growth of young players. Some of these new men have had experience on various prep. school teams, while a few have had to learn the rudiments of football right here this Fall. Martin whipped together his material just after college opened and began teaching them the fundamental points of the game through daily practice of punting and scrimmaging. With just a few weeks of practice, he picked out his team and journeyed to Charlotte for his first game with Davidson. Here Carolina defeated Davidson 13 to 0. Last year Carolina defeated Davidson, after a hard fought game, 5 to 0. While the year previous Davidson defeated Carolina by the same score. This year's score gives promise then of a better offensive team.

The Saturday after the Davidson game, Carolina met Wake Forest here. Wake Forest, under the coaching of Frank Thompson, an old A. & M. star, put up one of the hardest fights that has been witnessed on this gridiron since Carolina defeated V. M. I. here in 1910. The score against Wake Forest was 9 to 2, Wake Forest getting two points through a safety. Last year Carolina defeated this team 12 to 3; but this year's Wake Forest team is much the superior of their last year's team. Last Saturday Carolina played Bingham (Asheville) here, and overwhelmed them by a 47 to 0 score. This is the highest score rolled up by a Carolina team in a number of years. Last year Carolina found difficulty in defeating the prep. school boys with a 12 to 0 score.

Indications point from the above games that Carolina has a better offensive team than it has had in the past two years. Whether or not this same offensive strength will be shown in tomorrow's game against V. P. I., is the topic of the campus. For the past week Coach Martin has been drilling his team in defensive tactics, as the defense has shown up rather weak in the scrimmages with the strong second team. Carolina is not a bit too confident of a victory over V. P. I. The team leaves tomorrow morning for Raleigh. A special train for the students will also be run and will carry a large and enthusiastic bunch of rooters.

MEARES TO SETTLE.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 22.

Hon. Thomas Settle, Asheville, N. C.

Dear Sir:—You failed in your effort to have a joint debate with Mr. Craig, the Democratic nominee, I leaped into the breach in the hope of adding to the gaiety of the campaign, but Mr. Craig is still in a quandary, not having definitely answered my letter, but is waiting upon the action of his committee, who seems to be in another quandary as to who is a Democrat. I have no doubt that they will meet some time, somewhere and somehow change their definition of what is a Democrat, recall the committee, and arrange a joint discussion with Mr. Craig and myself, after the campaign is over. At present our distinguished opponent—charming gentleman as he is—is fighting a vigorous battle in the county precincts—at long range.

As Simmons will not meet Kitchin; Clark has not challenged either, the Democratic candidates apparently want to smell the battle from afar and wish it was still further. You and I seem the only candidates in a scrapping mood. You have not challenged me. I think it is up to me to challenge you. Something must be done. I propose, therefore, that we have a joint debate as a kind of relief to the tension of the situation, on question about which we disagree. Let it take this line of battle.

First: We will not discuss the tariff; each of us are agreed.

Second: We will not discuss the Democratic administration of public affairs in this State. Each of us are agreed as to that. We will just pass a unanimous resolution condemning it as of no account.

Third: We will discuss that new political invention which is the patent of the Republican party convention at Charlotte, called "Autonomy." You think it is a fine conservator of party government. I think it is destructive of representative government. Here we disagree.

Fourth: You advocate Taft's re-election. I advocate Roosevelt's election. You think Roosevelt stands for socialism and anarchy. I think Taft is an "amiable gentleman surrounded by men who know exactly what they want." We can here pit the public records of the one against the other.

Fifth: You think local option is an issue in this campaign. I do not think so. Each can state his position on this question.

I think we could get up an interesting entertainment for the edification of the public, and when the battle is over, to the victor belong the spoils of the gubernatorial office, for it looks like our mutual friend, Mr. Craig, is boating his lonely retreat, as the Senatorial big guns roar, to Tennessee for a permanent residence.

I must make this invitation subject to the action of the Democratic State Executive Committee. It may meet and accept my challenge to Mr. Craig. However, if you accept this one, I think the Democratic Committee will be greatly relieved, and will postpone their action until after the campaign is over.

Sincerely yours,
IREDELL MEARES.
(Advertisement.)

SUNDAY IN SCOTLAND.

How the Sabbath is Observed in "Dreary Glasgow"—Illustration.

In illustration of the "dreary Glasgow Sunday", a lecturer told London Tit-Bits this story of the late J. L. Toole. He was leaving his hotel in Glasgow one fine Sunday morning, when the sun was shining brightly. As he was strolling along George Square a policeman eyed him suspiciously, and at last approached and said:

"Ye had better ta' care what ye're doing."

"What am I doing?" inquired Toole, and added with a merry wink: "Why I'm not even whistling."

"No replied the Glasgowian, in solemn and reproving tones; "but ye're lookin' almost as happy as if it were Monday."

"Cock-a-Doodle-Do" Song.

Hear Mr. Chick sing it at the Grand Theatre tomorrow. (advertisement.)

Don't forget the Purity Meeting at the Academy this afternoon.

WILMINGTON
Wednesday, NOVEMBER 6

MORAL. ENTERTAINING AND INSTRUCTIVE.
SPARKS
WORLD-FAMOUS SHOWS
THE SHOW THAT NEVER BROKE A PROMISE.
25 YEARS OF HONEST DEALING WITH THE PUBLIC.
A TREMENDOUS EXHIBITION OF WEALTH AND SPLENDOR
PERFECT SPECIMENS OF THE EARTH'S MOST CURIOUS CREATURES GATHERED TOGETHER INTO ONE IMMENSE MENAGERIE.
THE CHAMPIONS OF ALL COUNTRIES COMPETE IN FEATS OF DARING AND GRACE.
THE PRINCELY SALARIES PAID BY THIS MAMMOTH ENTERPRISE HAVE ROBBED ALL EUROPE OF THEIR MOST VALUABLE ARTISTS
MALE AND FEMALE RIDERS, AERIAL ARTISTS, LEAPERS, TUMBLERS, GYMNASTS AND SENSATIONAL DEATH-DEFYING FEATS OF SKILL AND DARING BY BOTH MALE AND FEMALE PERFORMERS.
A BIG TROUPE OF HIGH SCHOOL HORSES. AN IMMENSE HERD OF WONDERFULLY TRAINED ELEPHANTS.
TWO GROUPS OF FOREST-BRED, MAN-KILLING LIONS PERFORMING IN GREAT STEEL INCLOSURES.
"MARY"
THE LARGEST, LIVING, LAND ANIMAL ON EARTH.
3 INCHES TALLER THAN JUMBO AND WEIGHING OVER 5 TONS.
A POSITIVE FEATURE AT EACH EXHIBITION
5000 SEATS THAT WILL COMFORTABLY SEAT 5000 PEOPLE.
TENTS THAT ARE POSITIVELY WATERPROOF.
TWO TRAINS OF MONSTER RAILWAY CARS.
A GRAND, FREE STREET PARADE EACH DAY AT NOON
20 FUNNY CLOWNS
TWO PERFORMANCES DAILY-RAIN OR SHINE
2 AND 8 O'CLOCK
DOORS TO MENAGERIE OPEN 1 HOUR EARLIER

THE A. DAVID CO.

WHEN you're in a hurry you'll find that we can save you a lot of time buying clothes; that's one of the advantages of ready-made garments; doesn't take long to get a fit and a style you want.

But saving time is only part of the advantage; saving money is another part of it; and getting a reliable guarantee of fit and satisfaction is another.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

make our fine clothes; they cost less and are better than the made-to-measure you'll get.

Suits, $18 and up. Overcoats, $16.50 and up.

Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats in great variety.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

We Are Distributing Agents for These GREAT HARVESTING MACHINES for Eastern Carolina. Have stock now on hand, but same will be entirely out within the next fifteen days. No more can be had this season. So work Quick!

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
PURCELL BUILDING.

REWARD

Look for Mr. Gooddresser Today, on Front Street.

Look me over carefully. I'm Mr. Gooddresser, and I'm wearing one of J. M. Solky & Co.'s latest Fall Suits. Note the Style, particularly the Strouse & Bros.' make. Here's your opportunity to get Clothing at the Right price.

Before buying your Winter Garments, it will pay you to look over Our assortment.

J. M. Solky & Co.

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.
'Phone: 617. Masonic Building

NEW GOODS.

We are receiving and opening new goods and getting ready for our Annual September Sample Sale.

Watch this paper for announcement of sale. It will be the Greatest of All Sales.

WILMINGTON FURNITURE CO.

A Hat Full of Cheapest Coal

COSTS 1 CENT.

Lasts Over Night in the VORTEX HOT BLAST.

Guaranteed Air Tight Always

Saves You $16 to $25 in Fuel Every Year.

It is a Perfect Stove for All Fuel, and Requires No Change of Fixtures for

SOFT COAL, HARD COAL OR WOOD.

N. Jacobi Hardware Co.
10 & 12 SOUTH FRONT ST.
'Phones 97 & 98. Sole Agents.

COAL WOOD
750,000 Cypress Shingles.
300,000 Pine Laths.
1,250 Rolls Rubber Roofing.
CEMENT PLASTER
Let us supply your requirements.
W. B. THORPE & CO.

THE WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

Important Happenings, Day by Day, Compiled and Republished for the Benefit of the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader—New York Markets for Each Day of the Six.

SUNDAY.

George Bishop, a negro chauffeur, whose home is in Wilmington, yesterday confessed to the Brooklyn police that he murdered Mrs. Margaretta Bell, of that city, for the purpose of robbing her.

Gov. Dix will take no part in the dispute between the Herkimer county authorities and the Socialists regarding the right of the latter to hold public meetings in Little Falls.

The defense in the Becker murder case scored two points yesterday when evidence was introduced which is considered vital to its case.

The armies of the allied Balkan States yesterday began to advance on Turkish territory, putting the Ottoman forces on the defensive. Mustapha Pasha was captured yesterday by the Bulgarians and the Turkish fleet began a bombardment of Varna.

Gov. Wilson closed his campaign for the present last night with speeches in New York and Brooklyn. Miss Maude Malone, a suffragette, interrupted the Governor's speech in Brooklyn, and was arrested for disturbing the peace.

The physicians attending Roosevelt declared last night he would have to rest all Sunday if he were to leave for Oyster Bay Monday, as he has been overtaxing his strength. His condition was virtually normal, although he is not yet past the danger point.

Jack Johnson was arraigned in a Chicago municipal court yesterday, charged with the abduction of a white girl. His bond was increased to $1,500 and the case continued until October 29th. Miss Lucile Cameron, the woman in the case, was held under a $25,000 bond.

In a statement issued yesterday President Taft declared the wave of high prices had begun to subside.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour quiet. Wheat, steady; No. 2 red 1.06. Corn, spot easy; export 59 1-2. Turpentine firm; machine barrels 44. Rosin steady.

TUESDAY.

George W. Perkins, testifying at the campaign contributions hearing yesterday, emphatically denied that the Roosevelt pre-convention campaign was underwritten. Thos. F. Ryan testified he contributed $450,000 to the Democratic campaign of 1904.

Governor Wilson said last night his speaking plans were "up in the air" as he has expressed a desire not to campaign any more till Col. Roosevelt is able to get back in the fight.

What Sam Schepps told his friends in Hot Springs, Ark., about the murder of Herman Rosenthal, was read into the record at the trial of Police Lieut. Becker yesterday.

No important engagements were fought yesterday by the Turkish and Balkan forces, each being engaged in maneuvers preparatory to a decisive battle. An important battle is imminent at Adrianople.

The passengers and crew of the steamer Berkshire, anchored in Lookout Cove, N. C., with a fierce fire raging in her hold, were taken off yesterday by the revenue cutter Seminole. Late last night the fire was still uncontrolled and the cutter was running short of coal.

Col. Roosevelt was somewhat weary from the first lap of his journey from Chicago to Oyster Bay last night, but is standing the trip very well and is expected to reach home without any setback in his condition.

The Federal Grand jury will begin today its investigation of Jack Johnson's alleged violation of the white slave act.

New York markets: Money on call firm, 4 3-4 to 5 per cent.; ruling rate 5; closing bid 4 7-8; offered at 5. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat, steady; No. 2 red 1.06 and 1.04 1-2. Corn, steady, 50 1-2. Turpentine steady; machine barrels 44. Rosin steady.

WEDNESDAY.

Great pressure is being brought to bear on Gov. Wilson in an effort to get him to make some speeches.

Federals and rebels are ready to engage in battle at Vera Cruz and the beginning of the engagement is expected hourly.

The Bulgarian forces yesterday took some important positions near Adrianople and the Turks were driven back toward the city.

The Clapp committee investigating campaign contributions will adjourn today after looking into Senator Beveridge's campaign in Indiana in 1904.

Several construction foremen testified at the "dynamite conspiracy" trial yesterday in regard to numerous explosions, and the umbrella used by E. C. Clark on one "job" was exhibited by the government.

The State closed its case against Police Lieut. Becker yesterday and the defense likewise closed without putting Becker on the stand. Today will be devoted to summing up and tomorrow Justice Goff will charge the jury.

The Federal grand jury at Chicago yesterday began an investigation of Jack Johnson's alleged violation of the white slave act. It was stated Lucile Cameron, who has been infatuated with Johnson, has decided to repudiate the negro.

Col. Roosevelt returned to Oyster Bay yesterday and resumed the quiet routine of life at Sagamore Hill. His physicians left him last night and he was unattended by them for the first time since he was shot. The colonel hopes to gradually get back in harness and take charge of the campaign.

New York markets: Money on call firmer, 4 3-4 to 5 per cent.; ruling rate 4 7-8; closing bid 4 3-4; offered at 4 7-8. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat, firm, No. 2 red 1.06 1-2. Corn, barely steady, 59 1-4. Turpentine quietffi machine barrels 43. Rosin steady.

THURSDAY

Evidence was offered before the Clapp committee yesterday that Senator Albert J. Beveridge returned contributions amounting to $57,000 sent him in the campaign of 1904.

Counsel for both sides completed their summing up in the Becker case yesterday, Justice Goff will charge the jury this afternoon and the fate of the police lieutenant will shortly be with the jury.

Gen. Felix Diaz was captured yesterday, together with his staff; his forces were disarmed and Vera Cruz retaken by the Federals with scarcely no show of resistance.

News from the seat of the Balkan war tells of the continued success of the allies. The important Turkish town of Novipazar was captured by the Servians yesterday and severe fighting continued in the territory adjacent to Adrianople.

Col. Roosevelt's physicians declared yesterday their patient was steadily improving. The colonel got back into politics and held a conference with Geo. W. Perkins.

Charles Johnson, brother of Jack, testified before the grand jury yesterday in regard to the negro pugilist's relations with Lucile Comeron.

The Greeks captured Servia yesterday afternoon and cut off the retreat of the Turks.

Evidence was offered yesterday at the beginning of the government's suit against the Harvester Trust that several directors elected at the organization held their offices for only 24 hours.

Leaders of the Diaz revolt in Mexico will be put to death and one out of every ten of the soldiers will be executed.

York markets: Money on call firm, 4 1-2 to 5 per cent.; ruling rate 5; closing bid 4 1-2; offered at 4 3-4. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 1.06 1-2 elevator. Corn, firm; export 59 1-2. Turpentine easy; machine barrels 42 1-2. Rosin steady.

FRIDAY.

Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, spoke to students of Princeton University yesterday and was a guest of Governor Wilson.

The treasurer of the Progressive party yesterday filed a statement of all contributions and expenditures as required by law.

The members of the Supreme Court yesterday were engaged in passing on the decomposition of 443 cans of frozen eggs of the vintage of 1910.

L. T. Mabrey, testifying yesterday at the Grabow riot case, declared Ed. Lehman, one of the defendants, had told him he murdered a "scab" during the rict.

Col. Roosevelt continued to improve yesterday and remained out of his bed for a long time. He will resume his work today, when he will begin the preparation of his Madison Square Garden speech.

President Taft defended his vetoes of the tariff measures in the last Congress in a letter yesterday to the joint convention of the American Hardware Manufacturers' Association and the National Hardware Association.

The Bulgarian army yesterday captured Kirk Killisseh and the Turkish garrison, variously estimated at 5,000 to 50,000, surrendered. The possession of this fortress opens the way to a Bulgarian advance on Adrianople.

Police Lieutenant Charles Becker was found guilty of murder in the first degree by the jury which has been trying him for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler. The verdict was announced this morning at 12:02.

New York markets: Money on call strong, 4 3-4 to 6 per cent; ruling rate 4 7-8; closing bid 5 3-4; offered at 6. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat, spot irregular; No. 2 red 1.07. Corn, spot easy. Turpentine dull; machine barrels 42 1-2. Rosin steady.

SATURDAY.

The Clapp Committee will recess today till after the election, after hearing the testimony of Senator Beveridge.

According to estimates of Postmaster General Hitchcock, $283,086,760 will be required for the support of the Postal Service next year.

The situation before Adrianople was unchanged yesterday. The Bulgarians followed up the capture of Kirk Killisseh with some minor victories.

The statement of contributions and expenditures of the Democratic National Committee as filed with the chief clerk of the House yesterday shows contributions of $678,364 and expenditures of $562,682.21.

Former Police Lieut. Becker, although convicted of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, lost none of his iron nerve yesterday and conferred with his counsel in regard to taking an appeal.

Owing to numerous threatening letters and the presence of a stranger at Oyster Bay, who tried to force his way in to Col. Roosevelt's home yesterday, it was decided to guard the ex-President during the remainder of the campaign.

Herbert S. Hockin, secretary of the Iron Workers, and one of the defendants in the "dynamite conspiracy" case, gave the government information on his fellow defendants, according to the testimony of witnesses yesterday.

The United States government may send a large force to Cuba to preserve order during the election, as severe rioting has already begun to take place and it is feared there will be a serious revolutionary movement started by the vanquished party after the election.

New York markets: Money on call strong, 5 to 6 1-4 per cent.; ruling rate 5 1-2; closing bid 4 1-2; offered at 5. Spot cotton closed quiet. Four steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 1.07 elevator and 1.06 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Corn firm, 59 1-2. Turpentine steady; machine barrels 43. Rosin steady.

NEW NAVAL RESERVE.

Navy Department at Washington Preparing for Branch of Service.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 26.—The Navy Department has begun the preparation of data preparatory to the formation of a National Naval Reserve under such conditions as Congress may authorize. An analysis of the complement of a modern man-of-war shows not only that 50 per cent. of the men of such complement are skilled men, but that of these the greater part are skilled in work that is entirely confined to the Navy. Such are turret and gun captains and crews, fire control, turbine machinery, etc. The demand therefore, for new men in time of war can only be filled by those who have had this particular training. There are thousands of men in the country who have had this training in the Navy. The department has no doubt but that in time of emergency these men will give their services to the country. It is felt, however, that, since modern wars begin quickly and last but a short time, the services of such men can be most valuably employed by organizing in time of peace. Such is the object of the Naval Reserve. But there is another object to be gained by getting together the men who have served in the navy: That object is to keep alive in their minds an interest in the navy by keeping alive the memories of their own associations. There is no class of men in the country whose experiences are analagous to those who have served in the navy. To the merchant sailor there are experiences of the sea, of strange ports and foreign people; but to the man-of-war's man there are all these and more, for there are active campaigns in those remote places and there are contests and competitions from baseball and boat races to turret guns and high speed runs. Looking over the history of this country, we find that after each war organizations, societies have been formed for the express purpose of keeping alive their associations; such are the Order of the Cincinnati, the Aztes Society; Loyal Legion and Grand Army of the Republic, Spanish American War Veterans, etc. The man-of-war's man of today and of the future will likely have some campaign larger or smaller in his experience. With his interest alive, the desire to return at intervals for a brief association with his old service, to renew personal associations, and observe the changes and improvements of the material, will, it is believed, be a great gratification to the ex-service men. For, unless he is totally different from all other men, his desire to return to the fleet will be the same as that which sends the hundreds of thousands—probably millions—each year to yell and scream themselves hoarse over a contest between their college and some rival. Consequently, preliminary to the formation of this branch of the proposed Naval Reserve it is necessary to have the address of each man, in order that he may be communicated with. Therefore, it is requested that each man honorably discharged from the navy send his address to the office of Naval Reserve, Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.

RHODE ISLAND TO GAIN DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSMAN.

New York, Oct. 26.—F. H. L. Rattey, Mayor of Central Falls, R. I., and candidate for Congress from the Third Rhode Island district, is confident that Governor Wilson will carry Rhode Island in November.

"I expect the Roosevelt people will cast some 12,000 votes in our State," said Mr. Rattey.

"This will be enough to split the Republican vote and give us the State. I am a candidate for Congress on the Democratic ticket in the Third Congressional District, which is nominally Republican by 1,200. The Democrats did not nominate me for my good looks, but with the idea that I could carry the State, and I feel confident that I am going to make good and that we will have a Democratic Congressman from the Third District."

CALIFORNIA FOR WILSON.

New York, Oct. 26.—California will give Governor Wilson a handsome plurality, according to a telegram received this morning at the headquarters of the Wilson National Progressive Republican League from Dudolph Spreckles from San Francisco. Mr. Spreckles says the third term party movement has received a serious setback as the result of a widespread feeling in California that Governor Johnson is attempting to build a party machine. A poll taken on the Overland Limited between San Francisco and Chicago, and wired to the League headquarters, here, shows Wilson 28, Roosevelt 14, and Taft six.

Physical culture is a sovereign remedy for most human maladies. When the vital status is raised, the morbid conditions engendered by neglect and ignorance are left out, and the individual exists on a higher plane.

ROOSEVELT FOE OF LABOR.

By Louis Brandeis of Boston, Known as "People's Lawyer."

Boston, Mass., Oct. 26.—"The superstructure of the new party's platform is beautiful; but the foundations are fatally defective. They are industrial absolutism and the subjection of labor. This party pledges itself to legalize private monopoly instead of regulating competition. The new party platform is the expression not of hope, but of despair. It says in effect: 'We must abandon industrial liberty. We must recognize as inevitable private monopoly—that cursed product of despotism from which, in the past, the few have ever profited at the expense of the many. But we will draw its fangs; will regulate it by an inter-State trade commission; will curb its abuses and will limit the prices it may charge.'

"But why tolerate private monopolies? Surely they do not contribute to the greatest good of the greatest number. Have monopolies ever reduced the cost of living? Does comfortable, intrenched monopoly stimulate effort, and that full development of the faculties which is the real source of American prosperity?

"If the government of the United States is powerful enough to control monster private monopolies, why is it not powerful enough to prevent them? That the Sherman law has failed to suppress monopolies during the last 20 years is no answer; for there was no serious attempt by any administration to enforce the law we have, and no thought of making that law effective by adding legal and administrative machinery essential for that purpose.

"Hand in hand with private monopoly goes the denial to labor of the right to organize. Every powerful trust has made the elimination of the trade unionist the cornerstone of its labor policy. And this new party platform, with its nobly phrased promise of social and industrial justice, ignores labor's right to organize, seemingly well content with the decision of the United States Supreme Court which declared that a corporation engaged in inter-State commerce has a constitutional right to discharge an American citizen because he joins a labor union.

"Thus the new party promises Capital the right to combine but offers no relief to Labor. We know that this omission from the new party platform of all reference to the right of labor to organize was not accidental. The existing injustice to the working man, and the need of rectifying the court's misinterpretation of the people's will had been called to the attention of the country by the planks in the Democratic platform, and in that submitted by Senator LaFollette at the Republican Convention. The failure to recognize labor's right to organize is an integral part of the trust policy to which the new party is committed.

"It is fitting that George W. Perkins, the 'Father of Trusts,' late of J. P. Morgan & Company, and still of the Steel Trust, the Harvester Trust and the Shipping Trust, should be chairman of the Executive Committee and the financial backer of the new party movement. Six weeks after the Steel Trust was organized its executive committee, on motion of Mr. Perkins' partner, declared as the company's policy: 'We are unalterably opposed to any extension of union labor.' Do Progressives wish to make that policy the policy also of the Nation?"

SOME REPUBLICAN ARGUMENT.

Why Woodrow Wilson Has Not Dissolved New Jersey Trusts.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 26.—Mr. Roosevelt, Senator Beveridge and other Progressive leaders have just discovered a campaign argument against Woodrow Wilson which was raised and killed six months ago. They make the charge that great trusts like the Standard Oil and the tobacco trust are New Jersey corporations and that although certain of these trusts have been convicted of a violation of the Federal statutes, Woodrow Wilson during his two years in office as Governor of New Jersey has taken no step and made no recommendation to prosecute or dissolve these corporations under the New Jersey statutes.

The answer is simple. The corporation laws of the State of New Jersey give no power to any New Jersey official to prosecute or propose dissolution for breach of the Federal statutes. It is not true that Governor Wilson has taken no steps and made no recommendation that the corporation laws of New Jersey be amended to remedy these defects. In his inaugural address he calls specific attention to the corporation laws of New Jersey which have brought discredit upon the State. Again in October, 1911, he himself drew the plank of the Democratic platform pledging the Democratic party to an amendment of these laws and only three weeks ago the Democratic convention, at his instance, again pledged the Democratic party to an amendment of these laws.

Mr. Roosevelt and his friends seem to have forgotten that the New Jersey Legislature in 1911 had a Republican Senate and it was only by the hardest kind of fighting backed by solid public opinion of the State that Woodrow Wilson was able to compel this Republican Senate to put through his great progressive programme. They have also forgotten that both branches of the New Jersey Legislature of 1912, due to the sinister activities of ex-Senator "Jim" Smith, were Republican. In this session the Progressive Republicans who are now supporting Mr. Roosevelt in New Jersey joined with the reactionary element of their party and spent so much time trying to destroy the effect of Governor Wilson's previous progressive legislation by amendments that he had to return 40 bills with his veto in a single day. Engaged in this noble and absorbing occupation these Republican Progressives who are now supporting the third-term programme had no time to heed the repeated demands of Governor Wilson that the trust laws of New Jersey be amended in order to be effectual.

Mr. Roosevelt and his friends are right in saying that the New Jersey laws should have been amended, but the blame rests with the progressive and reactionary elements of the Republican party in New Jersey which

BETTER THAN SPANKING

Spanking does not cure children of bed-wetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W, Notre Dame, Ind., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

FOR WOMEN ONLY

Do You Feel This Way? Backache or Headache, Dragging Down Sensations, Nervous—Drains—Tenderness Low Down.

It is because of some derangement or disease distinctly feminine. Write Dr. R. V. Pierce's Faculty at Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N.Y. Consultation is free and advice is strictly in confidence.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

restores the health and spirits and removes those painful symptoms mentioned above. It has been sold by druggists for over 40 years, in fluid form, at $1.00 per pottle, giving general satisfaction. It can now be had in tablet form, as modified by R.V. Pierce, M.D.

Sold by Medicine Dealers or trial box by mail on receipt of 50c in stamps

Specific Blood Poison

Specific Blood Poison is the most insidious of all diseases. It begins usually by a tiny sore which is the only outward evidence of its presence. But down in the blood the treacherous poison is at work and in a short time its chain of symptoms begin to crop out. The mouth and throat ulcerate, skin eruptions break out, sores and ulcers appear on the body, the glands in the groin swell, and sometimes the hair comes out. Mineral medicines cannot cure Specific Blood Poison; they only shut the disease up in the system to smolder and await an opportunity of breaking out afresh. The only possible way to cure the disease is to remove the germs from the blood. S. S. S. goes into the circulation and removes the last trace of the infectious virus, tones up the stomach, bowels, kidneys and all portions of the system, and thus makes a perfect and lasting cure. S. S. S. is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks; it does not contain a particle of mineral or other harmful drug. Thousands have cured themselves of Specific Blood Poison by the use of S.S.S. It will cure you if you will give it a trial. Special Home Treatment book and any medical advice free.

PURELY S.S.S VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Bell Telephone Bulletins

14—THE LONG DISTANCE SYSTEM

One of the most valuable features of the service, to our subscribers and to the public generally, is our connection with the extensive long distance lines of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company and other associated Bell Telephone Companies.

We own thousands of miles of long distance lines in the seven States in which we operate, and in addition can connect any telephone in our sytem with lines extending to any other city in which a Bell Telephone system is operated.

These long distance lines are of the most modern and improved construction and are maintained at a high state of efficiency. The Bell Companies, operating in various sections of the country, are uniform in their equipment and in their methods of operating.

Only by reason of this close traffic arrangement between the Bell Telephone Companies is it possible to go to a Bell Telephone almost anywhere, ask for "Long Distance" and be put in communication with almost any point in the country.

This vast network of wires, radiating throughout the nation, is used daily in commerce and for social purposes by the banker, the farmer, and citizens in all walks of life, and our plant here is an important link in this great chain.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

THE ATLANTIC INN

Convenient to the Traveling Public.

LARGE ROOMS & GOOD RESTAURANT SERVICE

Opposite Union Depot — Gieschen Bros. Props.

EASY, CONVENIENT CREDIT TERMS

$1 A WEEK

Those New Coats

—The Johnny coat for women is one of the season's popular styles. The materials are widely assorted, including chinchillas, boucles, diagonal mixtures and astrachans. The length varies from 45 in. to 50 in., and the prices range from $12 to $30.

Let us show you the new tailored suits, trimmed millinery, waists, dresses and other fall styles.

—$1.00 a week will buy your complete outfit.

New Styles For Men

—Any price from $12 to $30 buys a hand-tailored, fully-guaranteed, perfect-fitting suit or overcoat for any man.

—Our deferred-payment plan is ready to serve you without the slightest extra charge, and we'll give you one of the best clothing values that you've ever had.

FARLEY & CO.

116 Market Street

"THE WHITEST PAINT MADE"

"TENACITY"

Used by those who Know Good Paint and Demand the BEST

The White That NEVER Turns Yellow. Manufactured and Guaranteed by

Atlantic Paint and Varnish Works

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ARCHITECT

17-22-23 Carroll Building

H. DeW. RAPALJE

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

Room 511 Southern Building.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

NEW SOUTHERN ENTERPRISES

Big Power Development in West Virginia—Products of Forests and Mines in South—Agricultural Activities Noted.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, Oct. 26.—Among the many Southern industrial and other developmental enterprises reported in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Virginia Power Co., Charleston, W. Va., recently reported incorporated, is capitalized at $25,000,000, and is being financed in New York. It will construct an auxiliary steam power station on Great Kanawha river, at coal mines, 12 miles from Charleston, to develop 15,000 kilo-watts. It further plans to provide for building about 200 miles of transmission lines for furnishing electricity throughout the Kanawha and New River district to coal operators, it being estimated that more than 100,000 horse power is required. Company has begun constructing a 1,400- by 125-foot dam at Bull Shoal, where 100,000 kilo-watts are available, and will develop three other water powers. These three are at Bluestone, with 125,000 kilo-watts available; Richmond, with 15,000 kilo-watts available, and Gauley Junction, with 30,000 kilo-watts available; construction has begun at Cabin Creek and Bull Shoal. Charles O. Lenz, of New York, is the company's chief engineer.

Louisiana Interstate Mineral Co., Laurel, Miss., recently incorporated with $3,000,000 capital stock, has organized to develop 15,000 acres of land in Smith and Jasper counties; will mine marl, limestone, etc., quarry bluestone, manufacture fertilizer, construct hydro-electric plant developing 10,000 horsepower; build railway connecting Natchez and Meridian, etc.

Louisiana Forest Products Co., Bogalusa, La., will construct buildings for plant to manufacture rosin, charcoal, tar and turpentine, from waste product of timber land; buildings to be of brick, steel, concrete, etc.; the plant will include water works, sprinkler system, electric light plant, etc.; total cost, $250,000.

Edwin M. Knowles China Co., East Liverpool, Ohio, and Chester, W. Va., increased capital stock to $500,000, and will build plant at Newell, W. Va.; will erect 700 by 285 foot building, with 15 ware kilns and 12 decorating kilns, of fireproof construction, etc.; will operate by electric power; cost, $250,000.

Homer Laughlin China Co., East Liverpool, Ohio, will build additional plant at Newell, W. Va.; proposes 15-kiln pottery for chinaware, requiring 1- and 2-story, 600- by 300-foot building, costing about $200,000, and machinery costing about $50,000.

Bienvenu Lumber & Manufacturing Co., Baton Rouge, La., will build plant costing $50,000, and requiring three buildings 150 by 33 feet, of fireproof construction; will install machinery for daily capacity of 50,000 feet of timber.

Tobacco Products Corporation, of Richmond, Va., was chartered with $10,000,000 capital stock, to manufacture cigarettes.

Town Creek Alfalfa Co., West Point, Miss., was incorporated with $1,000,000 capital stock, to cultivate alfalfa in Clay county.

Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railway, Brownwood, Tex., will construct freight yard and terminal system costing $520,000, to include shops, engine house, power plant, water works, concrete subway, etc.

Jupiter Fruit Farms Co., Jupiter, Fla., was incorporated with $400,000 capital stock, to develop fruit land.

National Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co. Boyles, Ala., will be organized to build plant, reported to cost $250,000, for manufacturing pipe for water, gas, etc.

International Agricultural Corporation, New York and Atlanta, purchased 15 acres of land at Tifton, Ga., and will build acidulating and fertilizer plant; main building, 160 by 340 feet, costing $100,000; shipping capacity for first season will be 1,000 carloads.

Ackels & Perkins Lumber Co., Charleston, W. Va., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock, to manufacture lumber.

Texas Cotton Mill Co., McKinney, Tex., awarded contract for additional building construction providing space for about 5,000 spindles and 160 looms, which will be added to about double present equipment; probable expenditure, $100,000.

Western Kentucky Mausoleum Co., Paducah, Ky., incorporated with $150,000 capital stock, to construct mausoleum containing 300 crypts.

Williams Consolidated Slate Co., Snowden, Va., was incorporated with $150,000 capital stock, to develop slate property.

Anderson Lumber Co., Waycross, Ga., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock, to manufacture lumber.

Red Shale Brick Co., Asheville, N. C., was incorporated, with $25,000 capital stock, to manufacture bricks.

Carter Candy Co., Tampa, Fla., was incorporated, with $20,000 capital stock, to manufacture candy.

Southern Hardwood Lumber Co., Richmond, Va., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock, to manufacture lumber.

Cespe-Kanawha Coal Co., Breamo, W. Va., recently incorporated with $50,000 capital stock, acquired existing plant with 1,000 tons daily capacity, and will increase to 2,500 tons.

Manchester Coal and Coke Co., Manchester, Ky., was incorporated with $[illegible]0 capital stock.

[illegible]erty Orchards Co., Brookneal, Va., recently incorporated, with $50,000 capital stock, will develop 400 acres of land for apple and other fruit growing; will install cannery and cold storage system.

Terminal Freezing and Heating Co., Baltimore, Md., will build cold storage warehouse of fireproof construction, six stories and basement, costing $35,000.

R. E. Wood Lumber Co., Fontana, N. C., will build saw mill with daily capacity of 35,000 feet of lumber.

Southmere Farms & Fruit Co., Philadelphia, Pa., recently incorporated with $500,000 capital stock, will develop 35,000 acres of truck and fruit land in Brevard county, Fla.

Chucky River Hydro-Electric Co., Limestone, Tenn., was incorporated with $25,000 capital stock to construct hydro-electric plant on Nolachucky river.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

(Advertisement.)

VENTILATE, DON'T HIBERNATE.

Cold Weather and How Best to Take Care of One's Self.

Cool weather is here. Cold weather is coming. The advent of cold weather always marks the rise in the pneumonia death rate. It also marks a general increase in the number of cases of the contagious diseases—measles, scarlet fever, diphtheria, colds, etc. Why? Because from now on people begin to close their doors and windows, and stagnant air diseases get in their work. When people are closely bound in, in poorly ventilated rooms, the foul air lowers our vitality, and this, together with close association, makes disease transmission easy. What is the remedy? It is easy enough to locate the remedy. The remedy is simply a continuation of the first-calss ventilation we have been having out in the open air all Summer long. But how can we get it in the Winter? In Winter we have to live in houses, to be sure, but we don't have to sacrifice all our fresh air, however. Here are two valuable suggestions for increasing the fresh air in our houses:

If stoves are used, a jacket or shield of galvanized iron or some other metal should surround the stove. An opening in the floor will admit air which will pass up around the stove and out at the top of the shield, thus furnishing a lot of warm, fresh air. This is better than window ventilation, as the fresh air is heated as it enters the room.

But if your room has no stove it surely has windows, and if it has, here is a still simpler method of getting fresh air. On the bottom of the window sill, on the inside of the room, place a thin board six or eight inches wide and as long as the window is wide; fasten this board up on edge on the window sill, as near the inside of the window jamb, and as far back from the window itself as possible; then raise the window six or eight inches. The incoming cool aid will strike against the board and be deflected upward, and no "cold drafts" will be noticed. The only objection to this method of getting a little of the much needed fresh air is that it shuts off some light. To overcome this, get a piece of heavy glass and use it in place of this board. If desired, the glass or board may be placed with the top edge inclined toward the inside of the room. This works better than by having it set straight up. At any event, do something. Get fresh air at any price, even if you have to break a window or two.

MORE RIOTING FEARED.

Havana is Quiet—Undercurrent of Excitement Strong.

Havana, October 25.—Havana is quiet tonight, but there is a strong undercurrent of excitement and dread of a repetition of the bloody scenes of last night, when a brisk battle between Conservatives and Liberals took place in Central Park, at the close of a meeting held by political supporters of Alfredo Reyes, a candidate for the Presidency.

The cavalry guard was withdrawn from Central Park today, and replaced by a strong force of police, who are not permitting any gatherings in groups.

The partisan newspapers are indulging in furious recrimin tions and threats, and both sides are declaring it to be their determination to appeal to force, if their rights are not protected. Each is alleging that favoritism is being shown their opponents by the government.

At a conference this afternoon in the Department of the Interior, at which representatives of the Conservatives and Liberals were present, charges were made that Chief of Police Aguirro actively assisted the Zayastas last night. Colonel Orestes Ferrara, speaker of the House of Representatives, is reported to have told President Gomez that unless the government gives immediate guarantees of the absolute impartiality of the police and rural guards, all hope of holding the Presidential election must be abandoned.

As a result of these representations, Colonel Pepol, an officer of the regular army, and a man of excellent reputation, has been ordered to supreme command of the police in Havana, and other army officers have been given charge of them in the various towns where trouble is threatened.

About a score of persons who were wounded in last night's battle remain in the hospital. Two of the wounded died today. The others are expected to recover.

There was a small riot this afternoon at a meeting of Liberal university students, during which one negro was fatally shot.

HELP YOUR COMMUNITY

A Newspaper Should Boost Its Town With Every Issue

(From Manufacturers' Record).

There are many papers in the South that strive valiantly and without ceasing for the upbuilding of their towns and sections, and their influence has been mighty in the progress of those towns and sections. But there are others that can recognize no other mission for a newspaper than the varied discussion of profitless political questions, the publication of crimes, or the senseless repetition of neighborhood gossip far better left to the oblivion of silence. Prosperous newspapers are published in prosperous towns, and their prosperity is often interdependent—the newspaper helps the town and the town helps the newspaper. If those that have formed the habit of giving their space to politics and sensations would study the needs of their towns and aid in movements to supply them, they would find the business of newspaper making more profitable, more pleasant and in the long run, far more satisfactory.

There are so many communities in the South that need to be awakened to their own potentialities; there are so many opportunities for profitable enterprises that hardly anybody outside knows anything about what every newspaper in that section ought to trumpet them in every issue. To do less seems a neglect of duty. Let those who have not heretofore pursued that policy study industrial conditions and commercial possibilities in their communities so that they can discuss them clearly and intelligently and then make a rule that no issue of their papers shall go to press without one or more articles treating of such matters, and they will be surprised to find what interesting subjects they have been overlooking. They will also be surprised to find how readily their readers begin to appreciate the new departure, with what a spirit of enthusiasm they will immediately imbue the people generally, and how great amount of good that will follow the continuation of such efforts.

A newspaper ought to regard itself and be regarded by others as a business proposition, and not as a political one, and it ought to lay the foundation of its own business upon the broadest, most enduring basis by earnest efforts to build up the business of its community.

FARRELL'S BULLETIN.

Malcomson and Bauswein to Atlanta. Schultz to New York.

Auburn, N. Y., Oct. 24.—John H. Farrell, chairman of the National Board of Arbitration of the National Association of Baseball Leagues, today gave out the following releases by purchase:

Malcomson and Bauswein, by Charlotte to Atlanta; Schultz by Savannah to New York American League.

DENIES FIRING A SHOT

Lawrence Police Inspector Says He Used Black Jack During Riot

Salem, Mass., Oct. 23.—Police Inspector John J. Kelliher, of Lawrence, Mass., testified today in the case of Ettor, Giovannitti and Caruso, who are on trial for the murder of Anna Lopizzo, a victim of the textile strike riots, that he had been convinced the night of January 29th, last, the night the Lopizzo girl was killed, that the time had come for the police to draw their revolvers. In spite of his conviction, however, the inspector said, he did not draw his revolver and did not know of any policemen who fired a shot during the outbreak which resulted in the fatality.

Kelliher testified that the police had tried with their clubs to clear the streets of belligerent strikers and had been jeered and pelted with ice and other missles. Then he told of the fusilade of shots during which the girl was wounded. Kelliher said he drew a black jack then and brought it down upon the backs of excited mill workers.

The cross-examination of Kelliher led right up to the killing of Anna Lopizzo, the description of the firing of from 10 to 30 shots and the finding of a wounded girl in the street, but never once was the name of the victim mentioned in the testimony nor any testimony adduced concerning the actual shooting of the girl. None has been offered thus far in the trial.

Edward J. Griffin, another Lawrence policeman, corroborated the inspector's description of the riot. He too, denied that he fired a shot or drew a revolver.

Policeman Joe F. Devine testified that he had seen the defendant, Caruso many times during the strike, but "never saw him do anything out of the way."

It is said that hard work is the secret of success, and it's up to somebody to give us the secret of hard work.

ENDORSE TAFT'S PLAN

Seven Governors Favorably Impressed With Co-operative Banks Scheme

Beverly, Mass., Oct. 22.—President Taft's plan for co-operative banks for the American farmer has been endorsed by seven Governors. Ten letters from State executives discussing the plan have been received here. Governor Baldwin, of Connecticut, is the only Governor to express disapproval. Two letters were received from secretaries to Governors.

The Governors who approved the President's idea are Eberhardt, of Minnesota; Pothier, of Rhode Island; Foss, of Massachusetts; Vessey, of South Dakota, and Mann, of Virginia.

The President in his letters to the Governors said the co-operative credits for farmers at interest rates equal to those paid by capital was one for the States to take up and suggested that the Governors in their conference at Richmond, Va., early in December discuss the matter. All the executives who replied favorably said they would be glad to consider the matter.

The President will leave Beverly early tomorrow for Poland Springs, Maine, on the last motor trip of his vacation in the North. He will spend three days on the trip.

Columbia, S. C., Oct. 23.—Three joint conferences called by the executive committee of the Columbia Chamber of Commerce between the Columbia street railway and its conductors and motormen on strike, failed to produce any tangible change in the traction tie-up today. The city was without car service again today.

At the conclusion of his address Rev. Theodore Roosevelt, D. D., said: "While the audience sings 'Onward, Christian Soldiers,' the ushers will pass the hat for the purpose of converting the unconverted Democrats and Republicans."

The only available air from dark till sunrise is night air. Breathe it.

STOMALIX

DR. SAIZ de CARLOS

Restores the Digestive Functions to robust health, giving these organs the capacity to do their work without further aid.

Physicians throughout Europe and other countries have found it most valuable in giving prompt relief from all severe and obstinate Diseases of the

Stomach and Intestines

STOMALIX PERMANENTLY CURES

Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Ulcerated Stomach, Catarrh of the Bowels, Dysentery, Gastric Pain, Heartburn, Vomiting, Loss of Appetite.

It is a Wonder Worker for the Stomach. Equally Effective for Child and Adult.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, OR

E. FOUCERA & CO., Inc. (Agents U. S.) 90 Beekman St., New York

WARRANTS ISSUED

By the Council of the City of Wilmington, for the Month of September, 1912.

315	D. Quinlivan	Shoeing Teams	$ 44.25
316	Thos. B. Carroll	Veterinary Service	11.00
317	City Livery Co	Repairs, Harness, Etc	16.90
318	Standard Supply Co.	Rep'rs Mach'y, Pipe, Etc	113.37
319	Ed. Swann	Masonry	28.00
320	E. R. Austin	Grading	390.70
321	Chas. H. White	Pay Roll	898.04
322	C. H. Nixon	Injury to Horse	16.00
323	McGuire Construction Co	Paving—Fourth St	13,303.23
324	Chas. H. White	Pay Roll	3,166.63
325	F. A. Lord	Insurance	2.70
326	Evening Dispatch	Printing	30.50
327	Wil. Iron Works	Repairs, Fire Boat	147.93
328	Western Union Co	Telegrams	1.98
329	Atlantic Paint & Var. Co	Paint	.80
330	Orrell Livery Co	Team Hire	3.50
331	Jno. H. Whiteman	Hauling Brick	20.80
332	Kidder Lumber Co	Rent	25.00
333	Chas H. White	Pay Roll	843.46
334	T. W. Callihan	Deep Well	118.00
335	Chas. H. White	Pay Roll	912.19
336	Chas. Schnibben	Expenses to Denver	125.00
337	Frank George	Exp.—Search for Criminal	13.30
338	Jno. H. Whiteman	Hauling Brick	12.48
339	Chas. H. White	Sundries	28.14
340	Southern National Bank	Loan Repaid	40,000.00
341	Wilmington Sewerage Co	Use of Sewer	50.00
342	Curtis & Allen	Auditing	50.00
343	American National Bank	Interest	50.00
344	Murchison National Bank	Interest	100.00
345	Chas. H. White	Pay Roll	5,676.98
346	Wil. Sewerage Co	Sewer Rent	31.00
347	H. E. Longley	Work on Boiler	48.30
348	Chas. H. White	Pay Roll	922.84
349	James Walker Mem. Hospital	Appro. for September	500.00
350	A. David Co	Police Uniforms	117.98
351	C. W. Yates & Co	Stationery	7.70
352	Hopkins & Davis	Tanks	20.00
353	Harriss, Forbes & Co	Brokerage	11.25
354	P. Blackistons & Co	Books	46.75
355	Wilmington Star Co	Advertising	13.12
356	Tar Heel Co	Book for Library	2.50
357	Southern Clay Mfg. Co	Paving Brick	885.00
358	Jackson & Bell Co	Printing	6.30
359	Thos. Loftin	Nursing Smallpox	2.75
360	Geo. W. Allen	Street Paving	270.63
361	Southern Paving & Cons. Co.	Paving Street—Chestnut	2,077.20
362	Murchison National Bank	Interest	100.00
363	Edward Hilles & Co	Supplies—W. & S.	300.26
364	Columbian Iron Works	Supplies—W. & S.	4.00
365	Hayes Mfg. Co	Supplies—W. & S.	153.69
366	H. Mueller Mfg. Co	Supplies—W. & S.	75.96
367	Garlock Pkg Co	Supplies—W. & S.	39.50
368	Harrison Bros. & Co	Supplies—W. & S.	343.01
369	Gem Fire Extinguisher Co	Supplies—W. &	30.16
370	Jos. H. Watters	Matches	4.75
371	Solomon Shoe Co	Boots	4.75
372	E. R. Austin	Hire of Mules	50.00
373	J. D. Taliaferro	Hire of Mules	117.00
374	Jarman & Mintz	Medicines	13.93
375	Sou. Bell Tel. Co	Use of Telephones	47.03
376	Tidewater Power Co	Lighting	1,561.98
377	Postal Tel. Co	Telegrams	3.79
378	Hyman Supply Co	Repairs—Machinery	25.78
379	Peck & Holloway	Supplies	11.65
380	Central Ice Co	Ice	20.00
381	D. L. T. Capps	Repairs—Plumbing	6.50
382	Cape Fear Oil Co	Oil	24.92
383	Hanover Iron Works	Repairs—Heating Plant	25.85
384	Prease Bros. Co	Repair Work	2.00
385	Schloss-Bear-Davis & Co.	Wagon and Hire of Teams	112.50
386	Wm. E. Springer & Co	Supplies	26.02
387	Wynnewood Lumber Co	Lumber	15.51
388	L. A. Bilbro	Harness and Repairs	14.70
389	Evening Dispatch	Printing	2.00
390	S. E. Hayward & Co	Supplies—Fire Dept	31.70
391	Sam'l Bear & Sons	Supplies—Fire Dept	46.00
392	Wilmington Grocery Co	Supplies—Fire Dept	2.50
393	Chadbourn Lumber Co	Lumber	80.53
394	Thos. Quinlivan & Son	Shoeing Teams	67.90
395	D. Quinlivan	Shoeing Teams	44.25
396	Wil. Stamp & Pringting Co	Printing	31.50
397	N. Jacobi Hardware Co	Supplies	7.30
398	Wilmington Iron Works	Manhole Covers, Etc	83.25
399	J. T. Brown	Repairs—Wagons	51.35
400	Springer Coal Co	Coal—W. & S. and F. Dept.	527.58
401	W. B. Thorpe & Co	Cement, Brick, Etc	33.12
402	Cape Fear Machine Works	Repairs—Machinery	54.62
403	J. S. McEachern's Sons	Feed for Teams	5.92
404	Thos. B. Carroll	Veterinary Service	8.50
405	B. F. Mitchell Co	Feed for Teams	341.79
406	S. P. Cowan	Water Analysis	16.00
407	W. R. Dosher & Co	Plumbing Repairs	1.35
408	G. J. Badger	Supplies—W. & S. Dept.	79.64
	Total		$76,001.64
	Previously reported		242,309.21
	Total to date		$318,311.21

Published by Order of the Council.

THOS. D. MEARES, City Treasurer.

RED CROSS SANITARY FELT MATTRESS

SUN-CLEANED AND SANITARY

EIGHT THICK LAYERS OF PURE, WHITE FELT

thoroughly Cleansed and Sanitized are used to build the famous RED CROSS MATTRESS—the mattress with a guarantee. Imperial stitched border, **BUILT TO STAND.** The best materials, carefully selected by experts, the most improved machinery, a factory where cleanliness and fresh air abound, skillful workmen who know the importance of every detail, all combine to make the RED CROSS MATTRESS a mattress that is superior to any other mattress on the market. We can tell you of all its advantages, and your dealer can show them to you. But we do not stop here; we are willing to have you

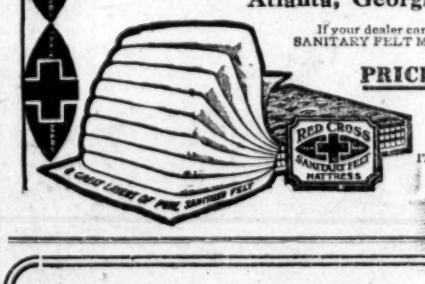
Give it a Thorough Test at Our Expense

Sleep on it Sixty Nights, try it thoroughly, look for defects, then if you are not satisfied that it is the best mattress that you ever slept on, return it to your dealer, who will refund your money, thus putting you to no expense whatever.

Thousands of RED CROSS MATTRESSES are sold every year, and every one has our unqualified guarantee behind it.

Southern Spring Bed Co.,

Atlanta, Georgia.



If your dealer cannot show you a RED CROSS SANITARY FELT MATTRESS, write to us.

PRICE $15

LOOK FOR THE LABEL IT'S FOR YOUR PROTECTION

FOR SALE BY W. MUNROE & CO.

The Latest

By express each day we are receiving shipments of Ladies' Coat Suits and Dresses. Most of them are not 24 hours from the hands of the Tailors, thereby giving us the freshest stock and the very latest styles to offer you.

A BARGAIN JEWEL.

You have never seen anything to equal it. Beautiful Tailored Whipcord Suits that will cost you $10.00 anywhere else, will be sold by us this week for **$5.98**

Big assortment of wide wale Serges and Whipcords in every shade and style, and our cash prices make them 25% lower than you can find them elsewhere.

New Line of JOHNNIE Cloaks in all shades.

New Dresses in Whipcord and Serge; excellent quality, splendid material; Rare Bargains at **$7.98**

Norfolk Coats; only thing for Misses; only **$5.00**

Fresh display of New Silk Beavers and Velvet Hats, for this week.

You will find the quality and price of our Underwear most satisfactory.

New FURS have just come in. Come and get yours before they are picked over.

If you want a Corset, Gaylord's is the place to get it.

New Rugs, New Art Squares and New Druggets 25% cheaper than you have ever been able to purchase for before.

Men's and Boys' Suits and Winter Underwear.

Boys' Suits and Furnishings a Specialty.

McKINLY MUSIC, 10c EACH.

210, 212, 214 NORTH FRONT STREET.

REMOVAL!

We take pleasure in announcing to our Friends and the Public that we have moved to No. 24 North Front Street—store formerly occupied by Mr. R. F. Hamme, the Hatter. It is next to the Southern Hotel, between Market and Princess Streets.

We will be pleased to have you call and let us show you the most up-to-date line of Footery in the City.

Hewlett & Price